

R I D I N G T H E W A V E O F

WEB 3.0

CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Venkat Chary (IAS, Retd.)

Chairman, Non-Executive Director

Justice Deepak Verma (Retd.)

Independent Non-Executive Director

Mrs. Chitkala Zutshi (IAS, Retd.)

Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Suresh Salvi (IAS, Retd.)

Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar

Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Sunil Shah

Non-Executive Director

Mr. Devender Singh Rawat

Non-Executive Director

Mr. Satyananda Mishra (IAS, Retd.)*

Govt. Nominee Director

Dr. Malini Vijay Shankar (IAS, Retd.)*

Govt. Nominee Director

Mr. Parveen Kumar Gupta*

Govt. Nominee Director

Mr. S. Rajendran

Managing Director & CEO

Mr. Devendra Agrawal

Whole-time Director & CFO

*Appointment of Nominee Directors by Ministry of Corporate Affairs has been stayed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court vide its order dated 9th March 2022.

REGISTERED OFFICE

63 Moons Technologies Limited

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info@63moons.com

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AUDITORS

Sharp & Tannan Associates

Chartered Accountants

SHARE TRANSFER AGENTS

KFin Technologies Limited

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Financial District, Nanakramguda, Serilingampally,
Hyderabad – 500 032, Telangana, India.

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BANKERS

Axis Bank Limited

HDFC Bank Limited

Union Bank of India

Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited

ICICI Bank Limited

Deutsche Bank AG

Standard Chartered Bank

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Riding the Wave of Web 3.0

“If you are not paying for the product, then you are the product.”

This quote from Daniel Hovermann in the Netflix documentary, *The Social Dilemma*, encapsulates the nefarious marketing strategies of social media platforms (Facebook, Instagram, LinkedIn, Google, etc.), which sell our digital data to advertisers. By astutely capitalizing on our online behavior, advertisers subtly infiltrate our minds and trigger a gradual, imperceptible change in our perception towards a product or service. This is precisely what makes Web 2.0 a seller-centric technology instead of being consumer-centric.

With the advent of Web 3.0, machine-based comprehension of information will decentralize networks to ensure that consumers always have control over their digital data. It allows users to greatly personalize their online browsing experience by recognizing preferences, and larger businesses will no longer have complete control over the internet. As a result, decentralized apps, also known as dApps, cannot be filtered or limited in any way. Web 3.0 is also beneficial for sellers as they can comprehend buying behavior using artificial intelligence and thereby push relevant adverts to the consumers.

Considering your Company's history of embracing disruptive technology and spearheading change in the digital realm, **63 moons technologies limited** is poised to chart a new territory by engaging with the new-age technologies of Web 3.0 and offering innovative cutting-edge solutions to its ever-growing wide consumer base. With a track-record of being a leader in every digital market that your Company has forayed into, 63 moons endeavours to be a pioneering-force in Web 3.0 as well through its brand 3.0 Verse in one of our subsidiaries, TickerPlant Limited, which will employ the technologies of Blockchain, Metaverse, and Digital Assets.

3.0 Verse is a global super app, which offers a full suite of real-time market prices and insights, news, knowledge, awareness information, and data platform for blockchain and digital assets. It will enjoy the rare distinction of going beyond exchanges to render comprehensive, unbiased information to empower participants.

Under the umbrella of 3.0 Verse are three verticals: 3.0 University – a digital university that caters to all: from primary learners to PhD-holders and provides super-specialized courses; 3.0 TV – a dedicated 24x7 digital assets and blockchain YouTube channel and smart mobile IPTV, which provides in-depth analysis and awareness of global developments, trend reports, discussions, debates and guidance from international experts; and 3.0 Wire – a wire service with tools such as arbitrage opportunities identification, watchlist creation, lending and borrowing rates. It covers the complete global market universe of digital assets, blockchain, asset digitization and development.

While keeping our eyes ahead on the future roadmap, your Company has its feet firmly rooted in the ground from where it germinated. We continue to take massive strides in our core domain of financial technologies, and the soaring performance of our flagship product, **ODIN**, is testament to the credibility and reverence that 63 moons enjoys in the financial markets even after more than a quarter of a century. It is with this zeal and never-ending commitment to serve our customers to the best of our abilities, we foresee 3.0 Verse also winning the trust and hearts of our existing as well as new customers and propelling us to exponential growth in the times to come.

Letter From **CHAIRMAN'S DESK**

Globalization and urbanization have been transforming the landscape of our planet at a rapid pace, and with the leapfrogging giant strides in digital technology, boundaries are dissolving by the day. Because of this, the digital landscape has witnessed an unprecedented growth trajectory over a quarter of a century, and it is in this realm that your Company, **63 moons technologies limited**, has played a pivotal and pioneering role. By introducing digitization and technological innovations in the financial markets, we triggered a FinTech revolution in our first phase of growth through FTIL 1.0. In our second phase, FTIL 2.0, we created world-class financial markets across the globe that have become benchmarks of excellence in their respective categories.

Interestingly, the trajectory of your Company runs parallel to the evolution of the Internet. When FTIL 1.0 championed digital disruption in the financial markets during the late '90s, the Internet was taking the world by storm with its Web 1.0 avatar. And with the flourish of FTIL 2.0, the Internet too evolved into Web 2.0, which has been

dominating our lives for many years now. But now, the time has arrived for the next-stage of evolution in the domain of technology. The new-age innovations of Web 3.0 are knocking on the doors of Web 2.0, and the Internet is all set to leap into the next orbit with decentralized networks, wherein the users will have access to more control.

EMBRACING THE DIGITAL FUTURE

The centralized interface of social media platforms (Facebook, Instagram, LinkedIn, Google, YouTube, etc.) and online marketers will give way to the user-centric customizable solutions of Blockchain, Metaverse, and Digital Assets. Your Company, 63 moons, with its track-record of embracing and supporting futuristic technologies, foresees immense potential for business growth in the expansive multiverse of Web 3.0 through its subsidiary, TickerPlant Limited. Hence, we have decided to strategically align our subsequent phase of growth, 63 moons technologies (FTIL 3.0), with Web 3.0, and enter it with our brand, 3.0 Verse.

VENKAT CHARY

Chairman



THE WAY FORWARD

For 63 moons, the game-changing technologies of Web 3.0 holds the future, as your Company is a leader in robust technologies and plans to leverage its technical prowess for integrating the trading of digital assets – another asset class of great potential that has already permeated the markets.

With this farsighted outlook in mind, 63 moons has equipped itself to face the challenges of the new digital world, and considering its glorious history of overcoming hurdles like a true champion, your Company is marching ahead with fresh zeal and enhanced vigor to reach the pinnacle yet again!

VENKAT CHARY

Chairman

63 moons technologies limited

Message From **MANAGING DIRECTOR & CEO**

DEAR SHAREHOLDERS,

As I write this message, I get the feeling that it's an annual ritual of reviewing the performance of your Company, and at the same time it gives me immense pleasure in revealing the opportunities for future development and the road ahead for your Company, **63 moons technologies limited**.

63 moons has been a pioneer in launching path-breaking and disruptive technologies for the financial markets, which have helped democratize the rich dividends for the partake holders. In its endeavour to innovate and propel its growth, your Company, through its subsidiary, TickerPlant Limited, is gearing up for the next-gen technological advancements that is embedded with Web 3.0 – Blockchain technology, Metaverse, Digital Assets, and so on. These advanced technologies are continuously evolving yet have enabled the applications with the use of machine learning and artificial intelligence and

they prove to be the catalysts for developing more adaptive applications in the fields of digital markets.

This wave of digital technology and its allied ecosystem have been displaying remarkable strength in creating economic value, technological upliftment of the masses, thereby empowering the users to reap the benefits emanating from these newer fields. Your Company is poised to become the epicentre of the Blockchain universe by imparting knowledge, research, training, awareness, information and data.

Your Company looks forward to this upcoming field of digital technologies to help and serve the customer base more efficiently and effectively.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS VERTICALS

Your Company's range of advanced, robust and resilient technologies supporting seamless transactions in the financial markets have stood

S. RAJENDRAN

Managing Director & CEO



tall in the times of crisis. During the year, your Company took various measures to upgrade and enhance the range of technology solutions, so as to garner a sizeable market share in the already competitive environment.

BROKERAGE TECHNOLOGY SOLUTIONS

Among its business verticals, your Company's advanced suite of high-tech brokerage trading solutions (BTS) namely, **ODIN**, has remained in the front among its peers with a significant market share and it witnessed a healthy growth in its business during the year under review.

The BTS business continued with incorporating several enhancements and innovations to its core product suite. The transformations being done to the core product range will pave the way for higher customer retention and long-term association for deriving mutual benefit. Despite, severe environmental headwinds, the BTS range of product is continuing to grow its market share.

Your Company will continue to innovate and transform all core engines to maintain its leadership position in the market and expects these transformations to be significant revenue drivers in the coming years.

EXCHANGE TECHNOLOGY SOLUTIONS

Exchange Technology division of your Company takes pride in serving India's next-gen exchanges such as Multi Commodity Exchange of India Limited (MCX) – the largest commodities exchange and, Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Ltd. (MSEI) – India's newest stock exchange.

As informed in the previous year's Annual Report, the contract with MCX is due to end on September 30, 2022.

This has been noted by 63 moons and accordingly, your Company is already exploring alternate avenues to put to use the rich talent and skilful resources of this division.

RISK SOLUTIONS

Your Company's other business division – Risk Solutions, was successful in completing the first two phases of its cloud-ready products on Enterprise Data Flow Management for an Indian regulator, that commenced during the year.

The division is also in the process of revamping its existing products through the adoption of latest application programming environment. All these efforts in the direction of restructuring would help the division to explore a bigger market comprising smaller banks including cooperative banks, too.

With a focus to enhance the saleability of its services significantly, the division is planning a technology upgrade.

THE ROAD AHEAD

With the ever-widening horizon of the evolving digital technology and the need for bringing the technological advancements in the day-to-day lives of the masses, your Company has strategically floated a new venture into this field through its subsidiary. This new venture is totally geared up to further improve the scope for business growth. Your Company believes that the new venture would enhance the efficiency by introducing the value-embedded technological applications for financial markets of tomorrow.

Your Company is gung-ho in imbibing the newer and advanced technologies in its areas of business and commits itself to value creation for its shareholders and stakeholders.



S. RAJENDRAN

Managing Director & CEO

63 moons technologies limited

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

VENKAT CHARY (IAS, RETD.)

Chairman - Non-Executive Director

Mr. Venkat Chary is the Chairman, Non-Executive Director of 63 moons technologies limited (the Company). He was appointed as Non-Executive Director w.e.f. 23rd September 2021 after completion of his second term as Independent Director of the Company. He was the FMC approved Independent Director and Chairman, Multi Commodity Exchange (MCX), India's No.1 commodity futures Exchange and the very first Exchange in India to be listed on a stock exchange. He was the first Chairman, Indian Energy Exchange (IEX), India's 1st power Exchange with 97% market share, Chairman, Bourse Africa, Mauritius, Africa's first multi-asset Exchange (Mauritius being a country where both English and French are languages of habitual use), and former Member, Advisory Board, Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Limited (formerly MCX-SX).

Earlier, he was a member of the Indian Administrative Service (IAS). While in the IAS, he was the Secretary, Maharashtra State Electricity Board, General Manager, Bombay Electric Supply & Transport Undertaking (BEST), Divisional Commissioner (Bombay and Konkan), Municipal Commissioner, Greater Mumbai Municipal Corporation, Joint Secretary & Industries Commissioner, Maharashtra, Secretary to the Chief Minister of Maharashtra, Finance Secretary, Planning Secretary, Home Secretary and officiating Chief Secretary of Government of Maharashtra, in Mumbai. He was Chairman, Forward Markets Commission, the country's commodity regulator, and Deputy Director of the prestigious Lal Bahadur Shastri National Academy of Administration, Mussoorie, Government of India, and post-retirement, Member, Maharashtra Electricity Regulatory Commission, the State's electricity regulator. During his career in the IAS, Mr. Chary has also been Chairman, Vice-Chairman, MD and CEO, and Government director on as many as 15 Central and State Government public sector companies.

While working with the Government of India, Cabinet Secretariat, in New Delhi, Mr. Chary was deputed in 1972 for doing a post-graduate Diploma in Economics and Finance at the 'Ecole National d'Administration' or ENA, the elite training institution for French senior civil servants. In 1978-79, he did another specialized course on International Economic Relations at the same institution.

Mr. Chary is a Governor's nominee on the Indian Red Cross Society (Maharashtra Chapter), is Member of the Advisory Board of 'One India One People Foundation' (the Foundation brings out a niche monthly magazine and conducts constructive activities for school students), and is Member of the Directing Committee for the grant of the prestigious Jamnalal Bajaj Awards. He is past-president Indo-French Technical Association, consisting of engineers, scientists (including nuclear scientists), finance experts, etc., who have either studied or worked in France.

Mr. Chary also has a law degree and he practices law as an Advocate in the Bombay High Court. He is empanelled with the Indo-French Centre for Mediation and Arbitration, Lyon, France, and can mediate in disputes between Indian and French Companies.

JUSTICE DEEPAK VERMA (RETD.)

Independent Non-Executive Director

Justice Deepak Verma is an Arts Graduate with a B.A. from St. Aloysius College, Jabalpur. He completed L.L.B. from Jabalpur University. He is a former Judge of the Supreme Court of India. Justice Verma has four decades of rich experience in various judicial positions. He held senior positions including, Judge of the Supreme Court of India, Chief Justice of the Rajasthan High Court, Judge of the High Court of Madhya Pradesh, Judge of the Karnataka High Court, Bangalore.

Mr. Verma was additionally appointed as Welfare Commissioner, Bhopal Gas Victims, to disburse the amount of compensation to the Gas Victims of Bhopal. Almost all the victims have been awarded compensation during his tenure except for those who were not traceable despite notices.

CHITKALA ZUTSHI (IAS, RETD.)

Independent Non-Executive Director

Ms. Zutshi is a post graduate in Sociology from the University of Rajasthan. She retired from the Indian Administrative Services (IAS) with four decades of experience in diverse fields.

She held various posts with the Government of India and the Government of Maharashtra including Additional Chief Secretary, Home Department, Government of Maharashtra; Principal Secretary, Finance Department, Government of Maharashtra; Projects Chief with the Ministry of Textiles, Government of India; Member of the Maharashtra Water Resources Regulatory Authority, a Statutory Body. She has led Government delegations to the US, UK, Canada, Australia, France, Japan and about 40 other countries.

SURESH SALVI (IAS, RETD.)

Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Suresh Salvi is associated with the Company since October 2016 as Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director. To comply with the provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 w.r.t. number of Independent Directors on the Board, he was appointed as Independent Director w.e.f. 18th September 2021. Mr. Suresh Salvi is a Governance expert with more than 40 years of diverse experience of leading various Government and corporate organizations in matters of public policy, regulatory affairs, administration and project strategy. Mr. Salvi retired from Indian Administrative Services (IAS) with three decades of rich experience. Held senior posts including, Secretary to Government, Municipal Commissioner, Managing Director & CEO, District Collector among others with the Government of Maharashtra.

Mr. Salvi's corporate experience include as President at NMSEZ & MSEZ (Reliance Group SEZ Project) where he led teams on land and land related legal & regulatory issues, rehabilitation, community development & CSR. He also worked with NGOs of repute in relation to tackling health, education & skill upgradation of various groups in weaker section communities. Mr. Salvi was also Consultant to TCS regarding implementation and execution of Software Development Project for GOI's NREGS Act.

KANEKAL CHANDRASEKHAR

Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar is associated with the Company since September 2017 as Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director. To comply with the provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 w.r.t. number of Independent Directors on the Board, he was appointed as Independent Director w.e.f. 18th September 2021. Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar is an accomplished and multifaceted professional with demonstrated capabilities in corporate planning and driving marketing strategy. With his vast experience of over three decades in the banking sector, Mr. Chandrasekhar has expertise in revenue maximization, resource management and financial as well as administrative operations in a competitive environment. He also has in-depth knowledge and practical exposure in various departments such as credit, treasury, foreign exchange, agriculture and general administration.

Mr. Chandrasekhar was associated with Union Bank of India for over 34 years and had held various positions including Chief Manager, General Manager and Field General Manager among others. He has also held directorships in companies such as CIBIL, NABARD and Ace Derivative and Commodity Exchange Limited. He is also a qualified Insolvency Professional.

SUNIL SHAH

Non-Executive Director

Mr. Sunil Shah is the Managing Director of Motivation Engineers and Infrastructure Pvt. Ltd. He serves as Chairman of Vibrant Motivation and Development Foundation (a Section 8 Company). Mr. Shah serves as Advisor to various Educational Institutions. He is also a Founder Chairman, All Gujarat Innovation Society, Mentor at Power of Idea IIM Ahmedabad and Times of India initiative since inception. Guest Speaker at Management Institution, Association and at various events both at National and International level. He was Vice President at Ahmedabad Management Association. He is currently Member Board of Management, Dr. Baba Saheb Ambedkar open University and Member of State Innovation Council. He is a IIMA Alumni.

DEVENDER SINGH RAWAT

Non-Executive Director

Mr. Devender S. Rawat, a Commerce Graduate with MA in Economics started his professional career with the country's regional apex Chamber PHD Chamber of Commerce & Industry in various capacities and as Senior Director served the PHD Chamber for 20 years. He moved to the oldest Apex Chamber ASSOCHAM and served as Assistant Secretary General for two years and thereafter became the CEO & The Secretary General and achieved the distinction of serving ASSOCHAM for the longest period of 14 years. During his tenure, ASSOCHAM service base increased from 400 to 4,50,000 units, established 10 national offices and 27 international offices. Its own Building known as ASSOCHAM Global Headquarters was set up in National Capital. He took voluntary retirement in September 2018.

Mr. Rawat was on Government Committees of various Ministries and public sectors such as ITPO, NSDC, S&T, GST, etc. Mr. Rawat has travelled globally and addressed various international forums such as UNDP, ILO, UNIDO, etc.

Mr. Rawat is currently associated as President of the CCI India Chamber, Vice Chairman of MSME Export Promotion Council, Chairman of Confederation of Organic Food Producers and Marketing Agencies of India and Vice Chairman of The Foundation for Millennium Sustainable Development Goals. He has brought out large number of studies and contributed in many publications. He has been interacting at the highest level nationally and internationally.

S. RAJENDRAN

Managing Director & CEO

Mr. S. Rajendran, is a post graduate in Commerce and a CAIIB, with over four decades of rich experience as a senior banking professional and multi-functional experience covering most areas of commercial banking and Enterprise-wise Risk Management in particular including guiding banks on moving to Advanced Approaches. He has extensive experience in Corporate Credit, Treasury and Investment Management, International Banking, Overseas Expansion, Skill Development and Training, Business Development, Branch banking set-up and operations and Customer Relationship Management, Internal controls, Regulatory Compliance and Audits and Training, Research and Knowledge Management. He had been MD & CEO of Technology Company for more than 4 years engaged in creation of Data Warehouse for Banking Industry.

DEVENDRA AGRAWAL

Whole-time Director & Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Devendra Agrawal, a Chartered Accountant by qualification with over 28 years of professional experience in finance, accounts, MIS and taxation. He has a rich experience of working with organizations such as Aditya Birla Group of Companies and Reliance Industries Limited in his past assignments spread over 12 years. He is associated with 63 moons technologies limited since 2006. Mr. Agrawal is a versatile personality with excellent managerial abilities and human approach.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

DIRECTORS' REPORT

To,

The Members,

Your Directors present the Thirty-fourth Annual Report of your Company together with the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

Financial Results Standalone and Consolidated

The financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the 2013 Act") read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and the relevant provisions of the 2013 Act, as applicable.

(₹ in lakhs, except per share data)

Particulars	Standalone		Consolidated	
	Current Year 2021-22	Previous Year 2020-21	Current Year 2021-22	Previous Year 2020-21
Total Income	21,108.71	23,076.88	22,986.50	25,160.09
Total Operating expenditure	20,947.63	20,150.02	27,689.78	24,384.87
EBITDA	161.08	2,926.86	-4,703.28	775.22
Finance costs	39.31	42.26	47.30	52.55
Depreciation / amortization	1,207.37	1,843.08	1,248.90	1,901.16
Profit / (Loss) before exceptional item and tax	-1,085.60	1,041.52	-5,999.48	-1,178.49
Exceptional Item	-5,208.28	-6,463.36	-1,375.41	-5,000.00
Profit / (Loss) before tax	-6,293.88	-5,421.84	-7,374.89	-6,178.49
Provision for taxation	-159.57	241.11	62.96	190.27
Profit after Tax / Net Profit for the year	-6,134.31	-5,662.95	-7,437.85	-6,368.76
Add: Net share of profit / (Loss) of associates	0.00	0.00	1,871.00	27.53
Add: Net minority interest in profit of subsidiaries	0.00	0.00	-249.51	-11.92
Profit after Tax / Net Profit for the year	-6,134.31	-5,662.95	-5,317.34	-6,329.31
Earnings per share				
Basic	-13.31	-12.29	-11.54	-13.74
Diluted	-13.31	-12.29	-11.54	-13.74

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND THE STATE OF COMPANY'S AFFAIRS

Standalone Financials

The total revenue from operations for the year ended March 31, 2022 was at ₹14,438.82 lakhs as compared to ₹ 14,408.15 lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2021.

For the year under review, your Company has reported profit before finance cost, depreciation, exceptional items and tax of ₹ 161.08 lakhs compared to profit of ₹ 2,926.86 lakhs in the previous year. Loss before tax was ₹ 6,293.88 lakhs compared to Loss of ₹ 5,421.84 lakhs in the previous year.

The net Loss after tax was ₹ 6,134.31 lakhs as compared to loss of ₹ 5,662.95 lakhs in the previous year.

Consolidated Financials

The consolidated Net Loss for the year ended March 31, 2022 was at ₹ 5,317.34 lakhs as against ₹ 6,329.31 lakhs in the previous year ended March 31, 2021. Shareholders' funds as at the year ended March 31, 2022 was at ₹ 307,724.30 lakhs as against ₹ 305,504.81 lakhs as at March 31, 2021. Shareholders' fund includes non-controlling interest of (₹1,917.97) lakhs as compared to (₹ 3,580.63) lakhs in previous year.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Section 136 of the Act, the financial statements of the Company, consolidated financial statements along with relevant documents and separate audited accounts in respect of subsidiaries, are available on the website of the Company. The Company continues to carry out activities as stated in the main object clause of its Memorandum of Association as there has been no change in the nature of its business.

BUSINESS OVERVIEW: FISCAL YEAR 2021-22

Your Company, with a proven track record of creating IT-driven innovations and building world class institutions over the last two decades, has been instrumental in making sure that the financial markets in India continue to operate uninterrupted and seamlessly without a single glitch.

During the year 2021-22, your Company has incorporated several enhancements to its range of product offerings. These enhanced features would help our range of solutions go a long way in creating a niche in the arena of Brokerage Trading Solutions and retain its leadership position in the market. With these innovative measures in the entire range of products / solutions, your Company is confident to retain its leadership position in the market.

Due to economic slowdown and liquidity crisis faced by the NBFC / HFC and in a major bank in 2018 as well as reduction in inflationary pressures, RBI has been reducing Bench mark interest rate periodically till March 2022, resulting in reduced yield on the investment portfolio of the Company. In view of attachment of major investments, Company is not able to undertake active treasury management to enhance the return. Due to NBFC / HFC crisis, some of the investments have turned to non-performing assets during 2018-19 / 2019-20 and hence these investments are not yielding any returns.

Brokerage Trading Solutions (BTS) Business

Business has seen a moderate growth in 2021-22. The slowdown in the growth and slight decline in profitability is due to the ongoing legal issues. Adverse rulings have severely dented STP Gate revenue. Unfavourable ruling in MPID case has impacted new client acquisition and business growth. We also continue to innovate and transform all our core engines to continue to maintain our leadership position. We expect these transformations to

be significant revenue drivers in the next fiscal, expecting appropriate favourable changes in the legal proceedings.

The Brokerage Technology Solutions business has continued with enhancements and innovations to its core product suite. The transformations being done to the core product suite will pave the way for higher customer stickiness. While we face severe environmental headwinds, we continue to persevere and maintain and grow our market share.

Exchange Technology Business

Exchange Technology division of your Company take pride in serving India's largest commodities exchange, Multi Commodity Exchange of India Limited (MCX) and to India's newest stock exchange, Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Ltd. (MSE). As informed in the previous year Annual Report, the contract with MCX is ending on 30 September, 2022. MCX intimated its intentions by serving notice to end services at the end of contract. There were bilateral discussions with MCX on way forward. MCX was also running RFP process for technology procurement. Your Company found it futile to compete with in RFP and also continue discussion on proposal submitted to the same company as there could be conflict and further the price discovery on our services is already known to MCX. Before conclusion of bilateral discussions, MCX awarded the contract to another vendor and unilaterally closed the discussion. This has been noted by your Company. Accordingly, your Company has started exploring alternate avenues to put to use the skills and resources, so as to ensure that all resources are put to optimal utilisation. Your Company is committed to value creation for its shareholders and would explore all opportunities for it.

Risk Solutions

During the FY22, the division successfully completed the first two phases of its project on enterprise data flow management for an Indian regulator, that commenced during the year. The division has also successfully completed the task of making its flagship Enterprise Data Flow management product cloud ready. One of its international clients is in the process of migrating this application to Amazon Web Service (AWS). The division is in the process of revamping its existing products through adoption of latest application programming environment. The division is also in the process of restructuring its risk management product into stand-alone applications for a narrowly demarcated business areas of financial enterprises. This will help the division to explore a bigger market comprising smaller banks including cooperative ones.

Risk Solution division had to cope with twin problem of manpower attrition in its core development team and subdued demand for non-core application software in the banking sector, the target industry of the division's

products. Despite these two headwinds, the division could retain its most valuable customers and generate new orders for enhancement to its installed application software.

The Division has started participating in International Tenders for its Operational Risk Product in association with a System Integrator having presence in emerging market economies. The Division is planning a technology upgrade of this product to enhance its sale ability, significantly.

New Vision

Your Company is looking ahead with great optimism for a bright future. The robust technology and beliefs in offering the clients unique products and services continue to drive the passion of your Company. The Company is exploring the new areas of business as per the vision of providing technology eco system to different business segments apart from Exchange related business. The robust technology embedded in the wide range of solutions and products offered by your Company makes it future-ready to meet the requirements of other emerging sectors.

As you are aware, your Company is competent and capable of creating disruptive business models as technology innovation partners which will enable to explore new options in the 12 industry verticals across various sectors including Space-tech to Agri-tech, from Robotics to IoT (Internet of Things) and SMAC (Social Media, Analytics and Cloud) by leveraging next-gen technologies. As we explore these new avenues, your Company is convinced and confident enough to accomplish and looking ahead, against all odds.

Legal matters

In a civil suit filed by L.J. Tanna Private Limited & Ors., the Hon'ble Bombay High Court passed an ad interim order dated September 30, 2015 inter alia restraining Company from distributing any dividend or depositing the same in the dividend distribution account in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956, pending the final hearing and disposal of the Notice of Motion. The matter is pending before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court. In compliance to the order, the Company has not distributed the final dividend to the shareholders pursuant to the directions of the Hon'ble Bombay High Court. The matter is pending for hearing.

The Union of India, through the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has filed the Company Petition before the Company Law Board, inter-alia seeking removal and supersession of the Board of Directors of the Company. The NCLT has as interim arrangement with consent formed a committee for certain matters. In Appeal, NCLT dismissed the prayer of MCA for removal and supersession of the entire Board of the Company and ordered MCA to nominate three directors on the board of the Company.

The NCLAT was pleased to uphold the NCLT Order. The Company has filed civil appeal before the Hon'ble Supreme Court challenging the orders passed by NCLAT & NCLT and the Hon'ble Supreme Court has granted stay on appointment of director on the Company's Board, and matter is pending for final hearing.

The Government of Maharashtra issued various Notifications under MPID Act attaching properties of the Company. The Company had filed the Writ Petitions before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court, challenging the validity of said Notifications. The Hon'ble Bombay High Court pleased to quash and set aside the said Notifications. In the Appeal filed before the Hon'ble Supreme Court against the order of Hon'ble Bombay High Court, the Hon'ble Supreme Court has set aside the High Court order and held that all the notifications issued under MPID Act are valid. It has thus adversely affected the cash flow of the Company in the current year. Appropriate steps are taken to get relief under various provisions of MPID Act. Modulus, USA has filed a case against the Company for alleged infringement of its Copyright. Company has denied the claims in its reply and written statement. Matter is pending before Hon'ble Bombay High Court.

The Directorate of Enforcement has attached properties of Company by issuing provisional attachment orders under the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002. The Adjudicating Authority under PMLA had confirmed the said provisional attachments. The Company filed appeal before Hon'ble Appellate Tribunal challenging said attachment. The Appellate Tribunal quashed the provisional attachment orders subject to conditions. Company has filed the appeal before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court for limited purposes challenging only the conditions mentioned in the impugned order of the Appellate Tribunal. The said appeal is pending for hearing. ED has also filed cross appeal, which is tagged with the Company's appeal. The matters are pending for hearing. Meanwhile, ED has filed a prosecution complaint before the Spl. PMLA Court, Mumbai against the Company and the same is pending for trial.

Except as stated above and for matters stated as "Explanation to the Qualifications in Auditor Report", no material changes and commitments have occurred after the close of the financial year till the date of this Report, which significantly affects the financial position of the Company.

Explanation to the Qualifications in Auditor Report

A. Audit Report on Standalone Financial Statements

The Management explanation for qualification made by the Statutory Auditors in their Independent Auditors Report dated May 27, 2022 on the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 is as under:

1) With respect to qualification A in Auditors Report, explanation of the Management is as under:

- i) The Company has investments of ₹ 20,000 lakhs (face value) in Secured Non-Convertible Debentures issued by IL&FS Transportation Networks Ltd (ITNL) (subsidiary of Infrastructure Leasing & Finance Ltd – IL&FS) which were rated “A” by the rating agencies and secured by way of charge on certain assets of ITNL. In earlier years, ITNL has defaulted in payment of interest and rating agencies have revised the credit ratings to the lowest category ‘D’ i.e. default. National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai (NCLT) has superseded the board of IL&FS and appointed Govt. nominees. Resolution process has been initiated under Companies Act under the supervision of National Company Law Appellate Tribunal (NCLAT), in addition to various investigations and legal proceedings. The Company has filed its claim and also taken various measures including filing legal cases against specified parties at appropriate forum. The outcomes of legal matters are pending. Since these matters are pending at various stage of adjudication and considering the uncertainties, the Company is unable to quantify the impact of these investments. The Company has impaired the investment for the expected credit loss by ₹ 7,500 lakhs till March 31, 2021. The Company has filed civil suit before Hon’ble Bombay High Court against the Promoter, directors, KMP of ITNL & others for compensation.
- ii) The Company has investments in 9% Yes Bank Perpetual Additional Tier I (AT-1) Bonds amounting to ₹ 30,000 Lakhs (face value) which was rated AA by the rating agencies. On 06.03.2020, the Central Government announced draft scheme of reconstruction of Yes Bank Ltd. (YBL), which inter alia included proposal for complete written down of AT-1 Bonds permanently. On March 13, 2020, the government notified the final scheme as YES Bank Reconstruction Scheme 2020. (“Final Reconstruction Scheme”). The Final Reconstruction Scheme had excluded the writing off AT-1 bonds and it carried clause that all contracts, deeds, bonds, etc., shall be effective to the extent and in the same manner, as was applicable before such commencement. However, on March 14, 2020, Yes Bank through Administrator informed the stock exchanges that the Perpetual Subordinated Basel III Compliant Additional Tier I Bonds issued by the Yes Bank for an amount of ₹ 8,415 crores need to be fully written down permanently and stand extinguished with immediate effect. Trustees of the issue and the Company have taken legal recourse to this action of the Yes bank. In the opinion of the Company, action of the Administrator of the Yes bank in writing down the bond is illegal and hopeful that the amount will be recovered fully once the matter is legally decided in appropriate courts.

2) With respect to qualification B in Auditors Report, explanation of the Management is as under:

- i) a) Post July-2013, civil suits have been filed against the Company in relation to the counter party payment default occurred on the exchange platform of NSEL, wherein the Company has been made a party. In these proceedings certain reliefs have been claimed against the Company, inter-alia, on the ground that the Company is the holding company of NSEL. These matters are pending before the Hon’ble Bombay High Court for adjudication. The Company has denied all the claims and contentions in its reply. There is no privity of contract between the Company and the Plaintiffs therein. The management is of the view that the parties who have filed the Civil Suits would not be able to sustain any claim against the Company. These matters are pending for hearing before the Hon’ble Bombay High Court.
- b) First Information Reports (FIRs) have been registered against various parties, including the Company, with the Economic Offences Wing, Mumbai (EOW) and Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI) in connection with the counter party payment default on NSEL trading platform. After investigation, EOW, Mumbai has presently filed various charge-sheets in the matter. The Company has been named in the charge sheet filed in December 2018. CBI has filed charge-sheets including against the Company for alleged loss caused to PEC Ltd. & MMTC Ltd on NSEL platform and the cases are pending for trial before respective Trial Courts.
- c) CBI - EOW, has registered an FIR alleging conspiracy between the private persons and SEBI official for granting renewal of stock exchange license to MCX Stock Exchange Ltd. by SEBI. Also, CBI-EOW, has registered FIR alleging that certain officials of FMC, SEBI and other for giving illegal benefits to Multi Commodity Exchange of India Ltd. (MCX) and allowing MCX trading as commodity exchange. The investigation in both cases is pending.
- d) The SFIO has filed complaint with the Hon’ble Sessions Court under various sections of IPC and Companies Act against several persons/entities including the Company. The Company has challenged the issuance of process order before the Hon’ble Bombay High Court and the proceedings in the matter has been stayed by the Hon’ble High Court. The matter is pending for hearing before Hon’ble Bombay High Court.
- ii) The Company had filed the Writ Petitions before the Bombay High Court challenging inter alia, the provisions of the MPID Act are violative of the Constitution and the validity of various notifications

and corrigendum attaching the assets of the Company under the provisions of the MPID Act. The Hon'ble Bombay High Court pleased to quash and set aside the said impugned Notifications. The State of Maharashtra and NIAG have challenged the said Judgement before Hon'ble Supreme Court. Hon'ble Supreme Court has set aside the High Court order and held that all the notifications issued under MPID Act are valid.

- iii) The Enforcement Directorate ('ED') has attached certain assets of the Company under the provisions of the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 (PMLA). The three Provisional Attachments Orders had been confirmed by the Adjudicating Authority. The Hon'ble Appellate Tribunal quashed the provisional attachment orders and imposed conditions with regard to the Company. The Company has filed the appeal before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court for the limited purpose for challenging the conditions put by the Hon'ble Appellate Tribunal. The Hon'ble Court was pleased to admit the appeal and clarified that the later part of the impugned order shall not govern the Company. ED has also filed cross appeal, which is tagged with the Company's appeal.

The matters are pending for hearing. Meanwhile, ED filed a prosecution complaint before the Spl. PMLA Court, Mumbai against the Company and the same is pending for trial.

B. Audit Report on Consolidated Financial Statements

The Management explanation for qualifications made by the Statutory Auditors in their Independent Auditors Reports dated May 27, 2022, on the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 are as under:

1. With respect to item no. 1 which pertains to the Company refer paragraph (A) above.
2. With respect to item no. 2 which are pertaining to the qualifications made by the Statutory Auditors of a subsidiary viz National Spot Exchange Limited (NSEL) in their Independent Auditors Report on NSEL's Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 which has been reproduced by the Statutory Auditors of the Company (63moons) in their Independent Auditors Report (Auditors Report) dated May 27, 2022 on the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022, the explanation given by the management of NSEL are as under: ("Company" in the response below refer to NSEL)

- i) With respect to qualification 2A in Auditors Report, explanation of NSEL's Management is as under:

NSEL is taking all steps to defend its position, however since all matters are sub-judice, the Company is unable to quantify the impact, if any, of such legal proceedings on the financial statements of the Company. The management of the Company does not foresee that the parties who have filed Civil Suits against the Company will be able to sustain any claim against the Company. There are no claims / litigations / potential settlements involving the Company directly or indirectly, which may require adjustments in the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statement.

- ii) With respect to qualification 2B in Auditors Report, explanation of NSEL's Management is as under:

Majority in value of the trade and other receivables, loans and advances etc. are under litigation / subject to court orders. Where amount is doubtful for recovery, Company has either made provision or disclosed the reason for non-provisioning. Company is making full efforts for recovery of the amount.

COVID-19

The Covid-19 Pandemic continued to be global challenge since March 2020 which has disrupted economic activities across the globe. Our priority remains the safety and well being of our employees. Most of our employees still continued to Work From Home (WFH). Our operational business activities to Exchanges & Capital Market intermediaries were continued to be supported by our employees ensuring smooth working from home (WFH) and ensure that clients service was met and delivered on time, with support through audio & video conferencing, wherever required. During the year under review, the customers confidence continued to be reinforced in 63 moons and majority of the customers have expressed their appreciation for the timely support by the Company under most challenging conditions.

DIVIDEND

Your Directors have not recommended any dividend for the F.Y. 2021-22 considering the fact that the payment of earlier six dividends declared since 2015 is pending due to the Order of the Bombay High Court dated September 30, 2015. The distribution of following pending dividends shall be made subject after to the approval of appropriate judicial orders.

As the Shareholders are aware, the following dividends are pending for distribution due to the Hon'ble Bombay High Court order:

- a. The final dividend of ₹ 5/- per share for the FY 2014-15, approved by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting held on September 30, 2015, could not be paid as the Hon'ble Bombay High Court vide its order dated September 30, 2015 in Notice of Motion no. 1490 of 2015 in Suit no. 121 of 2014 – L.J. Tanna Shares & Securities Pvt. Ltd. and Ors., Vs. Financial Technologies (India) Limited inter-alia directed that pending hearing and final disposal of Notice of Motion "FTIL shall not distribute any dividend amongst its shareholders and shall also not deposit any amount in compliance with Section 123 sub - clause (iv) of the Companies Act, 1956", (to be read as Companies Act, 2013).
- b. Payment of ₹ 2/- per share for FY 2016-17 approved by the shareholders at the 29th AGM held on September 27, 2017 is pending subject to appropriate judicial orders.
- c. Payment of ₹ 2/- per share for FY 2017-18 approved by the shareholders at the 30th AGM held on September 27, 2018, is pending subject to appropriate judicial orders.
- d. Payment of ₹ 2/- per share for FY 2018-19 approved by the shareholders at the 31st AGM held on September 18, 2019, is pending subject to appropriate judicial orders.
- e. Payment of ₹ 2/- per share for FY 2019-20 approved by the shareholders at the 32nd AGM held on December 09, 2020, is pending subject to appropriate judicial orders.
- f. Payment of ₹ 2/- per share for FY 2020-21 approved by the shareholders at the 33rd AGM held on September 18, 2021, is pending subject to appropriate judicial orders.

Prior to the above mentioned High Court order, your Company has paid consecutive dividends for the past 38 quarters which is in accordance with the sustainable dividend pay-out policy of the Company and linked to its long term growth objectives. The Dividend Distribution Policy is available on the website of the Company which can be accessed at the link: www.63moons.com/investors/corporate-governance/policies/Dividend-Distribution-Policy.pdf

Pursuant to Finance Act 2020, dividend income will be taxable in the hands of the Shareholders w.e.f. 01/04/2020. As the payment of Dividend for FY 2020-21 is subject to appropriate judicial order, relevant communication relating to TDS would be sent to Shareholders after receipt of applicable judicial order.

UNPAID / UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND

In terms of the provisions of Investor Education and Protection Fund (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016, Investor Education and Protection Fund (Awareness and Protection of Investors) Rules, 2001, ₹ 31.71 lakhs of unpaid / unclaimed dividends were transferred during the financial year 2021-22 to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.

TRANSFER TO RESERVES

In view of the loss incurred by the Company, your Company does not propose to transfer any sum to General Reserve for the year under review.

SHARE CAPITAL

There was no change in the Share Capital of the Company during the year under review. As on March 31, 2022, the paid-up equity Share Capital of your Company stood at ₹ 921.57 lakhs comprising of 46,078,537 equity shares of ₹ 2/- each. During the year under review the Company has not issued any shares with differential voting rights nor has it granted any Stock Option or Sweat Equity.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

Management Discussion and Analysis Report for the year under review, as stipulated under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('Listing Regulations'), is provided in a separate section forming part of this Annual Report.

DETAILS OF SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES AND THEIR PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS

The Company has 19 subsidiaries (including step-down subsidiaries) as on March 31, 2022. Out of which four are under liquidation. There is one Associate company and no joint venture company within the meaning of Section 2(6) of the Companies Act, 2013. There has been no material change in the nature of business of the subsidiaries. During the year, the Board of Directors reviewed the affairs of the subsidiaries. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), a statement containing salient features of the financial statements of Company's subsidiaries, associate companies and joint ventures is given in Form AOC-1 as Annexure - I and the same forms part of this report. The statement also provides the details of highlights of performance of subsidiaries. The financial statements of each of the subsidiaries may also be accessed on the website of the Company www.63moons.com. Bourse Africa Limited (BAL) (subsidiary of FTGIPL) the step-down subsidiary of your Company is under liquidation.

During the previous year, three subsidiary companies viz. Credit Market Services Ltd (CMSL), IBS Forex Ltd. and Riskraft Consulting Ltd. (Riskraft) had initiated voluntary liquidation process, since the companies were non-operational.

As the shareholders are aware that during the financial year 2019-20, the Company had successfully concluded the sale of 28,69,14,688 shares in Atom Technologies Limited (ATOM), a subsidiary of the Company to NTT Data Corporation, Japan for an aggregate consideration equivalent to ₹ 6,652.97 lakhs. Further, as per the terms of the Agreement NTT Data Corporation has the right, during the period of 24 months starting from the date of closure of earlier transaction, to acquire the balance 21,00,86,610 equity shares of ATOM held by your Company and NTT data has expressed their interest in exercising the Call option vested to them and the closure of the transaction would be subject to the appropriate Board and judicial approvals.

The Policy for determining material subsidiaries as approved by the Board may be accessed on the Company's website at the link: www.63moons.com/investors/corporate-governance/policies/Material-subsiadiary-policy.pdf

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to maintain the highest standards of Corporate Governance and adhere to the Corporate Governance requirements set out by SEBI. The report on Corporate Governance as stipulated under the Listing Regulations is annexed hereto, and forms part of this Annual Report. A Certificate from the Auditors of the Company confirming compliance with Corporate Governance norms is annexed to the report on Corporate Governance.

BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY REPORT

As per SEBI (LODR) Regulations, the 'Business Responsibility Report' (BRR) of the Company for FY 2021-22 forms part of this Annual Report.

CONTRACTS AND ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

In line with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 and Listing Regulations, as amended, your Company has formulated a Policy on Related Party Transactions which can be accessed on Company's website at www.63moons.com/investors/corporate-governance/policies/Related-Party-Transactions-Policy.pdf. The Policy is to ensure that proper reporting, approval and disclosure processes are in place for all transactions between the Company and Related Parties.

All arrangements / transactions entered by your Company with its related parties during the year were in ordinary

course of business and on an arm's length basis. During the year, the Company has made investments in its subsidiary i.e. NSEL amounting to ₹ 2500 lakhs in terms of earlier shareholders' approval obtained in 2019. Except for the transaction with NSEL, the Company did not enter into any arrangement / transaction with related parties which could be considered material, in accordance with Companies Act and Listing Regulations. All transactions with related parties were reviewed and approved by the Audit Committee. Prior omnibus approvals are granted by the Audit Committee for related party transactions which are of repetitive nature, entered in the ordinary course of business and are on arm's length basis in accordance with the provisions of the Act read with the Rules issued thereunder and the Listing Regulations.

There were no material related party transactions during the year under review with the Promoters, Directors or Key Managerial Personnel. The details of the transactions with related parties are provided in the accompanying financial statements.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)

The CSR activities of the Company are as per the requirements of Section 135 of the Act which has been approved by the Board. During the year, the Company has been awarded CSR Leadership Award by World CSR Congress under Global CSR Excellence & Leadership award, as recognition of CSR program done by your Company. Also awarded in special category for support and improvement in Quality Education.

For details regarding the CSR Committee, please refer to the Corporate Governance Report, which is part of this report. The CSR policy is available on the website of the Company which can be accessed at the link: www.63moons.com/investors/corporate-governance/policies/CSR-policy.pdf

The Report on CSR activities as required under Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 is set out as Annexure - II and the same forms part of this report.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board of Directors of the Company has formed a Risk Management Committee to monitor the risk management plan for the Company.

The risk management system identifies and monitors risks which are related to the business and over all internal control systems of the Company. The Audit Committee has oversight responsibility in the areas of financial risks and controls. The risk management committee is responsible for reviewing the risk management policy and ensuring its effectiveness and assist the Board in ensuring that all material Compliances, Control, Safety and Operations and Financial risks have been identified and adequate risk mitigations are in place to address these risks.

The Audit Committee and the Board has also noted the risks prevailing in respect of what is stated in the paras relating to legal matters and explanation to the Qualifications in Auditors Report above that may affect the business of the Company.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL SYSTEM AND THEIR ADEQUACY

Your Company has in place internal financial control systems, which are commensurate with its size and the nature of its operations. The Internal control system is reviewed and modified on an on-going basis to meet the changes in business conditions, accounting and statutory requirements. Internal Audit plays a key role to ensure that all assets are safeguarded and protected and that the transactions are authorized, recorded and reported properly. The Internal Auditors independently evaluate the adequacy of internal controls. The findings and recommendations of the Internal Auditors are reviewed by the Audit Committee and followed up till implementation wherever required. Further, as per requirement of clause (i) of sub-section (3) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act'), the statutory auditors have reported on the internal financial controls and opined that the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022.

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

At the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on September 18, 2021, Mr. Suresh Salvi (DIN: 07636298) and Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar (DIN: 06861358) have been appointed as Independent Directors for a period of two years commencing from September 18, 2021. Further, Mr. Venkat Chary (DIN:00273036) whose second term as Independent Director completed on September 22, 2021, was appointed as Non-executive Non-Independent Director, liable to retire by rotation w.e.f. September 23, 2021 and Mr. Rajendran Soundaram (DIN: 02686150) was re-appointed as Managing Director & CEO for a period of two years commencing from June 01, 2021 till May 31, 2023. Appointment of Mr. Suresh Salvi (DIN: 07636298) and Mr. Venkat Chary (DIN: 00273036) was also in compliance of Regulation 17 of the Listing Regulations as they had attained the age of 75 years. Justice Rajan J Kochar (Retd.) (DIN: 06710558) and Mr. Achudanarayanan Nagarajan (DIN: 02107169) ceased to be Independent Directors of the Company w.e.f. September 22, 2021 on completion of their respective second term. Your Directors place on record their appreciation for the valuable advice and guidance provided by Justice Rajan J. Kochar (Retd.) and Mr. Achudanarayanan Nagarajan during their tenure with the Company. Further, Justice Deepak Verma (Retd. Judge Supreme Court of India) (DIN: 07489985) and

Mrs. Chitkala Zutshi (Retd. IAS) (DIN:07684586) were re-appointed by the members through Postal Ballot as Independent Directors, not liable to retire by rotation for a second term of five years w.e.f. March 08, 2022.

The Company has received declarations from all the Independent Directors confirming that they meet the criteria of independence as provided in Section 149(6) of Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the Listing Regulations. In terms of Regulation 25(8) of the Listing Regulations, the Independent Directors have confirmed that they are not aware of any circumstance or situation, which exist or may be reasonably anticipated, that could impair or impact their ability to discharge their duties. The Board is of the opinion that all the Independent Directors appointed during the year are having good integrity and possess the requisite expertise and experience. All the Independent Directors have confirmed that they are in compliance with Rules 6(1) and 6(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules 2014, with respect to registration with the data bank of Independent Directors maintained by the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Company's Articles of Association, Mr. Devendra Agrawal (DIN: 03579332) and Mr. Devender Singh Rawat (DIN: 02587354) retire by rotation at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and, being eligible offers themselves for re-appointment. The Board recommend their re-appointment for the consideration of the Members of the Company at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

The other Directors continue to be on the Board of your Company.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 203 of the Act, the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company are –

1. Mr. S. Rajendran, Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer
2. Mr. Devendra Agrawal, Whole-time Director and Chief Financial Officer
3. Mr. Hariraj Chouhan, Company Secretary.

BOARD EVALUATION

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, SEBI Listing Regulations and the Guidance Note on Board Evaluation issued by the SEBI on January 5, 2017, the Board of Directors has carried out an annual evaluation of its own performance, Board committees and individual directors taking into consideration the various aspects of the Board's functioning, execution and performance of specific duties, obligations and governance. The performance of the Board, Chairman and Independent Directors was evaluated by the Board after seeking inputs from all the Directors. The criteria for performance

evaluation of the Board included aspects such as Board composition and structure, effectiveness of Board processes, contribution in treasury and risk management, legal challenges faced by the Company, general corporate governance, strategic planning etc. The performance of the Committees was evaluated by the Board after seeking inputs from the committee members as well as other directors. The criteria for performance evaluation of the Committees included aspects such as composition of committees, effectiveness of committee meetings, etc. The performance evaluation of the Independent directors was carried out by the entire Board, excluding the independent director whose performance being evaluated.

The Independent Directors of the Company met on March 28, 2022, without the presence of Non-independent Directors and members of the management to review the performance of Non-independent Directors including Whole time directors and the Board of Directors as a whole, and to assess the quality, quantity and timeliness of the flow of information between the management and the Board of Directors. The NRC and Board in evaluating the performance of Executive Directors have appreciated their good leadership role for ensuring effective risk and human resource management despite the various financial and legal challenges faced by the Company. On review of Board as a whole, members expressed satisfaction on the diversity of experience, composition of group, and induction process of new members, and competency of directors. The members expressed appreciation on functioning of Audit committee, NRC, CSR, Stake holders, Risk Management and Investment Committee in discharging their expected role and expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process.

MEETINGS OF THE BOARD

The Board of Directors of the Company met 4 (Four) times during the financial year. The details of Board Meetings are provided in the Corporate Governance Report, which forms part of this Annual Report.

In view of the continued Pandemic related travel restrictions, and as permitted by the relevant rules and regulations, Board and Committee meetings took place virtually through video conferencing and the applicable provisions were complied with for such virtual meetings.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The details pertaining to the composition of the Audit Committee are included in the Corporate Governance Report, which is a part of this report.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENT BY COMPANY

Details of loans, guarantees and investments have been disclosed in the Financial Statements.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

The particulars relating to conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo, as required to be disclosed under the Act, are provided in Annexure - III and the same forms part of this Report.

ANNUAL RETURN

The Annual return as required under Section 92 and Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with applicable Rules is available on the website of the Company and can be accessed at www.63moons.com/investors/shareholders/annual-reports.html

PARTICULAR OF EMPLOYEES AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

Disclosures with respect to the remuneration of Directors, KMPs and employees as required under Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 are given in Annexure - IV to this Report.

Details of employee remuneration as required under provisions of Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(2) & 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 are available electronically 21 days before the Annual General Meeting and members seeking to inspect such documents can send an email to info@63moons.com. Such details are also available on your company's website and can be accessed at www.63moons.com/investors/shareholders/annual-reports.html. None of the employees listed in the said Annexure is a relative of any Director of the Company. None of the employees hold (by himself or along with his spouse and dependent children) more than two percent of the equity shares of the Company.

VIGIL MECHANISM / WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

The Company has a whistle blower policy and having necessary vigil mechanism in compliance with the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (LODR) Regulations to report genuine concerns or grievances. The Whistle Blower Policy has been disseminated within the Company and also posted on the website of the Company and can be accessed at the link: www.63moons.com/investors/corporate-governance/policies/Whistle-Blower-Policy.pdf

No employee was denied access to the Audit Committee.

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION POLICY

The Board of Directors has framed a policy for selection and appointment of Directors including determining qualifications, independence of a Director, Key Managerial Personnel, Senior Management Personnel and their remuneration as part of its charter and other matters provided under Section 178 (3) of the Act. The details of the policy are provided in the Corporate Governance Report, which forms part of this Annual Report. The Nomination and Remuneration Policy has been placed on the website of the Company and can be accessed at the link: www.63moons.com/investors/corporate-governance/policies/Nomination-and-Remuneration-Policy.pdf

MAINTENANCE OF COST RECORDS

The Company is not required to maintain cost records as specified by the Central Government under sub-section(1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.

PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT AT WORKPLACE

The Company has complied with the provisions relating to the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. The Company has a policy on prevention, prohibition and redressal of complaints related to sexual harassment of women at the workplace. The said policy is available on the internal portal of the Company for information of all employees. During the FY 2021-22, the Company has not received any complaints on sexual harassment and hence no complaints remain pending as of March 31, 2022.

SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS

Except as stated in the para relating to legal matters mentioned above, there are no other significant or material orders passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which impact the going concern status and Company's operations in future. The details of litigation including tax matters are disclosed in the notes to the Financial Statements which forms part of this Annual Report.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Act, the Board of Directors, to the best of their knowledge and ability, confirm that:

- in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;
- the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments

and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the loss of the Company for that period;

- the Directors have taken proper and sufficient care to maintain adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- the Directors have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis.
- the Directors have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and such internal financial controls are adequate and are operating effectively; and
- the Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

EMPLOYEES STOCK OPTION PLAN (ESOP)

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company, inter-alia, administers and monitors the Employees Stock Option Plan of the Company in accordance with the applicable SEBI Guidelines. The ESOP Scheme 2020 is yet to be implemented and stock options are yet to be granted and hence no stock options are outstanding as on March 31, 2022.

SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The Company is in compliance with applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

AUDITORS

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 of the Act and the rules framed thereunder, M/s. Sharp & Tannan Associates, Chartered Accountants, Mumbai (Regn. No. 109983W) were appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company at the Annual General Meeting (AGM) held on September 19, 2019 for a period of five years on a remuneration mutually agreed upon by the Board of Directors and the Statutory Auditors. M/s. Sharp & Tannan Associates have confirmed their eligibility and qualification for continuing as Auditors of the Company for the remainder of their term.

DETAILS OF FRAUD, IF ANY REPORTED BY THE AUDITORS

There have been no instances of fraud reported by Auditors pursuant to Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013.

SECRETARIAL AUDITOR

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Act, the Board has appointed M/s BNP & Associates, Practising Company Secretaries, to conduct Secretarial Audit for the financial year 2021-22. The Secretarial Audit Report for the financial year ended March 31, 2022 is annexed herewith marked as Annexure - V and the same forms part of this report. The Secretarial Auditors' report does not contain any qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks.

ANNUAL SECRETARIAL COMPLIANCE REPORT

The Company has undertaken an audit for the financial year 2021-22 for all applicable compliances as per Securities and Exchange Board of India Regulations and Circulars / Guidelines issued thereunder.

The Annual Secretarial Compliance Report has been submitted by your Company to the Stock Exchanges.

GENERAL

Your Directors state that no disclosure or reporting is required in respect of the following items as there were no transactions on these items during the year under review:

- Details relating to deposits covered under Chapter V of the Act.
- Issue of equity shares with differential voting rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise.
- Neither the Managing Director nor the Whole-time Director of the Company receive any remuneration or commission from any of its subsidiaries.

HUMAN RESOURCES

63 moons technologies limited (63 moons) is an equal opportunity provider which ensures non-discrimination at the workplace. The Company remains committed to its employees and values each one's contribution in the collective growth. As of 31 March 2022, the Company had employee strength of 694 (less than 4% YoY).

The Company strongly believes and promotes transparent communication policy. The Human Resources Dept. (HR Dept.) has an open door policy to encourage employees to reach out HR. The HR dept. is trained to, always, be on alert and available for any help sought by the employees.

Most of our systems and processes are automated to ensure that required information is available anytime. We have implemented new HRMS system to adapt to new technology for future career success.

HR Dept. has begun various cross functional communication channels, such as departmental meets and HOD meets. In addition, MoonQuest (monthly digital magazine) is used as a timely communication feed

providing varied subject knowledge. In order to feed hungry minds with knowledge beyond their regular work, a series of virtual sessions titled "Knowledge Café" was organized which covered diverse topics. At 63 moons we intend to celebrate almost all the special days by imparting knowledge on varied topics and by doing special activities for the employees. In order to strive and create a secured and safe world for all women and children Nirbhaya Awareness Program was arranged where Woman Assistant Police Inspector (API) covered the topics on Crime against Women and Crime against Children. Along with this, 63 moons HR communication remains committed to share daily news and updates over established channels as well as on social media platforms.

63 moons have been awarded in categories of CSR Leadership, Support & Improvement in Quality of Education and Maharashtra State's Best Employer Brand Award in 2022.

A number of employee beneficial programs (Insurance, health care etc.) have been initiated/ are well placed. Considering wellbeing of our employee's management has taken a special COVID Insurance Policy to safeguard employees' families if there is any unforeseen death of employee due to COVID. This coverage is in addition to our Medclaim policy and other group Insurance policies.

63 moons firmly believe in equality of all religions; hence the Company celebrates all festivals with similar zeal. Apart from festive celebrations, we also rejoice with yearly recurring number of events for employees which help employee engagement and manages work life balance. All these events receive whole-hearted participation from our employees.

All HR initiatives have not only helped us to strengthen our connect with employees but have also brought in a sense of general wellbeing and happiness at our workplace. Employee health benefit and engagement programs makes 63 moons as one of the best companies to work.

On the policies and process, the organization is most compliant and employee friendly.

As far as Annual leaves are concerned, the HR at 63 moons has taken 'sharing is caring' to the next level by introducing 'AVADAAN', a Leave Donation Program that allows employees to donate their accumulated/excess leave voluntarily to their colleagues who are in need in their difficult time/ health exigencies.

63 moons continues to trust the ability and quality of its Human Resources and has already started working on the next phase of the company's growth. The Company treats its employees as integral partners of the organization's growth story.

While the company continue to hire talent from outside, it also ensures that there is a required investment done to scale up the internal talent by providing behavioral

trainings along with domain expertise. The trainings are on varied scales, like training on Human Behaviour like unconscious bias, conflict management, beginners training etc. There is also an extension of induction program conducted by imparting the knowledge on Capital markets, Agile technologies. These trainings helps employees to enhance their core life skills.

The Company's attrition number is 25% with focus on retention of Top and Niche talent. Structured interventions like our grievance redressal process of Prevention of Sexual Harassment (POSH), Information Security Awareness (ISA) and Innovative Thinking for our employees help us to proactively identify and mitigate risks on human rights and any other organization processes.

63 moons shall strive to continue to make efforts to ensure not to miss on any process, like training and engaging employees through the online modum of communication by organising virtual / classroom session to upscale employees knowledge and participation.

63 moons believe in giving back to the Society and support Society, by taking initiatives under Corporates Social Responsibilities (CSR). However, HR Dept. supports this culture of Giving back to Society by frequently organizing social events with the involvement of all employees with activities such as organizing trade fairs with registered NGOs who work for betterment of women and underprivileged children by inviting them to 63 moons during major employee events to put up their stalls for growth of their business. We also organize blood donation drive to give back to the society, employees happily participate whenever organization arrange such events which helps for the betterment of the society. Also, we support KPCT Foundation which appreciates our organisation's support which has provided the platform for a live demonstration and display of paintings by their specially-abled artists on various occasions in past.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors place on record their deep appreciation for all the employees for their hard work, dedication and commitment.

Your Directors also place on record their gratitude to the Central Government, State Government, clients, vendors, financial institutions, bankers and business associates for their continued support and the trust reposed in the Company.

Your Directors take this opportunity to thank all the Shareholders, Regulatory Authorities, business associates for their continued support.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Place : Mumbai
Date : August 09, 2022

Venkat Chary
Chairman
DIN: 00273036

S. Rajendran
Managing Director & CEO
DIN: 02686150

Annexure - I

Form AOC-I

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries / associate companies / joint ventures

Part "A": Subsidiaries

Sr. No.	Name of the Subsidiary (includes step down subsidiaries) Company	Date since when subsidiary was acquired	Reporting Currency	Exchange Rate as at March 31, 2022	Share Capital	Reserves & Surplus	Total Assets	Total Liabilities	Investments	Turnover	Profit / (Loss) before taxation	Provision for taxation	Profit / (Loss) after taxation	Proposed dividend	% of shareholding	Country
1	TickerPlant Limited (TickerPlant)	04-02-2005	INR	-	12,005.37	(4,603.25)	9,453.73	2,051.61	-	1,586.09	(2,272.35)	-	(2,272.35)	-	77.51%	India
2	FT Knowledge Management Company Limited (FTKMCL)	07-09-2007	INR	-	375.00	(321.49)	53.85	0.35	-	-	0.59	0.12	0.46	-	100.00%	India
3	National Spot Exchange Limited (NSEL)	30-09-2005	INR	-	25,447.91	(22,451.53)	42,094.94	39,098.56	986.12	-	(2,383.49)	221.65	(2,605.14)	-	99.99%	India
4	Indian Bullion Market Association Limited (IBMA)	15-06-2007	INR	-	1,453.89	(10,596.07)	2,476.16	11,618.34	0.46	-	(35.33)	-	(35.33)	-	60.88%	India
5	Westernghats Agro Growers Company Limited (WGAGL)	05-09-2012	INR	-	5.00	(42.26)	1.47	38.73	-	-	(0.33)	-	(0.33)	-	84.00%	India
6	Farmer Agricultural Integrated Development Alliance Ltd (FAIDA)	01-08-2012	INR	-	10.00	(19.61)	0.06	9.67	-	-	(0.57)	-	(0.57)	-	100.00%	India
7	Global Payment Networks Limited (GPNL)	05-03-2007	INR	-	100.00	77.64	177.94	0.30	-	-	7.30	1.29	6.01	-	100.00%	India
8	Financial Technologies Communications Limited (FTCL)	13-03-2007	INR	-	5.00	516.08	523.00	1.92	-	123.80	49.95	10.05	39.90	-	100.00%	India
9	FT Projects Limited. (FTPL)	18-05-2010	INR	-	15.00	2,985.54	3,001.42	0.88	-	-	0.98	-	0.98	-	100.00%	India
10	Apian Finance & Investment Limited (Apian)	25-04-2008	INR	-	431.44	412.02	1,348.41	504.95	806.40	50.00	24.32	(10.59)	34.91	-	100.00%	India

(₹ in lakhs)

(₹ in lakhs)

Sr. No.	Name of the Subsidiary (includes step down subsidiaries) Company	Date since when subsidiary was acquired	Reporting Currency	Exchange Rate as at March 31, 2022	Share Capital	Reserves & Surplus	Total Assets	Total Liabilities	Investments	Turnover	Profit / (Loss) before taxation	Provision for taxation	Profit / (Loss) after taxation	Proposed dividend	% of share-holding	Country
11	Financial Technologies Singapore Pte Limited (FTSPL)	15-04-2009	USD	75.81	62,422.17	(43,482.56)	18,950.49	10.88	-	-	(306.17)	-	(306.17)	-	100.00%	Singapore
12	Knowledge Assets Pvt. Ltd. (KAPL)	29-03-2007	USD	75.81	7.58	(142.38)	3.64	138.44	-	-	(11.60)	-	(11.60)	-	100.00%	Mauritius
13	ICX Platform (Pty) Limited (ICX)	07-04-2008	ZAR	5.19	0.01	(240.98)	1.43	242.40	-	-	(2.79)	-	(2.79)	-	100.00%	South Africa
14	FT Group Investments Pvt. Ltd. (FTGIPL)	29-03-2007	USD	75.81	94,046.29	(1,63,956.86)	191.40	70,101.97	-	-	(39.27)	-	(39.27)	-	100.00%	Mauritius
15	Financial Technologies Middle East DMCC (FTME)	01-08-2005	AED	20.56	13,568.20	(15,674.34)	108.39	2,214.53	-	-	(14.02)	-	(14.02)	-	100.00%	U.A.E

Note 1: The following companies are under liquidation

- 1 Bourse Africa Limited (BAL) (subsidiary of FTGIPL)
- 2 IBS Forex Limited (IBS)
- 3 Riskraft Consulting Limited (Riskraft)
- 4 Credit Market Services Limited (CMSL)

Note 2: Indian rupee equivalents of the figures in foreign currencies in the accounts of the subsidiary companies, are based on the exchange rates as on March 31, 2022.

**Statement pursuant to section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013
related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures
Part "B": Associate**

(₹ in lakhs)

Name of Associate	NTT Data Payment Services India Limited (formerly known as atom technologies limited (atom))
1. Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	31-Mar-22
2. Shares of Associate held by the Company on the year end	
No.	210,086,610
Amount of Investment in Associate	2,100.87
Extend of Holding %	29.15%
3. Description of how there is significant influence	Associate
4. Reason why the Associate is not consolidated	N.A
5. Networth attributable to Shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	16,084.36
6. Profit / Loss for the year	
i. Considered in Consolidation	1,871.00
ii. Not Considered in Consolidation	3,285.90

Note: NTT Data Payment Services India Limited (formerly known as atom technologies limited (atom)) is an associate w.e.f September 28, 2019

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Place : Mumbai
Date : August 09, 2022

Venkat Chary
Chairman
DIN: 00273036

S. Rajendran
Managing Director & CEO
DIN: 02686150

ANNEXURE II

ANNUAL REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company

The Company has framed a CSR policy in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2013 (ACT).

The Company undertakes activities relating to rural development / tribal development, promoting education, employment enhancing livelihood skills etc. and such other areas as may be decided by the CSR Committee and covered under the CSR Rules.

2. Composition of CSR Committee

Sr. No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Mrs. Chitkala Zutshi	Chairperson* / Member, Independent, Non-Executive Director	1	1
2	Mr. Suresh Salvi**	Member, Independent Director	1	1
3	Mr. S. Rajendran	Member, MD & CEO	1	1

*Appointed as Chairperson w.e.f. 22.10.2021

**Appointed as member w.e.f. 23.09.2021

Note: Mr A. Nagarajan ceased as Chairman of the committee w.e.f. 22.09.2021

3. The web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the Company:

<https://www.63moons.com/investors/corporate-governance/policies/CSR-policy.pdf>

<https://www.63moons.com/investors/CSR/project-activities.pdf>

4. Details of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report):

The Company will carry out impact assessment of projects, as and when applicable and will provide details as part of its future reports pursuant to Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014.

5. Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and amount required for set off for the financial year, if any : NIL

Sr. No.	Financial Year	Amount available for set-off from preceding financial years (in ₹)	Amount required to be set-off for the financial year, if any (in ₹)
1	Not Applicable		
2			
3			
	TOTAL		

- 6 Average net profit of the Company as per section 135(5) : ₹ 236.57 lakhs
- 7 (a) Two percent of average net profit of the Company as per section 135(5): ₹ 4.73 lakhs
- (b) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years: NIL
- (c) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any: NIL
- (d) Total CSR obligation for the financial year (7a+7b-7c): ₹ 4.73 lakhs

8 (a) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year

Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year. (in ₹): **₹ 9.17 lakhs**

Amount Unspent (in ₹): **NIL**

Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per section 135(6).

Not Applicable (NA)

Date of transfer: **NA**

Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to section 135(5).

Name of the Fund:

Amount: **NOT APPLICABLE**

Date of transfer:

(b) Details of CSR amount spent against ongoing projects for the financial year:

Sr. No	Name of the Project	Item from the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act	Local area (Yes / No)	Location of the project		Project duration	Amount allocated for the project (₹ in lakhs)	Amount spent in the current financial year (₹ in lakhs)	Amount transferred to unspent CSR Account for the project as per Section 135 (6) (₹ in lakhs)	Mode of Implementation - Direct (Yes / No)	Mode of Implementation – Through Implementing Agency	
				State	Dis-trict						Name	CSR Registra-tion number
1	Entrepreneurship and skill Development	7 (ii)	Yes	New Delhi	South East Delhi	November 2021 October 22	20	9.17	0	No	Adharshila	CSR00008054
	TOTAL						20	9.17				

(c) Details of CSR amount spent against other than ongoing projects for the financial year

Sr. No	Name of the Project	Item from the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act	Local area (Yes /No)	Location of the project		Amount spent in the current financial Year (₹ in lakhs)	Mode of Implementation - Direct (Yes / No)	Mode of Implementation – Through Implementing Agency	
				State	Dis- trict			Name	CSR Registration number
1	Course Assessment on Skill Development relating to DN Poly-tech,Ah-medabad and Udyogwardhi-ni, Nashik	7 (ii)	No	Gujarat & Mahar-ashtra	Kutch & Na-shik	21.10	No	CK skill research & develop-ment, Vadodara	NA
	TOTAL					21.10			

(d) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads : **NIL**

(e) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable : **NIL**

(f) Total amount spent for the Financial Year (8b+8c+8d+8e): **₹ 30.27 lakhs**

(g) Excess amount for set off, if any: **₹ 4.44 lakhs**

Sr. No	Particular	Amount (₹ in lakhs)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the Company as per section 135(5)	4.73
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	9.17
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	4.44
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	-
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	4.44

9 (a) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years

Sr. No.	Preceding Financial Year	Amount transferred to unspent CSR Account under section 135 (6) (₹ in lakhs)	Amount spent in the reporting Financial Year (₹ in lakhs)	Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per section 135(6), if any.			Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding finan- cial years (₹ in lakhs)
				Name of the Fund	Amount (in ₹)	Date of transfer	
1	2019-20	77.69	77.69	-	-	-	0
2	2020-21	107.09	86.50	-	-	-	20.59
	TOTAL	184.78	164.19	-	-	-	20.59

(b) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for ongoing projects of the preceding financial year(s):

Sr. No.	Project ID	Name of the Project	Financial Year in which the project was commenced	Project duration	Total amount allocated for the project (in ₹)	Amount spent on the project in the reporting Financial Year (in ₹)	Cumulative amount spent at the end of reporting Financial Year (in ₹)	Status of the project - Completed / Ongoing
1	FY31.03.2021_1	Entrepreneurship and skill Development	2020-21	October 20 September 21	95.00	38.00	95.00	Completed
2	FY31.03.2021_2	Renovation of tribal hostel kitchen	2020-21	December 20 - June 21	15.00	1.50	15.00	Completed
3	FY31.03.2021_3	Entrepreneurship and skill Development	2020-21	March 21 - April 22	115.09	103.59	109.34	Ongoing
TOTAL					225.09	143.09	219.34	

10 In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year

(Asset-wise details)

(a)	Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s).	Not Applicable
(b)	Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset	Not applicable
(c)	Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc.	Not Applicable
(d)	Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset).	Not Applicable

11 Specify the reason(s), if the Company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5).
NIL

On behalf of the CSR Committee

Place : Mumbai
Date : August 09, 2022

S. Rajendran
Managing Director & CEO
DIN: 02686150

Chitkala Zutshi
Chairperson CSR Committee
DIN: 07684586

ANNEXURE III

Conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo

[Pursuant to Clause (m) of sub-section 3 of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014]

(A) Conservation of energy

- (i) The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy:
- LED lights are fitted at all the floors at Corporate Office to reduce lighting energy consumption since last seven years leading to considerable energy savings in lighting system.
 - 29336 KWH of energy was saved in lighting due to LED fittings in last one year, (April 21 – March 22) resulting in net savings of ₹ 27,97,486/- per annum.
 - In addition to the above cost saving initiative, we have installed 50 KW Solar panel System at FT Tower, wherein we have generated around 58928 Units i.e. ₹ 4,76,138/- in FY-2021-22.
 - Two passenger lifts are being switched off on all Saturdays / Sundays leading to optimum utilisation of lifts and resultant conservation of energy.
 - Air conditioning run time has been reduced by rescheduling the start / stop timing of air conditioning system from BMS system.
 - Lights and Air conditioning in all cabins in the building are on sensor mode leading to savings in energy consumption.
- (ii) The steps taken by the company for utilizing alternate sources of energy besides what is stated in (i):

Water Conservation Initiatives:

- The water supply to urinals and WCs are being controlled to minimal by using urinal sensors and controlled flush valves in WCs. Displayed water savings awareness posters in the Wash rooms and pantry to save water.
- The water treatment plant is being run to the minimum hours to save electrical energy.
- Water harvesting system has been operational through which the rain water is being used in water treatment plant.

Other Initiatives:

- Due to fitment of DGU glasses on façade and window glasses of the building, lot of heat load is reduced, resulting in savings in energy consumption of air-conditioning system.
- The lighting energy is being saved by installation of transparency type centre canopy on terrace top.
- Planned Preventive Maintenance of all electrical equipment's / systems are being done to save considerable electrical energy.
- Waste Segregation: Dry and wet garbage segregated as per BMC norms on daily basis.

(B) Technology absorption

(i) Virtualisation & Cloud:

Cloud Application: GreythHR Payroll Software and Office 365

63 moons have adopted cloud software considering business efficiencies, agility and scalability which excels performance over existing on premise software.

This GreythHR payroll software has been beneficial to 63 moons employees and Payroll team with below mentioned features.

SOLUTIONS

- GreythHR Payroll Software

BENEFITS

- Faster processing, accurate payouts.
- Complete payroll processing
- Configurable salary structure
- Automated payroll inputs and payslips
- Comprehensive Post-Payroll Process
- 100% statutory compliance and ISO 27001 certified
- Agility, Scalability and Cost Reduction
- Automatic Updates and Integration

SOLUTIONS

- Office 365

BENEFITS

- Security - The Security Development Lifecycle (SDL) is applied to Microsoft Online Services development, deployment, and maintenance. Microsoft monitors the systems continuously for suspicious activity and has a robust incident response protocol in place.
- Reliability - Microsoft Online Services provides a service level agreement (SLA) and has a 99.9 percent scheduled uptime. Microsoft has multiple datacentres located all over the world, hosting redundant network architecture.
- Unlimited scalability – Hardware capacity planning reduced as cloud solutions becomes infinitely scalable.

(ii) The efforts made towards technology absorption:

Darktrace – Antigena Network Security

To further secure 63 moons network service we have deployed Darktrace network immune system which is a market-leading network security technology platform that uses Artificial Intelligence (AI) to detect sophisticated cyber-threats and attacks.

Darktrace for Network use, Self-Learning AI to understand our digital ecosystem, learning the 'pattern of life' for every device, operator, and all connections between them. Leverages Self-Learning AI to spot novel attacks and insider threats.

BENEFITS

- Neutralizes targeted, self-spreading attacks
- Sustains normal operations during incidents
- Self-Learning AI to spot novel attacks and insider threats
- Autonomous Response

(iii) The benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution:

Work from Home: VMWARE Horizon Deployment

63Moons implemented VMWARE Horizon, which is modern platform for user while working from home. For users, it provides a consistent experience across devices and locations. Enables fast, secure access to our corporate applications, collaboration spaces, and content while seating at home. Capturing business benefits that include substantial user productivity gains by providing employees with timely, robust, and flexible access to higher-performing applications.

BENEFITS

- Fast application delivery of access during COVID-19
- Deliver enhanced user experience
- Ensure strongest performance
- Modernize infrastructure

- ICT staff and Business productivity benefits
- Risk mitigation — user productivity benefits
- Ensuring the reliability and availability

(iv) In case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year)

No Technology imported.

(v) The expenditure incurred on Research and Development

The aggregate amount of revenue expenditure incurred during the year on Research and Development as per allocation made by the management and shown in the respective heads of the account is ₹ 1,294.77 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 1,206.15 lakhs).

C) Foreign exchange earnings and outgo

The Foreign Exchange earned in terms of actual inflows during the year and the Foreign Exchange outgo during the year in terms of actual outflows.

a) Expenditure in foreign currency (including foreign branches)

a) Expenditure in foreign currency

(₹ in lakhs)

Nature of Expenses	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Travelling expenses	4.52	-
Legal and professional charges	9.36	9.76
IT Support Charges	19.00	19.03
Data Center & Hosting Charges	19.71	21.99
Software license fees	146.70	117.00
Miscellaneous expenses	3.44	-
TOTAL	202.73	167.79

b) Earnings in foreign exchange: (including foreign branches)

(₹ in lakhs)

Nature of Income	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Income from software services (Project based)	112.96	205.47
Interest on loans to subsidiaries	5.36	5.35
TOTAL	118.32	210.82

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Place : Mumbai
Date : August 09, 2022

Venkat Chary
Chairman
DIN: 00273036

S. Rajendran
Managing Director & CEO
DIN: 02686150

ANNEXURE IV

Details of Ratio of Remuneration of Director [Section 197(12), r/w Rule 5 of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel), Rules, 2014]

1	The ratio of the remuneration of each directors' and KMP to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March 2022	Name of the Director(s) and Key Managerial Personnel	Designation	Ratio to Median remuneration of employees	% Increase / (Decrease) in remuneration@
		S. Rajendran	MD & CEO (KMP)	20.84	0%
		Devendra Agrawal	Whole-time Director & CFO (KMP)	8.62	0%
		Hariraj Chouhan	CS (KMP)	4.67	0%
<p>@Pursuant to the Hon'ble Bombay High Court Order dated 30.09.2015, in the Notice of Motion no. 1490/2015, in suit No. 121 of 2014, - L. J. Tanna Shares & Securities Pvt. Ltd. And Ors., Vs. 63 moons technologies limited [earlier Financial Technologies (India) Ltd.], the Company has not paid any remuneration at the increased rate to its Managing Director / Whole-time Directors / KMPs / Senior employees and no increments has been given, pending hearing and final disposal of the aforesaid Notice of Motion.</p> <p>Note:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Non-Executive Directors of the Company are entitled for sitting fees / commission as per the statutory provisions and within the limits approved by the Members. The details of remuneration of Non-Executive Directors are provided in the Corporate Governance Report and is governed by the Remuneration Policy, as detailed in the said report. The ratio of remuneration and percentage increase for Non-Executive Directors Remuneration is therefore not considered for the purpose above. Sitting fees paid to Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors are mentioned elsewhere in Annual Report. 					
2	The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year	The percentage increase in the median remuneration during the financial year is 21%. This has been arrived at, by comparing the median remuneration of the cost-to-the Company as on March 31, 2021, and the median remuneration of the cost-to-the Company as on March 31, 2022.			
3	The number of permanent employees on the rolls of Company	The total number of employees as on March 31, 2022 was 694.			
4	Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration	<p>Average % increase for eligible employees was 18% taken into account the reduction that was effected in the previous year.</p> <p>The Executive Directors remuneration for the FY 2021-22 has been computed in terms of Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013. KMP's increase / decrease, if any, in remuneration has been reflected in para 1 above.</p>			
5	Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company	Yes. The remuneration is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company.			

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Place : Mumbai
Date : August 09, 2022

Venkat Chary
Chairman
DIN: 00273036

S. Rajendran
Managing Director & CEO
DIN: 02686150

ANNEXURE V

Form MR-3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

For the financial year ended 31st March 2022

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule. 9 of the Companies
(Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members

63 Moons Technologies Limited

Shakti Tower - II, 4th Floor,
Premises J, 766, Anna Salai,
Chennai 600002.

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **63 Moons Technologies Limited** having **CIN No. L29142TN1988PLC015586** (hereinafter called 'the Company') for the audit period covering the financial year ended on **31st March 2022** (the 'audit period').

We conducted Secretarial Audit in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts / statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

We are issuing this report based on:

- (i) our verification of the books, papers, minute books, all the statutory records as provided by the Company and other records maintained by the Company and furnished to us, forms / returns filed and compliance related actions taken by the company during the audit period ended 31st March 2022, and as on date of issue of this report;
- (ii) Representations made, documents produced and information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during our conduct of Secretarial Audit.

We hereby report that in our opinion, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March 2022 the Company has:

- (i) complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder, and
- (ii) Board-processes and compliance mechanism are in place

to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter.

1. Compliance with specific statutory provisions

We further report that:

1.1 We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company during the year in terms of the applicable provisions / clauses of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the Rules made thereunder;
- (ii) Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 and the Rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment and Overseas Direct Investments.
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):

- (a) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (LODR);
 - (b) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (c) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (d) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993;
 - (e) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021
 - (vi) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India relating to Meetings of the Board Meetings and General Meetings.
- 1.2 During the audit period, and also considering the compliance related actions taken by the company after 31st March 2022 but before the issue of this report, the company has, to the best of our knowledge and belief and based on the records, information, explanations and representations furnished to us:
- (i) complied with the all the applicable provisions of all the aforesaid Acts, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines and Secretarial Standards as mentioned above.
 - (ii) Complied with the applicable provisions / clauses of:
 - (a) The Act and rules mentioned under paragraph 1.1 (i); and
 - (b) The Secretarial standards on meetings of the Board of Directors (SS-1) and Secretarial standards on General Meetings (SS-2) mentioned under paragraph 1.1 (vi) above in respect of meetings of the Board and Committees constituted by the board held during the audit period, the 33rd Annual General Meeting held on 18th September 2021 (33rd AGM).
- 1.3 During the period under review, provisions of the following Acts / Regulations were not applicable to the Company and it was consequently not required to maintain any books, papers, minute books or other records or file any form / returns thereunder:
- (i) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018;
 - (ii) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
 - (iii) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021
 - (iv) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021;
 - (v) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
 - (vi) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder to the extent of External Commercial Borrowings.
- 1.4 Based on the nature of business activities of the Company, the following specific Act is applicable to the Company the provisions of which have been duly complied with:
- The Information Technology Act, 2000.

2. Board Processes Of The Company

We further report that:

2.1 The Board of Directors of Company as on 31st March 2022, comprised of:

- (i) Four Independent Directors including one independent woman Director i.e. Mr. Suresh Salvi, Justice Deepak Verma (Retd.), Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar and Mrs. Chitkala Zutshi.
- (ii) Three Non-Executive Non-Independent Directors i.e. Mr. Sunil Shah, Mr. Venkat Chary and Mr. Devender Singh Rawat.
- (iii) One Whole Time Director & CFO i.e. Mr. Devendra Kumar Agrawal.
- (iv) One Managing Director & CEO i.e. Mr. Rajendran Soundaram.
- (v) Three Nominee Directors (nominated by MCA) i.e. Mr. Satyananda Mishra, Mr. Parveen Kumar Gupta and Mrs. Malini Shankar.

Note: The appointment of above three Nominee Directors by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has been stayed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court vide its Order dated 9th March 2022.

2.2 The processes relating to the following changes in the composition of the Board of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel during the year were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations 2015:

- (i) Re-appointment of Mr. Devender Singh Rawat (DIN: 02587354), as Non-executive, Non-Independent Director, who retired by rotation and re-appointed at 33rd AGM.
- (ii) Re-appointment of Mr. Sunil Shah (DIN: 02569359), as Non-executive, Non-Independent Director, who retired by rotation and re-appointed at 33rd AGM.
- (iii) Approval for re-appointment of Mr. Rajendran Soundaram (DIN: 02686150) for a period of 2 years from 1st June 2021 to 31st May 2023 as MD & CEO at 33rd AGM.
- (iv) Appointment of Mr. Suresh Salvi (IAS, Retd.) (DIN: 07636298) and Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar (DIN: 06861358), non-independent Directors of the Company, as Independent Directors for a term of two years commencing from 18th September 2021, by the shareholders at 33rd AGM.
- (v) Appointment of Mr. Venkat Chary (IAS, Retd.) (DIN: 00273036), whose second term as Independent Director expired on 22nd September 2021, as Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director of the Company w.e.f. 23rd September 2021, at 33rd AGM.
- (vi) Mr. Venkat Chary (DIN: 00273036), Mr. Achudananarayanan Nagarajan (DIN: 02107169) and Justice Rajan J. Kochar (Retd.) (DIN: 06710558) ceased to be the Independent Directors of the Company w.e.f. the close of business hours of September 22, 2021 as they have completed their respective second consecutive terms as Independent Directors pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and pursuant to the applicable regulations of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- (vii) Re-appointment of Justice Deepak Verma (Retd.) (DIN: 07489985) as an Independent Director of the Company for a second term of five years commencing from 8th March 2022, approved by the shareholders vide Postal Ballot conducted in March 2022.
- (viii) Re-appointment of Mrs. Chitkala Zutshi, IAS (Retd.) (DIN: 07684586) as an Independent Director of the Company for a second term of five years commencing from 8th March 2022, approved by the shareholders vide Postal Ballot conducted in March 2022.

2.3 Adequate notices has been given to all the directors of the Company to enable them to plan their schedules for the meeting(s) of the Board and its Committees, except for few committee meetings which were convened at a shorter notice to transact urgent business, which were compliant with the provisions of the Act as prescribed.

2.4 Notice for the meetings of the Board and its Committees has been given to all the directors at least seven days in advance except for the few committee meetings convened at a shorter notice, at which more than one Independent Director was present as required under Section 173(3) of the Act and SS-1.

2.5 Agenda and detailed notes on agenda were circulated to all the directors at least seven days before the meetings of the Board and its Committees, except for few committee meetings which were convened at a shorter notice.

2.6 Agenda and detailed notes on agenda for the following items were either circulated separately less than seven days before or at the meetings of the Board and its Committees and consent of the Board for so circulating them was duly obtained as required under SS-1.

- (i) Supplementary agenda notes and annexures in respect of unpublished price sensitive information such as audited financial statement / results, unaudited financial results and connected papers, and
- (ii) Additional subjects / information / presentations and supplementary notes.

2.7 A system exists for directors to seek and obtain further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meetings and for their meaningful participation at the meetings.

2.8 We note from the minutes verified that at the Board meetings held during the year:

- (i) Decisions are taken through the majority of the Board; and
- (ii) No dissenting views expressed by any Board member on any of the subject matters discussed, which is required to be captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

3. Compliance mechanism

There are adequate systems and processes prevalent in the Company, which are commensurate with its size and operations, to monitor and ensure compliance with all applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

4. Management's response on Statutory Auditor's Qualified Opinion

The Statutory Auditors vide their Independent Auditors Report dated May 27, 2022 on the financial results of the Company for the year ended 31st March 2022, have mentioned that, they have been informed by the management and those charged with Governance that, other than as stated in the notes to the Financial Statement/s, that there are no claims, litigations, potential settlements involving the Company directly or indirectly which require adjustments to/disclosures in the Statement and that the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern entity and to carry out its day to day operations/activities is not seriously affected.

5. Specific events / actions

5.1 No major corporate event has occurred during the year which has a major bearing on the Company affairs in pursuance of applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards etc. except the following;

- a) Investment in Rights issue offered by the subsidiaries TickerPlant Limited and National Spot Exchange Limited, which was duly approved by the Audit Committee, Board and NCLT Committee.
- b) Private placement of equity shares (face value Re.1/- each) by TickerPlant Limited, subsequent to which it ceased to be the Wholly Owned Subsidiary of 63 moons.
- c) Based on Hon'ble National Company Law Appellate Tribunal (NCLAT) order dated March 12, 2020, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide its order dated March 16, 2020 appointed three Nominee Directors on the Board of the Company. During the year, Hon'ble Supreme Court vide its Order dated March 09, 2022 has stayed the NCLAT order. Consequently, the MCA order dated March 16, 2020 appointing three nominee Directors i.e. Mr. Satyananda Mishra, Mrs. Malini Shankar and Mr. P. K. Gupta was stayed.
- d) The Hon'ble Supreme Court has set aside the judgement of the Hon'ble Bombay High Court dated 22nd August 2019, and upheld the attachment of properties of the Company under the Maharashtra Protection of Interest of Depositors (MPID) Act 1999, in relation to the National Spot Exchange Ltd. (NSEL) case, a subsidiary of the Company. We are informed that Appropriate steps are taken by the Company to get relief under various provisions of the MPID Act.

Date: 02.08.2022

Place: Mumbai

Venkataraman Krishnan

Associate Partner

ACS No. 8897/CP No.12459

For BNP & Associates

Company Secretaries

[Firm Regn. No. P2014MH037400]

PR No. 637/2019

UDIN: A008897D000729738

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure A and forms an integral part of this report

Annexure A

To,
The Members
63 Moons Technologies Limited

Our Secretarial Audit Report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. The Company's management is responsible for maintenance of secretarial records and compliance with the provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations and standards. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the secretarial records produced for our audit.
2. We have followed such audit practices and processes as we considered appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records.
3. We have verified the secretarial records furnished to us on a test basis to see whether the correct facts are reflected therein. We also examined the compliance procedures followed by the company on a test basis. We believe that the processes and practices we followed, provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.
4. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
5. We have obtained the management's representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events, wherever required.
6. Our Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Date: 02.08.2022
Place: Mumbai

Venkataraman Krishnan
Associate Partner
ACS No. 8897/CP No.12459
For BNP & Associates
Company Secretaries
[Firm Regn. No. P2014MH037400]
PR No. 637/2019
UDIN: A008897D000729738

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MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

OVERVIEW

A number of factors are influencing the current economic outlook leading to uncertainty and overall economic performance of the global economy appears to remain weak and fragile.

The economic scenario remains precarious amidst the headwinds from geo-political tensions due to Russia-Ukraine war, retaliatory economic sanctions on Russia, heightened inflation risks on the back of high crude oil and commodity prices that led to monetary policy tightening by many central banks world-over. These factors are largely expected to hurt the nascent economic recovery.

GLOBAL ECONOMIC REVIEW

The global economy emerged stronger from the COVID-19 pandemic supported by pent-up demand and improvement in industrial activity on the back of orchestrated efforts initiated by governments and central banks worldwide. Further, the fast-paced vaccination drive in many countries supported rapid normalization of economic activities. Due to which the global GDP growth bounced back from a contraction of 3.1% in 2020 to 6.1% in 2021. The pick-up in growth was led by Emerging Market and Developing Economies (EMDEs) where GDP growth became stronger to rise by 6.8% in 2021 from -2% recorded in the previous year. Within this group, developing Asia outperformed with GDP growth at 7.3% in 2021 against -0.8% contraction experienced during 2020.

The Advanced Economies (AEs) grew by 5.2% in 2021, and as we entered into 2022 with the rapid spread of the Omicron variant the economic activities slowed down in many countries. Also, with the breakout of war in Ukraine and subsequent retaliatory economic sanctions on Russia that led to broadening of price pressure, the expected economic growth is likely to be at a lower rate of 3.3% in 2022.

Even before the breakout of Russia-Ukraine war, inflation had risen significantly towards the end of 2021, and many central banks had stepped on a hawkish monetary policy, due to which an increase in normal interest rates across advanced economies was apparent, which is likely to harden further in the months ahead.

Global financial markets remained largely buoyant in 2021 and with most of EMDEs' Central Banks tightening the policy rates in Q1 of 2022, these led to volatility in equity and bond markets. Also, on hawkish US Federal Reserve statements and safe haven demand, the US dollar strengthened in the currency market and with fluctuations in market sentiments the currencies of EMDEs have largely depreciated.

Confluence of the above factors are also expected to lower demand for goods and services globally, leading to a decline in growth in global trade to 5% in 2022 against the growth of 10.1% posted in 2021.

INDIAN ECONOMIC REVIEW

The Indian economy staged a smart economic recovery from a contraction of 6.6% in 2020-21 to an expansion of 8.7% in 2021-22 on the back of the rapid retreat in COVID-19 infections and resumption of economic activity in normal modes. Off late, the overall economic scenario appears to be strained due to the geopolitical tensions emanating from Russia and Ukraine war that triggered a massive turbulence leading to disruptions in supply chain of commodities such as crude oil, which led to building up of inflationary pressures, compelling central bank to hike interest rates.

The economic revival witnessed in 2021-22 proved to be a boon as it helped the government to rein in the fiscal deficit and it managed to keep it close to the budgeted number at 6.9% in 2021-22. This can also be attributed to the buoyancy experienced in overall tax collections which were higher as per the revised estimates at ₹ 20.79 lakh crore in 2021-22 against a budgeted number of ₹ 17.88 lakh crore.

While overall growth rebounded in 2021-22 on the back of favorable base, however, the pace of improvement was dampened particularly in Q4 of 2021-22 on the back of global supply chain disruptions on account of Russia-Ukraine war. Owing to the continuing war-situation and supply disruptions, somewhat moderated CPI inflation around 5.5% in 2021-22 edged upwards beyond the Monetary Policy Committee's upper tolerance band during this period. The fallout of the war and retaliatory sanctions are already evident in inflation prints and have further

destabilized balance of payments situation, recording a current account deficit at 1.2% of GDP in FY22.

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK FOR 2022-23

The uncertainty prevailing due to geopolitical tensions, hardening of commodity prices, surge in crude oil prices along with persistent fears of spread of new and contagious COVID-19 variants – if not to a greater extent as seen in the past two years – continue to pose a significant downside risk for economic growth.

Amidst these clouds that threaten the economic recovery, there is a silverlining to the clouds that stem from the uptick in private as well as the public sector investments leading to boost of the overall domestic demand during 2022-23.

NEW VISION – MDA

With the advent of new digital blockchain technology, artificial intelligence and machine learning appear to have a huge scope for developing applications for empowering the markets in its journey for an inclusive digital era. 63 moons technologies limited has geared up for venturing into these digital markets with new path-breaking disruptive technology through **3.0 Verse**, a strategic business unit (SBU) under one of its subsidiaries – TickerPlant Limited.

This new venture would ride on the back of innovation, inclusivity and bringing markets closer for the benefit of end-users, which has always been the core DNA of your Company throughout, since its inception.

The SBU has already been in the market with its unique way of reaching out to the target stakeholders with the help of undertaking research, imparting knowledge, in-depth analysis and insights, training and disseminating the latest developments in the area of Blockchain technology, Metaverse, Web 3.0 and Digital Assets.

Your Company is very ambitious about the newly evolving digital technology for uplifting the quality of life of the masses.

FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULT OF OPERATIONS

Overview

The financial statements of the Company, including consolidated financial statements, have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the 2013 Act") read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, subsequent amendments thereto and the relevant provisions of the 2013 Act, as applicable.

The discussion on financial performance in the Management Discussion and Analysis relate to the standalone financial statement of the Company.

Equity Share Capital

Your Company's authorised share capital is ₹ 3,000 lacs, divided into 1,500 lacs equity shares of ₹ 2 each. The paid up share capital of your company stood at ₹ 921.57 lacs. During the year, there was no change in the paid-up share capital of your Company.

Other Equity

Your Company's other equity amounted to ₹ 258,097.98 lacs as on March 31, 2022 as against ₹ 265,060.26 lacs as on March 31, 2021. The reduction is mainly on account of net loss for the year ₹ 6,134.31 lakhs (previous year net loss ₹ 5,662.95 lakhs).

During the year, there was no change in Securities premium account which stood at ₹ 41,746.62 lacs as on March 31, 2022.

During the year, there was no change in General reserve which stood at ₹ 32,579.86 lacs as on March 31, 2022.

Total Equity

Total equity stood at ₹ 259,019.55 lacs as on March 31, 2022 as against ₹ 265,981.83 lacs as on March 31, 2021.

Deferred Tax assets (net)

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. At the year end, your Company has reported accrual of total net deferred tax asset (net) of ₹ 8,399.73 lacs compared to ₹ 8,278.62 lacs at the end of previous year. It mainly includes MAT credit entitlement of ₹ 8,585.02 lacs as at March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021.

Trade payable

At the end of the year, trade payables stood at ₹ 230.33 lacs as compared to ₹ 278.66 lacs at the end of previous year. pany.

Other financial liabilities (current + non-current)

Other financial liabilities at the end of the year amounted to ₹ 8,539.38 lacs as against of ₹ 7,964.35 lacs at the end of previous year. It mainly includes ₹ 6,911.78 lacs (previous year ₹ 5,990.21 lacs) towards unpaid dividend, which has not been paid pursuant to the Hon'ble Bombay High Court's ad interim order dated September 30, 2015 inter alia restraining the Company from distributing any dividend or depositing the same in the dividend distribution account in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 (to be read as Companies Act, 2013) pending the final hearing and disposal of the Notice of Motion. The matter is pending for hearing.

Current tax assets and liabilities

Current tax assets at the end of the year amounted to ₹ 1,729.60 lacs as against ₹ 1,480.01 lacs at the end of previous year.

Other liabilities (current + non current)

Other liabilities at the end of the year amounted to ₹ 2,525.57 lacs as against ₹ 3,177.62 lacs at the end of previous year. It mainly includes income received in advance / unearned revenue, statutory liabilities and other contractual obligations.

Provisions (current + non-current)

Total provisions as at the end of the year amounted to ₹ 1,341.63 lacs as against ₹ 1,381.35 lacs at the end of the previous year. It mainly includes provision for employee benefits viz. provision for compensated absences and gratuity.

Lease Liability (current + non-current)

At the end of the year, lease liability, accounted in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 116 Leases), stood at ₹ 27.95 lacs as compared to ₹ 49.59 lacs at the end of previous year.

Property, plant and equipment, right of use assets, investment properties and other intangible assets

The carrying value of property, plant and equipment, right of use assets, investment properties and other intangible assets is shown in the table below:

(₹ in lakhs)		
As on March 31,	2022	2021
(A) Property, plant and equipment		
Freehold Land	4,836.18	4,666.60
Buildings	14,863.47	14,846.37
Office Equipments	324.05	441.59
Computer Hardware	493.52	663.11
Furniture and Fixtures	59.34	156.38
Vehicles	347.43	48.55
Total (A)	20,923.99	20,822.60
(B) Right of use assets	26.25	45.47
(C) Investment Property	10,448.80	10,658.86
(D) Other Intangible assets including Software, Technical know-how etc.	319.18	413.23
Total (A+B+C+D)	31,718.22	31,940.16

Financial Investments (current + non-current)

The total financial investments (net of provision) as at March 31, 2022 were at ₹ 90,202.12 lacs as compared to ₹ 97,702.05 lacs as at March 31, 2021. The investments mainly comprised of investment in bonds, mutual funds and investments in subsidiaries. The reduction as compared to previous year was mainly on account of maturity of certain bonds, proceeds of which has been invested in bank fixed deposits and impairment / allowance of excepted credit of certain debentures (refer note 45, 46 & 47 to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022) and.

Trade receivables

As at the end of year, trade receivables (net of provision) were at ₹ 597.68 lacs as compared to ₹ 457.77 lacs at the end of the previous year

Cash & cash equivalents (including other bank balance)

At the end of the year cash & cash equivalent (including other bank balance) stood at ₹ 110,564.17 lacs as compared to ₹ 106,743.32 lacs at the end of the previous year. This included fixed deposits placed with banks ₹ 108,085.77 lacs (Previous Year ₹ 105,563.26 lacs).

Financial Assets: loans (current + non-current)

At the end of the year, Loans and advances (current + non-current) (net of provision) amounted to ₹ 531.62 lacs as against ₹ 530.86 lacs at the end of previous year.

Other financial assets (current and non-current):

At the end of the year, other financial assets stood at ₹ 15,009.82 lacs as against ₹ 16,535.82 lacs at the end of the previous year. It mainly includes deposit kept with Hon'ble Bombay High Court in respect of a legal matter, interest accrued on fixed deposits / bonds, fixed deposits maturing after one year and other bank balances.

Other assets (current and non-current):

At the end of the year, other assets amounted to ₹ 12,931.45 lacs as against ₹ 15,164.79 lacs at the end of the previous year. It includes income tax paid for earlier years which are in appeals, prepaid expenses and advance for goods and services etc.

Revenue Analysis

During the year, revenue from operations stood at ₹ 14,438.82 lacs compared to ₹ 14,408.15 lacs in the previous year.

Other Income

During the year, other income stood at ₹ 6,669.89 lacs as compared to ₹ 8,668.73 lacs in the previous year. The reduction was mainly on account of reduction in interest rates on bank fixed deposits. Other Income mainly includes interest from bonds, interest on bank deposits / investments, gain / (loss) on fair valuation of financial assets, rental income etc.

Expense Review

During the year, employee benefits expenses were at ₹ 10,573.27 lacs as compared to ₹ 9,565.98 lacs in the previous year, increase being in line with general industry trend.

Finance cost was ₹ 39.31 lacs during the current year as compared to ₹ 42.26 lacs during the previous year. Other expenses during the year were ₹ 10,374.36 lacs as compared to ₹ 10,584.04 lacs in the previous year.

Total expenses during the year was ₹ 22,194.31 lacs as compared to ₹ 22,035.36 lacs in the previous year.

Exceptional Items

During the year, exceptional items stood at loss of ₹ 5,208.28 lacs compared to ₹ 6,463.36 lacs in previous year. The exceptional items during the year includes (a) Impairment / allowance for expected credit loss on debentures ₹ 2,708.28 lacs compared to previous year of ₹ 5,000.00 lacs (b) allowance for expected credit loss in the value of investments in subsidiaries (net) were ₹ 2,500.00 lacs compared to previous year of ₹ 1,463.36 lacs.

Profit / (Loss)

Your Company has reported the following during the year.

- Profit before finance cost, depreciation, exceptional items and tax was ₹ 161.08 lacs, compared to profit of ₹ 2,926.86 lacs in the previous year.
- Loss before tax and exceptional items was ₹ 1,085.60 lacs, compared to ₹ 1,041.52 lacs in the previous year.
- Loss before tax was ₹ 6,293.88 lacs, compared to ₹ 5,421.84 lacs in the previous year.
- Net Loss after tax was ₹ 6,134.31 lacs, compared to ₹ 5,662.95 lacs in the previous year.
- Other Comprehensive Income, net of tax, for the year was ₹ 93.61 lacs as compared to loss of ₹ 79.00 lacs in the previous year.
- Total comprehensive Loss for the year was ₹ 6,040.70 lacs as compared to ₹ 5,583.95 lacs in the previous year.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

This report may contain forward-looking statements about 63 moons technologies ltd (formerly Financial Technologies (India) Ltd.) and its group companies, including their business operations, strategy and expected financial performance and condition. Forward-looking statements include statements that are predictive in nature, depend upon or refer to future events or conditions, or concern future financial performance (including revenues, earnings or growth rates), possible future Company plans and action. Forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and understanding about future events. They are inherently subject to, among other things, risks, uncertainties and assumptions about the Company, economic factors and the industry in general. The Company's actual performance and events could differ materially from those expressed or implied by forward-looking statements made by the Company due to, but not limited to, important factors such as general economic, political and market factors in India and internationally, competition, technological change and changes in Government regulations.

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BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY REPORT

BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY REPORT

(As per Regulation 34 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

SECTION A: GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COMPANY

1	Corporate Identity Number (CIN) of the Company	L29142TN1988PLC015586
2	Name of the Company	63 moons technologies limited
3	Registered Address	Shakti Tower – II, 4th Floor, Premises J, 766, Anna Salai, Chennai, Tamilnadu – 600002.
4	Website	www.63moons.com
5	E-mail	info@63moons.com
6	Financial Year Reported	2021-22
7	Sector(s) that the Company is engaged in (industrial activity code-wise)	IT Software, Services and related activities
8	List three key products / services that the Company manufactures / provides (as in balance sheet)	Computer Programming, Consultancy and related services
9	Total no. of locations where business activity is undertaken by the Company: (a) Number of International Locations: (b) Number of National Locations:	2 (Two --- through subsidiaries) 4 (Four)
10	Markets served by the Company-Local / State / National / International	National and International

SECTION B: FINANCIAL DETAILS OF THE COMPANY

1	Paid up Capital (INR)	₹ 921.57 lakhs
2	Total Turnover (INR)	₹ 14,438.82 lakhs
3	Total profit after taxes (INR)	Net Loss (₹ 6134.31 lakhs)
4	Total Spending on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) as percentage of profit after tax (%)	Refer Annexure II of the Directors Report
5	List of activities in which expenditure in 4 above has been incurred:-	Refer Annexure II of the Directors Report

SECTION C: OTHER DETAILS

1	Does the Company have any Subsidiary Company / Companies?	Yes
2	Do the Subsidiary Company / Companies participate in the BR Initiatives of the parent Company? If yes, then indicate the number of such subsidiary Company(s).	The subsidiary companies share the vision and values with parent Company viz., 63 moons and run their businesses responsibly. Presently, the Company has 5 (Five) operating subsidiaries
3	Do any other entity / entities (e.g. suppliers, distributors etc.) that the Company does business with, participate in the BR initiatives of the Company? If yes, then indicate the percentage of such entity / entities? [Less than 30%, 30% - 60%, More than 60%]	No. However, the Company takes feedback and suggestions from its suppliers from time to time.

SECTION D: BR INFORMATION

1. Details of Director / Directors responsible for BR

a. Details of the Director / Directors responsible for implementation of the BR (Business Responsibility) policy /policies

- i. DIN Number : 02686150
- ii. Name : Mr. S. Rajendran
- iii. Designation : Managing Director and CEO

b. Details of the BR head:

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details
1	DIN Number (If applicable)	03579332
2	Name	Devendra Kumar Agrawal
3	Designation	Whole-time Director and CFO
4	Telephone Number	022-66868010
5	Email ID	devendra.agrawal@63moons.com

2. Principle-wise (as per NVGs) BR Policy / policies:

a) Details of compliance:

Sr. No.	Questions	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8	P9
1	Do you have a policy / policies for	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
2	Has the policy been formulated in consultation with the relevant stakeholders?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y	Y
3	Does the policy conform to any national / international standards? If yes, specify? (50 words) Company's Policies for its significant operations conform to ISO 27001-ISO 9001, ISO 27001-ISO 20000-I and such other national and international standards	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y	Y
4	Has the policy being approved by the Board? If yes, has it been signed by MD / owner/ CEO / appropriate Board Director? All policies have been reviewed and approved by the Risk Management Committee of the Board and the Board	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y	Y
5	Does the Company have a specified committee of the Board / Director / Official to oversee the implementation of the policy?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y	Y
6	Indicate the link for the policy to be viewed online?	Links are given below this table								
7	Has the policy been formally communicated to all relevant internal and external stakeholders?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y	Y
8	Does the Company have in-house structure to implement the policy / policies.	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y	Y
9	Does the Company have a grievance redressal mechanism related to the policy / policies to address stakeholders' grievances related to the policy / policies?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y	Y
10	Has the Company carried out independent audit / evaluation of the working of this policy by an internal or external agency?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y

Code of Conduct (Website link: www.63moons.com/investors/corporate-governance/policies/Code-of-Conduct.pdf)

Whistle blower Policy (Website link: www.63moons.com/investors/corporate-governance/policies/Whistle-Blower-Policy.pdf)

CSR Policy (Website link: www.63moons.com/investors/corporate-governance/policies/CSR-policy.pdf)

b) If answer to the question at serial number 1 against any principle, is 'No', please explain why: (Tick up to 2 options)

Sr. No.	Questions	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8	P9
1	The Company has not understood the Principles									
2	The Company is not at a stage where it finds itself in a position to formulate and implement the policies on specified principles									
3	The Company does not have financial or manpower resources available for the task									
4	It is planned to be done within next 6 months									
5	It is planned to be done within the next 1 year									
6	Any other reason (please specify)							@		

P7 @ There is no separate policy for Public Advocacy but the Company works with Trade Chamber or Association from time to time for advancement or improvement of public good

3. Governance related to BR

a) Indicate the frequency with which the Board of Directors, Committee of the Board or CEO to assess the BR performance of the Company. Within 3 months, 3-6 months, Annually, More than 1 year

- The CSR Committee of the Board generally meets at such intervals as and when required and one CSR committee meeting and four Board meetings were held during the year.

b) Does the Company publish a BR or a Sustainability Report? What is the hyperlink for viewing this report? How frequently it is published?

- Yes, the Company publishes its Business Responsibility Report annually and is available at www.63moons.com/investors/shareholders/annual-reports.html

SECTION E: PRINCIPLE-WISE PERFORMANCE

Principle 1: Businesses should conduct and govern themselves with Ethics, Transparency and Accountability

1. Does the policy relating to ethics, bribery and corruption cover only the Company? No. Does it extend to the Group / Joint Ventures / Suppliers / Contractors / NGOs / Others? -Yes

2. How many stakeholder complaints have been received in the past financial year and what percentage was satisfactorily resolved by the management? If so, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so.

Please refer page no. 72 of this Annual Report.

Principle 2: Businesses should provide goods and services that are safe and contribute to sustainability throughout their life cycle.

1. List up to 3 of your products or services whose design has incorporated social or environmental concerns, risks and / or opportunities.

63 moons being a software solutions provider, the products and services do not involve environmental, social and governance risks. Our proactive steps and our processes and operations are devised in such a way that keeps the energy, emissions, water and waste management under control.

2. For each such product, provide the following details in respect of resource use (energy, water, raw material etc.) per unit of product (optional):

a) Reduction during sourcing / production / distribution achieved since the previous year throughout the value chain? Not applicable on product basis.

- b) Reduction during usage by consumers (energy, water) has been achieved since the previous year? Not applicable on product basis.
3. Does the Company have procedures in place for sustainable sourcing (including transportation)?
- a) If yes, what percentage of your inputs was sourced sustainably? Also, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so.
- 63 moons believes in local sourcing for its requirements of materials and talents. 63 moons have been following the policy for procurement of materials from local sources, generally, which not only reduces the cost, time and efforts but also paves the way for growth of supply around the Company's locations.
4. Has the Company taken any steps to procure goods and services from local & small producers, including communities surrounding their place of work? - Yes
- a) If yes, what steps have been taken to improve their capacity and capability of local and small vendors?
- 63 moons gives preference to small organizations and promotes products made by socially backward communities. 63 moons provides platform for selling the products made by socially and economically underprivileged men / women and supported by Non-Governmental Organizations viz., Creative Handicrafts. 63 moons also helped in one way or the other the Organizations viz., AkarSamajikSanstha, Logic Centre and Community Welfare Association (LCCWA), Srujana Charitable Trust, Health Promotion Organization etc.
5. Does the Company have a mechanism to recycle products and waste? If yes what is the percentage of recycling of products and waste (separately as <5%, 5-10%, >10%). Also, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so.
- Refer Annexure III to the Directors Report

Principle 3: Businesses should promote the well-being of all employees.

1. Please indicate the Total number of employees. 694
2. Please indicate the Total number of employees hired on temporary / contractual / casual basis.
- 29 (13 contract staff and 16 Consultant)
3. Please indicate the Number of permanent women employees. 144
4. Please indicate the Number of permanent employees with disabilities. 01
5. Do you have an employee association that is recognized by management.
- Yes. 63 moons Employees Association
6. What percentage of your permanent employees is members of this recognized employee association? 45%
7. Please indicate the Number of complaints relating to child labour, forced labour, involuntary labour, sexual harassment in the last financial year and pending, as on the end of the financial year. The Company has adopted a Policy on prevention, prohibition and redressal of sexual harassment at workplace inline with the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder. During the financial year, the Company has not received any complaints on sexual harassment.

Sr. No.	Category	No of complaints filed during the financial year	No of complaints pending as on end of the financial year
1	Child labour / forced labour / involuntary labour	Nil	Nil
2	Sexual harassment	Nil	Nil
3	Discriminatory employment	Nil	Nil

8. What percentage of your under mentioned employees were given safety & skill up-gradation training in the last year?
- a) Permanent Employees
- b) Permanent Women Employees
- c) Casual / Temporary / Contractual Employees
- d) Employees with Disabilities

Training	Permanent Employees	Permanent Women Employees	Casual/ Temporary/ Contractual Employees	Employees with Disabilities
Key to Customer Success Training Program	36	3	2	0
Virtual Drill on Work Life Balance	28	7	0	0
New People's Manager	40	7	0	0
Training of F&B staff	0	0	21	0
Outbound Train-ing for Sr. Officials	14	0	0	0
Total Attended	118	17	23	0
Total Count	694	144	32	1
Total %	17%	12%	72%	0%

Principle 4: Businesses should respect the interests of, and be responsive towards all stakeholders, especially those who are disadvantaged, vulnerable and marginalised.

- Has the Company mapped its internal and external stakeholders?
Yes
- Out of the above, has the Company identified the disadvantaged, vulnerable & marginalized stakeholders.
Yes
- Are there any special initiatives taken by the Company to engage with the disadvantaged, vulnerable and marginalized stakeholders. If so, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so.
Yes. Our CSR initiatives spreads across education for under privileged, support poor people with disabilities, empower women and youth by providing them skill upgradation so that they can earn their livelihood. The Company has been awarded CSR Leadership award by World CSR Congress under Global CSR Excellence & Leadership award as recognition of CSR program undertaken by the Company.

Principle 5: Businesses should respect and promote human rights

- Does the policy of the Company on human rights cover only the Company or extend to the Group / Joint Ventures / Suppliers / Contractors / NGOs / Others?
The principles stated in our Policies includes respect for human rights and dignity to all stakeholders and extend to the Group, suppliers and all those who work with us.
- How many stakeholder complaints have been received in the past financial year and what percent was satisfactorily resolved by the management?
No complaint related to violation of fundamental human rights of individuals was received during the financial year.

Principle 6: Business should respect, protect, and make efforts to restore the environment

- Does the policy related to Principle 6 cover only the Company or extends to the Group / Joint Ventures / Suppliers / Contractors / NGOs / others.
The Policy is applicable to 63 moons, its subsidiaries and vendors
- Does the Company have strategies / initiatives to address global environmental issues such as climate change, global warming, etc? Y / N. If yes, please give hyperlink for webpage etc.
63 moons is committed to addressing the climate change risks in various ways. The Company has taken up various initiatives towards resource conservation and preservation. Our initiatives for conservation of water, energy, waste recycling have witnessed increase in efficiencies over the years. For detailed report on energy conservation, please refer Annexure III to the Directors Report
- Does the Company identify and assess potential environmental risks? Y/N – Yes, as part of Environmental Management System implementation (ISO14001)

4. Does the Company have any project related to Clean Development Mechanism? If so, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so. Also, if Yes, whether any environmental compliance report is filed?
Not applicable.
5. Has the Company undertaken any other initiatives on – clean technology, energy efficiency, renewable energy, etc. Y/N. If yes, please give hyperlink for web page etc.
Yes, please refer to our Directors' Report – Annexure III in this Report.
6. Are the Emissions / Waste generated by the Company within the permissible limits given by CPCB / SPCB for the financial year being reported?
Yes, our emissions and waste generated are within the permissible limits.
7. Number of show cause / legal notices received from CPCB / SPCB which are pending (i.e. not resolved to satisfaction) as on end of Financial Year.
Nil

Principle 7: Businesses, when engaged in influencing public and regulatory policy, should do so in a responsible manner

1. Is your Company a member of any trade and chamber or association? If Yes, Name only those major ones that your business deals with: ASSOCHAM, FICCI, CII, EU, AIMA.
2. Have you advocated / lobbied through above associations for the advancement or improvement of public good? Yes/ No; if yes specify the broad areas (drop box: Governance and Administration, Economic Reforms, Inclusive Development Policies, Energy security, Water, Food Security, Sustainable Business Principles, Others)
No

Principle 8: Businesses should support inclusive growth and equitable development

1. Does the Company have specified programmes / initiatives / projects in pursuit of the policy related to Principle 8? If yes details thereof.
The Directors' Report – Annexure II shares details of our CSR initiatives.
2. Are the programmes / projects undertaken through in-house team / own foundation / external NGO / government structures / any other organization?
63 moons uses these modes and external partners form an important component in the execution of such initiatives.
3. Have you done any impact assessment of your initiative?
Yes. External agencies carry out Impact assessment of CSR programs and reviewed by Board committee. The internal team also reviews the report on a regular basis.
4. What is your Company's direct contribution to community development projects - Amount in INR and the details of the projects undertaken.
Please refer to Annexure II of Directors Report in this Annual Report.
5. Have you taken steps to ensure that this community development initiative is successfully adopted by the community? Please explain in 50 words, or so.
Yes. The initiatives taken under CSR are tracked and monitored to determine the objective achieved and the benefits to the community. Field visits by CSR working committee, follow-up on reports are regularly carried out. The Company has engaged Consultant in addition to the Company's CSR Working Committee to drive and monitor the CSR activities.

Principle 9: Businesses should engage with and provide value to their customers and consumers in a responsible manner

1. What percentage of customer complaints / consumer cases are pending as on the end of financial year.
Nil
2. Does the Company display product information on the product label, over and above what is mandated as per local laws? Yes / No / N.A. / Remarks(additional information)
Not applicable.

3. Is there any case filed by any stakeholder against the Company regarding unfair trade practices, irresponsible advertising and / or anti-competitive behaviour during the last five years and pending as on end of financial year. If so, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so.

No, There are no cases pending in respect of unfair trade practices, irresponsible advertising or anti-competitive behaviour as on March 31, 2022.

4. Did your Company carry out any consumer survey / consumer satisfaction trends?
Yes.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

In accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('Listing Regulations') the detailed report on Corporate Governance of 63 moons technologies limited for the Financial Year 2021-2022 is set out hereunder:

1. COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Your Company's corporate governance is based on a philosophy of trusteeship, transparency, empowerment, accountability, consistency and ethical corporate behaviour.

Your Company adheres to the corporate practices as per the applicable Listing Regulations and also constantly strives to adopt globally emerging best practices.

The Company's governance framework is based on the following principles:

- Well informed and Independent Board to ensure highest standards of corporate governance;
- Systems and processes in place for Internal control;
- Board overseeing function of Company's Management and thus protects long term interests of stakeholders;
- Timely disclosure of requisite material, operational and financial information to the stakeholders.

The Company is in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Listing Regulations.

Governance Structure

The Corporate Governance structure at 63 moons technologies limited is as follows:

- a) Board of Directors:** The Board provides leadership, guidance, objective and an independent view to the Company's management to have long-term vision to improve the quality of governance and ensuring that the management complies with ethics, transparency and disclosure requirements. The Company has an established framework for the meetings of the Board and Board Committees. The Board periodically reviews related party transactions, risk mitigation measures, presentations from MD & CEO, Business heads, CFO and Company Secretary.
- b) Committees of the Board:** Board Committees are the pillar of corporate governance. In this background various committees, statutory as well as non-statutory, are formed, for improving Board effectiveness and efficiency where more focused, specialized and technically oriented discussions are required. Committees enable better management of the Board's time and allow in-depth scrutiny and focused attention. The Board has constituted the following mandatory committees viz., Audit Committee, Nomination & Remuneration Committee, Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee apart from non-mandatory committees mentioned elsewhere in this report. Each of the Committees has been mandated to operate within a given framework.

Governance Policies

The Company has adopted various codes and policies to carry out the duties in an ethical manner and to ensure transparency in dealing with all stakeholders. Some of the codes and policies are:

- Code of Conduct for Board and Senior Management
- Code of Conduct to Regulate, Monitor and Report Trading by Designated Persons
- Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information
- Vigil Mechanism and Whistle Blower Policy
- Corporate Social Responsibility Policy
- Policy for determining Material Subsidiaries
- Policy on Related Party Transactions
- Policy for determination of materiality of event or information

- Nomination and Remuneration Policy
- Archival Policy
- Succession Policy

2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS (BOARD)

2.1 Composition and Category of Board of Directors

The Board comprises an optimum combination of Executive and Non-Executive (Independent and Non-Independent) Directors with a good mix of age, experience & background which enables the Board to discharge its responsibilities and provide effective entrepreneurial leadership to the business. As on 31st March 2022, the Board consisted of nine (9) professionally competent members comprising one Managing Director, one Whole-time Director, four Independent Directors and three Non-Independent Non-Executive Directors. The Composition of the Board is in conformity with Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 17 of the Listing Regulations. The position of the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer is held by separate individuals, where the Chairman of the Board is a Non-Executive Director. None of the Directors of your Company are inter-se related to each other. The composition of the Board as on date is as per the table given below:

Name of Director	Director Identification Number (DIN)	Designation	Category	Shareholding in the Company as of 31st March, 2022 (No. of shares) ¹²
Mr. Venkat Chary ¹	00273036	Non-Executive Chairman	Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director	Nil
Justice R. J. Kochar (Retd.) ²	06710558	Director	Independent, Non-Executive Director	Nil
Mr. A. Nagarajan ³	02107169	Director	Independent, Non-Executive Director	Nil
Justice Deepak Verma (Retd.) ⁴	07489985	Director	Independent, Non-Executive Director	Nil
Mrs. Chitkala Zutshi ⁵	07684586	Director	Independent, Non-Executive Director	Nil
Mr. Suresh Salvi ⁶	07636298	Director	Independent, Non-Executive Director	Nil
Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar ⁷	06861358	Director	Independent, Non-Executive Director	Nil
Mr. Sunil Shah	02569359	Director	Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director	Nil
Mr. Devender Singh Rawat	02587354	Director	Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director	Nil
Mr. S. Rajendran ⁸	02686150	Managing Director & CEO	Executive Director	Nil
Mr. Devendra Agrawal	03579332	Whole-time Director & CFO	Executive Director	200
Mr. Satyananda Mishra ⁹	01807198	Director	Nominee Director	Nil
Dr. Malini V. Shankar ¹⁰	01602529	Director	Nominee Director	Nil
Mr. Parveen Kumar Gupta ¹¹	02895343	Director	Nominee Director	Nil

¹Ceased as Independent Director w.e.f. 22.09.2021. Appointed as Non-Executive Director w.e.f. 23.09.2021

^{2 & 3}Ceased w.e.f. 22.09.2021 on completion of second term as Independent Director

^{4 & 5}Re-appointed as Independent Director w.e.f. 08.03.2022 for the second term of five consecutive years.

^{6 & 7}Appointed as Independent Director w.e.f. 18.09.2021 for the term of two years

⁸Re-appointed as Managing Director & CEO w.e.f. 01.06.2021

^{9, 10, 11}Based on Hon'ble NCLAT order dated 12th March, 2020, Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide its order dated 16th March, 2020 had communicated to the Company about appointment of three Nominee Directors on their Board with immediate effect. The Company had filed an appeal challenging the order dated 12th March, 2020, passed by Hon'ble NCLAT before Hon'ble Supreme Court along with an application for stay of the Order passed by MCA. Hon'ble Supreme Court has vide its order dated 9th March, 2022 stayed the NCLAT order and consequently MCA order dated 16th March, 2020 remain stayed.

¹²As on date of cessation for ceased Directors

2.2 Independent Directors

Independent Directors are non-executive directors as defined under Regulation 16 (1) (b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Section 149(6) of the Act alongwith Rules framed thereunder. Independent Directors bring objective view and valuable outside perspective to the Board deliberations. They act as the guardians of the interest of all stakeholders, especially in the areas of potential conflict of interest. The Company has received declarations from all the Independent Directors confirming that they meet the criteria of independence laid down under the Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Regulations. Further, pursuant to the notification dated October 22, 2019 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Independent Directors have completed the registration with the Independent Directors Databank and the Company has received requisite disclosures in this regard. The Board of Directors, based on the declaration(s) received from the Independent Directors, have verified the veracity of such disclosures and confirm that the Independent Directors fulfil the conditions of independence specified in the Listing Regulations and are independent of the management of the Company.

A formal letter of appointment stating the terms and conditions of appointment of Independent Director as required under the Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Regulations is posted on the website of the Company (Weblink: www.63moons.com/investors/corporate-governance/policies/terms-and-conditions-of-appointment-of-Independent-Director.pdf)

2.3 Skills, Expertise and Competencies of Directors

Considering, the present state of affairs of the Company mainly revolving around treasury management, existing business operation, follow up on numerous legal cases, general corporate governance, support of administration etc, the Board identified the following core skills / expertise / competencies amongst its members for the Board to function effectively:

- Legal and Regulatory compliance;
- Treasury management, banking & investments;
- Corporate Governance;
- Functional and managerial experience, knowledge and skills in accounting, finance and audit, general management practices, crisis response and management, human resources, risk management, senior level government experience and academic background;
- Diversity of thought, experience, knowledge, perspective, gender and culture.

Board Membership Criteria/skills:

The Board comprises of the eminent personalities and leaders in their respective fields. The NRC alongwith the Board identifies the candidate based on well defined selection criteria viz., qualifications, skills, expertise, diversity and experience etc. In case of appointment of Independent Directors, NRC Committee satisfy itself with regards to the independence of Directors to enable the Board to discharge its functions and duties effectively. As required under Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, all the Independent Directors have registered themselves with the Independent Directors Databank. The Board and NRC ensures that the candidates identified for appointment as Directors are not disqualified for appointment under section 164 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

The NRC has identified the following core skills, expertise and competencies required in the context of the Company's business which are available with the Board:

Skills	Definition
Wide Management and Leadership experience	Strong management and leadership experience, strategic planning, operations in technology, banking, investments and finance, senior level Government experience and academic administration.
Strategy and Planning	Advising and guiding management team in deciding various business related strategies, decision making process in uncertain environment.

Skills	Definition
Corporate Governance, Risk and compliance	Experience in developing best governance practices, managing stakeholders interest and Company's responsibility towards customers, employees, suppliers, regulatory bodies. To identify key risks associated with the Company including legal, regulatory framework and its mitigation.
Functional and managerial experience	Knowledge and skills in Accounting and finance, crisis response and management, industry knowledge, sales and marketing.
Global exposure	Understanding of global business dynamics across various international markets and guiding the management.

2.4 Board Meetings

Decisions relating to business strategies, legal issues, risks, policies and operations of the Company are arrived at the meetings of the Board held periodically. The notice and detailed agenda along with relevant notes and other material information are provided to the Directors in a timely manner to enable them to prepare for the Board Meeting. However, in case of Business exigencies, the Board's approval is taken by passing resolutions by circulation, as permitted by law, which is duly noted in the subsequent Board meeting.

2.4.1 Number of Board Meetings held and the dates thereof

The Board of Directors met four (4) times during the year. The dates of meetings being 27th May 2021, 12th August 2021, 21st October 2021 and 11th February 2022.

Necessary quorum was present in all the meetings.

2.4.2 Attendance at the Board Meetings and the last Annual General Meeting

The table mentioned below gives the attendance record of Directors at the Board Meetings held during FY 2021-22 as well as the last Annual General Meeting, which was held on 18th September 2021. It also gives details of the number of other Directorships and Chairmanship / Membership of Committees, such Directors hold in various public companies, as on 31st March 2022.

Name of Director	No. of Board Meetings held during respective tenure of Director	Attendance Particulars		No. of other Directorships and Committee Membership / Chairmanship		
		Board Meetings	Last AGM	Committee		
				Director-ship of other Indian Public Companies	Member-ship	Chairman-ship
Mr. Venkat Chary	4	4	Yes	-	-	-
Justice Deepak Verma (Retd.)	4	4	No	1	-	-
Mrs. Chitkala Zutshi	4	4	No	-	-	-
Mr. Suresh Salvi	4	4	Yes	-	-	-
Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar	4	4	Yes	-	-	-
Mr. Sunil Shah	4	4	Yes	1	-	-
Mr. Devender Singh Rawat	4	4	No	-	-	-
Mr. S. Rajendran	4	4	Yes	-	-	-
Mr. Devendra Agrawal	4	4	Yes	5	-	-

The table mentioned below gives the attendance record of ex-Directors (i.e. those who ceased/ appointment stayed to be Directors during the FY 2021-22) at the Board Meetings held during the FY 2021-22 as well as the last Annual General Meeting. It also gives details of the number of other Directorships and Chairmanship / Membership of Committees, such Directors holds in various Companies, on the date of their cessation.

Name of Director	No. of Board Meetings held during respective tenure of Director	Attendance Particulars		No. of other Directorships and Committee Membership / Chairmanship		
		Board Meetings	Last AGM	Committee		
				Director-ship of other Indian Public Companies	Member-ship	Chairman-ship
Justice R. J. Kochar (Retd.) ¹	2	2	Yes	-	-	-
Mr. A. Nagarajan ²	2	2	Yes	-	-	-
Mr. Satyananda Mishra ³	4	4	No	3	1	-
Dr. Malini V. Shankar ⁴	4	4	No	5	2	1
Mr. Parveen Kumar Gupta ⁵	4	4	No	3	-	-

^{1 & 2} Ceased w.e.f. 22.09.2021 on completion of second term as Independent Director

^{3, 4, 5} Nominee Directors appointed by Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide its order dated 16th March 2020, based on NCLAT order dated 12th March 2020. The said NCALT order was stayed by Hon'ble Supreme Court vide its order dated 9th March, 2022 and consequently MCA order remain stayed.

Notes:

1. Comprises directorship, membership & chairmanship of committees of only Indian Public Limited Companies.
2. The committees considered for the above purpose are those as specified in Regulation 26 of the Listing Regulations i.e. Audit Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee.
3. None of the Directors on the Board hold directorship in more than ten public companies. Further none of them is a member of more than ten committees or chairman of more than five committees across all the public companies in which he is a Director.
4. Brief profile of each of the above Directors is available on the Company's website (www.63moons.com)

2.4.3 Board Support

The Company Secretary attends the Board / Committee meetings and advises the Board on Compliances with applicable laws and governance.

2.4.4 Post meeting mechanism

The important decisions taken at Board / Committee meetings are communicated to the concerned departments / divisions.

2.4.5 Familiarization programme for Independent Directors

The Company had conducted various sessions during the financial year to familiarize Independent Directors with the Company's annual / quarterly financial performance & reporting / business review / budgets, regulatory framework and updates, legal status and updates etc.

The details of such familiarization programs are displayed on the website of the Company and can be accessed at www.63moons.com/investors/corporate-governance/policies/familiarization-programme-fy-2021-22.pdf

At the time of appointing a Director, a formal letter of appointment is given to the Independent Directors, which explains the role, function, duties and responsibilities expected from a Director of the Company. The Director is also explained in detail the compliance required under the Companies Act, 2013, applicable listing regulations and other relevant regulations and affirmation taken from the Directors, with respect to the same.

2.4.6 Code of Conduct

The Company has formulated and implemented a Code of Conduct for the Board of Directors and Senior Management of the Company (one level below the Board). Annual affirmation of compliance with the Code has been made by the Directors and Senior Management of the Company. The Code has also been posted on the website of the Company (Weblink: www.63moons.com/investors/corporate-governance/policies/code-of-conduct.pdf). The necessary declaration by the Managing Director & CEO of the Company regarding compliance of the Code of Conduct by Directors and Senior Management of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March 2022 forms a part of the Corporate Governance Report.

2.4.7 Conflict of Interest

The Company's code of conduct provides for the Directors / Senior management / Employees to avoid in dealings which may be in conflict with the interest of the Company. If such an interest exists, they are required to make adequate disclosures to the Board or to the Compliance officer of the Company. An Interested Director neither participates in the meeting nor votes in respect of any item in which he is interested. The Board members inform the Company on an annual basis about their Directorship and Committee positions in other companies including Chairmanship and notifies changes during the year. Such disclosures are placed before the Board. Members of the Board avoid conflict of interest in the decision making process, while discharging their duties.

2.4.8 Insider Trading Policy

The Company has formulated 'Code of Conduct to Regulate, Monitor and Report Trading by Designated Persons', 'Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information' and 'Policy for Procedure of Inquiry in case of leak of UPSI' in compliance with the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 to deter the insider trading in the securities of the Company based on Unpublished Price Sensitive Information (UPSI). The aforesaid policies are amended from time to time reflecting the changes brought in by SEBI in the Insider Trading Regulations. Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information is available on the website of the Company (Weblink: www.63moons.com/investors/corporate-governance/policies/code-of-practices-and-procedures-for-fair-disclosure-of-upsi.pdf)

2.5 The details of directorship of the Company's Directors in other Indian public limited Companies as on 31st March 2022 are given below:

Sr. No.	Name of the Director	Other Listed Company Directorship (alongwith category of directorship)	Other Directorship details
1	Mr. Venkat Chary	Nil	Nil
2	Justice Deepak Verma (Retd.)	Nil	TickerPlant Limited
3	Mrs. Chitkala Zutshi	Nil	Nil
4	Mr. Suresh Salvi	Nil	Nil
5	Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar	Nil	Nil
6	Mr. Sunil Shah	Nil	NTT Data Payment Services India Limited
7	Mr. Devender Singh Rawat	Nil	Nil
8	Mr. Devendra Agrawal	Nil	(i) Riskraft Consulting Limited (under Liquidation), (ii) IBS Forex Limited (under Liquidation), (iii) Financial Technologies Communications Limited, (iv) Global Payment Networks Limited, (v) FT Knowledge Management Company Limited
9	Mr. S. Rajendran	Nil	Nil

The details of directorship of the Company's ex-Directors (i.e. those who ceased to be Directors during FY 2021-22) in other Indian public limited Companies on the date of their cessation are given below:

Sr. No.	Name of the Director	Other Listed Company Directorship (alongwith category of directorship)	Other Directorship details
1	Justice R. J. Kochar (Retd.)	Nil	Nil
2	Mr. A. Nagarajan	Nil	Nil
3	Mr. Satyananda Mishra ¹	(i) UGRO Capital Limited - Independent Director	(i) Paradeep Phosphates Limited, (ii) CDSL IFSC Limited
4	Dr. Malini V. Shankar ²	Nil	(i) Tamil Nadu Water Investment Company Limited, (ii) IL&FS Township and Urban Assets Limited, (iii) IL&FS Tamil Nadu Power Company Limited, (iv) New Tirupur Area Development Corporation Limited, (v) Infrastructure Leasing and Financial Services Limited
5	Mr. Parveen Kumar Gupta ³	Nil	(i) Midland Microfin Limited, (ii) Utkarsh Small Finance Bank Limited, (iii) Protium Finance Limited

^{1,2,3}Nominee Directors appointed by Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide its order dated 16th March 2020, based on NCLAT order dated 12th March 2020. The said NCALT order was stayed by Hon'ble Supreme Court vide its order dated 9th March, 2022 and consequently MCA order remain stayed.

2.6 Information provided to the Board

The Board of the Company is presented with all the information whenever applicable and materially significant. This information is submitted either as a part of agenda papers or tabled before the Board Meeting or circulated to the members of the Board. This information inter-alia includes:

- Annual operating plans and budgets and any updates.
- Capital budgets and any updates.
- Quarterly results for the Company and its operating divisions or business segments.
- Minutes of meetings of audit committee and other committees of the board of directors.
- The information on recruitment and remuneration of senior officers just below the level of board of directors, including appointment or removal of Chief Financial Officer and the Company Secretary.
- Show cause, demand, prosecution notices and penalty notices, which are materially important.
- Fatal or serious accidents, dangerous occurrences, any material effluent or pollution problems.
- Any material default in financial obligations to and by the Company, or substantial non-payment for goods sold by the Company.
- Any issue, which involves possible public or product liability claims of substantial nature, including any judgement or order which, may have passed strictures on the conduct of the Company or taken an adverse view regarding another enterprise that may have negative implications on the Company.
- Details of any joint venture or collaboration agreement.
- Transactions that involve substantial payment towards goodwill, brand equity, or intellectual property.
- Any significant development in Human Resources / Industrial Relations front like signing of wage agreement, implementation of Voluntary Retirement Scheme etc.
- Sale of investments, subsidiaries, assets which are material in nature and not in normal course of business.
- Quarterly details of foreign exchange exposures and the steps taken by management to limit the risks of adverse exchange rate movement, if material.
- Quarterly Corporate Governance report and other periodical disclosures as submitted to stock exchanges.
- Quarterly Legal MIS and status update on ongoing legal cases.
- Quarterly review and noting of Related Party Transactions.
- Non-compliance of any regulatory, statutory or listing requirements and shareholders service such as non-payment of dividend, delay in share transfer etc.

3 BOARD COMMITTEES:

Details of the Board Committees are provided hereunder:

a) Audit Committee

Mrs. Chitkala Zutshi – Independent Director (Chairperson of the Committee)
Mr. Venkat Chary – Non-Executive Director
Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar – Independent Director

b) Nomination & Remuneration Committee

Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar – Independent Director (Chairman of the Committee)
Mr. Venkat Chary – Non-Executive Director
Mrs. Chitkala Zutshi – Independent Director

c) Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

Mr. Suresh Salvi – Independent Director (Chairman of the Committee)
Mr. Venkat Chary – Non-Executive Director
Mr. S. Rajendran – MD & CEO

d) Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

Mrs. Chitkala Zutshi – Independent Director (Chairperson of the Committee)
Mr. Suresh Salvi – Independent Director
Mr. S. Rajendran – MD & CEO

e) Risk Management Committee

Mr. Suresh Salvi – Independent Director
Mr. S. Rajendran – MD & CEO
Mr. Devendra Agrawal – Whole-time Director & CFO

f) Investment Committee

Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar – Independent Director
Mr. Sunil Shah – Non-Executive Director
Mr. S. Rajendran – MD & CEO
Mr. Devendra Agrawal – Whole-time Director & CFO

g) Restructuring Committee

Mr. Venkat Chary – Non-Executive Director (Chairman of the Committee)
Mrs. Chitkala Zutshi – Independent Director
Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar – Independent Director
Mr. S. Rajendran – MD & CEO

h) Governance Committee

Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar – Independent Director (Chairman of the Committee)
Mr. Sunil Shah – Non-Executive Director
Mr. Devendra Agrawal – Whole-time Director & CFO

i) National Company Law Tribunal Committee (NCLT Committee)*

Justice G. P. Mathur (Retd.) – Appointed by NCLT
Dr. Anup K. Pujari – Nominated by Union of India
Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar – Independent Director
Mr. S. Rajendran – MD & CEO
Mrs. Chitkala Zutshi – Independent Director

**Constituted by NCLAT, New Delhi*

4 AUDIT COMMITTEE

4.1 Composition, Names of Members and Chairperson

The Audit Committee comprises of two Independent Directors and one Non-Executive Director:

Name of the Member	Designation	Category
Mrs. Chitkala Zutshi ¹	Chairperson	Independent Director
Mr. Venkat Chary	Chairman ² / Member	Non-Executive Director
Justice R. J. Kochar (Retd.) ³	Member	Independent Director
Mr. A. Nagarajan ⁴	Member	Independent Director
Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar	Member	Independent Director

¹Appointed as Chairperson w.e.f. 23.09.2021

²Ceased as Independent Director & Chairman w.e.f. 22.09.2021. Appointed as Non-Executive Director & Member of the Committee w.e.f. 23.09.2021.

^{3 & 4}Ceased as Independent Director and member w.e.f. 22.09.2021

The Composition of the Audit Committee is in compliance with the provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act 2013 and Regulation 18 of the Listing Regulations.

4.2 Powers of the Audit Committee

- To call for comments on Auditor's Report, about internal control systems, the scope of the audit, including the observations of the auditors and review of financial statements before their submission to the Board and may also discuss any related issues with the internal and statutory auditors and the management of the Company.
- To investigate any activity within its terms of reference and shall have full access to the information and records of the Company.
- To seek information from any employee.
- To obtain outside legal or other professional advice.
- To secure attendance of outsiders with relevant expertise, if it considers necessary.

4.3 Brief Description of terms of reference / Responsibility of the Audit Committee

Audit Committee shall act in accordance with the terms of reference specified in writing by the Board which shall, inter alia, include,

- 4.3.1 Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;
- 4.3.2 Recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the Company;
- 4.3.3 Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors;
- 4.3.4 Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the board for approval, with particular reference to:
 - a. Matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement to be included in the Board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section 3 of section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013, as may be applicable.
 - b. Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same
 - c. Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management
 - d. Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings
 - e. Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements
 - f. Disclosure of any related party transactions
 - g. Modified opinion(s) in the draft audit report
- 4.3.5 Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the board for approval;
- 4.3.6 Reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than

those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilization of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter;

- 4.3.7 Review and monitor the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process;
- 4.3.8 Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties;
- 4.3.9 Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- 4.3.10 Valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary;
- 4.3.11 Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- 4.3.12 Reviewing with the management performance of statutory and internal auditors and adequacy of the internal control systems;
- 4.3.13 Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit;
- 4.3.14 Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on;
- 4.3.15 Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the board;
- 4.3.16 Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
- 4.3.17 To look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors;
- 4.3.18 To review the functioning of the Whistle Blower mechanism / Vigil Mechanism;
- 4.3.19 Approval of appointment of CFO (i.e., the whole-time Finance Director or any other person heading the finance function or discharging that function) after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate;
- 4.3.20 Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the Audit Committee.
- 4.3.21 Reviewing the utilization of loans and / or advances from / investment by the holding Company in the subsidiary exceeding Rupees 100 Crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower.

4.4 Review of information by Audit Committee

The Audit Committee reviews the following information:

- 4.4.1 Management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations;
- 4.4.2 Statement of significant related party transactions, submitted by management;
- 4.4.3 Management letters / letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors;
- 4.4.4 Internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses; and
- 4.4.5 The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Chief internal auditor shall be subject to review by the Audit Committee.
- 4.4.6 Statement of deviations:
 - a) quarterly statement of deviation(s) including report of monitoring agency, if applicable, submitted to stock exchange(s) in terms of Regulation 32(1) of the Listing Regulations.
 - b) annual statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice in terms of Regulation 32(7) of the Listing Regulations.

4.5 Meetings and attendance

The Audit Committee met five (5) times during the year. The dates of the meeting being 26th May 2021, 11th August 2021, 20th October 2021, 24th November 2021 and 10th February 2022. The MD & CEO, Chief Finance Officer, Partners / Representatives of the Statutory Auditors and the Internal Auditors were some of the invitees to the Audit Committee meetings. The Company Secretary of the Company acts as the secretary to the Committee. The Internal Auditor reports directly to the Audit Committee.

Name of the Member	No. of Audit Committee Meetings held during the tenure of Members	Attendance Particulars
Mrs. Chitkala Zutshi	3	3
Mr. Venkat Chary	5	5
Justice R. J. Kochar (Retd.)	2	2
Mr. A. Nagarajan	2	2
Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar	5	5

4.6 Internal Controls and Governance Processes

The Company has appointed a firm of Chartered Accountants as Internal Auditors to inter alia review and report on the internal control system. The report of the Internal Auditors is reviewed by the Audit Committee. The Internal Auditors attend the meetings of the Audit Committee on regular basis and submit their recommendations to the Audit Committee which provides a road map for future action.

5 NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE (NRC)

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee has been constituted to meet the requirements of Section 178 of the Companies Act 2013 and Regulation 19 of the Listing Regulations.

5.1 Composition, Names of Members and Chairperson:

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee comprises of two Independent Directors & one Non-Executive Director:

Name of the Member	Designation	Category
Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar ¹	Chairman	Independent Director
Mr. A. Nagarajan ²	Chairman	Independent Director
Justice R. J. Kochar (Retd.) ³	Member	Independent Director
Mr. Venkat Chary ⁴	Member	Non-Executive Director
Mrs. Chitkala Zutshi ⁵	Member	Independent Director

¹Appointed as Chairman w.e.f. 23.09.2021

^{2 & 3} Ceased as Independent Director and member w.e.f. 22.09.2021

⁴Ceased as Independent Director & Member w.e.f. 22.09.2021. Appointed as Non-Executive Director & Member of the Committee w.e.f. 23.09.2021.

⁵Appointed as Member w.e.f. 23.09.2021

5.2 Brief Description of terms of reference

The Role, terms of reference and powers of Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC), inter alia, includes the following

- 5.2.1 To identify persons who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in the senior management;
- 5.2.2 To formulate a criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director;
- 5.2.3 To recommend to the Board, appointment and removal of the identified directors and senior management personnel based on the laid down criteria and formulated policy;
- 5.2.4 To formulate criteria for evaluation of Independent Directors and the Board and shall carry out evaluation of every director's performance;
- 5.2.5 To review the performance of the Managing Director and Whole-time Director and recommend to the Board in this regard;
- 5.2.6 To devise a policy on the Board diversity;
- 5.2.7 To recommend to the Board a policy relating to the remuneration for the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees. Also, to recommend to the Board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management;

- 5.2.8 To review the overall compensation policy and service agreements of the Managing Director and Whole-time Directors and other employees of appropriate cadres;
- 5.2.9 To evaluate the remuneration paid by comparable organizations;
- 5.2.10 To monitor and implement the ESOS / ESOP Scheme and also formulate such schemes hereafter for grant of Stock Options to the employees including the Managing and the Whole-time Director (other than Promoter Directors) in accordance with the relevant regulations in force at the time; To issue and allot equity shares and recommend the same to the Board for its consideration and monitor proper implementation thereof;
- 5.2.11 The Committee discharges such other function(s) or exercise such power(s) delegated to the Committee by the Board from time to time.

During the year under review, the Committee met thrice (3) viz. 26th May 2021, 11th August 2021 and 10th February 2022.

Name of the Member	No. of Nomination & Remuneration Committee Meetings held during the tenure of the member	Attendance Particulars
Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar	1	1
Mr. A. Nagarajan	2	2
Justice R. J. Kochar (Retd.)	2	2
Mr. Venkat Chary	3	3
Mrs. Chitkala Zutshi	1	1

5.3 Nomination and Remuneration Policy

Pursuant to Regulation 19 of the Listing Regulations and Section 178 of the Act, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee has adopted a Nomination and Remuneration Policy which has following objectives:

- guide and recommend to the Board in relation to appointment and removal of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management personnel.
- to evaluate the performance of the members of the Board and provide necessary report to the Board for further evaluation by the Board.
- to recommend to the Board on Remuneration payable to the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Personnel.
- to ratify / approve, the appointment / removal / remuneration of Senior Management and other employees, other than Executive Directors and KMPs. For Senior Management & other employees, the Committee shall consider the recommendation of the MD & CEO and / or HR Head.

The policy is placed on Company website www.63moons.com/investors/corporate-governance/policies/Nomination-and-Remuneration-Policy.pdf.

5.4 Performance evaluation criteria

The Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 mandates evaluation of performance of Independent Directors, Non-Independent Directors and Chairman. The Board has carried out the annual evaluation of its own performance, its committees and its Directors individually. The performance of the Board was evaluated by the Board after seeking inputs from all the directors on the basis of the criteria such as the Board composition and structure, effectiveness of board processes, information and functioning, etc.

The performance of the committees was evaluated by the Board after seeking inputs from the members on the basis of the criteria such as the composition of committees, effectiveness of committee meetings, etc.

Performance evaluation of Independent Directors was done by the entire Board of Directors, excluding the Directors being evaluated. The performance evaluation criterion for Independent Directors is determined by Nomination and Remuneration Committee. Factors considered for performance evaluation of Independent Directors include commitment to fulfilment to the Directors obligations and fiduciary responsibilities, participation and contribution by a Director, independence of behaviour and judgement, ability to address challenges and risk, effective deployment of knowledge and expertise, long term strategic planning, effective management of relationship with stakeholders, maintenance of confidentiality & integrity, objective view in evaluation of performance of board and

management, etc. The performance evaluation of Managing Director, Whole-time Director and the non-executive Directors was carried out by the NRC as well as Independent directors in their independent meeting.

5.5 Directors' Remuneration

i. Remuneration paid to the Executive Directors

The aggregate value of salary, perquisites paid for the year ended 31st March 2022 to the Managing Director and Whole-time Director are as follows:

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	S. Rajendran (Managing Director & CEO)	Devendra Agrawal (Whole-time Director & CFO)	Total
Salaries and Allowances*	176.76	73.28	250.04
Monetary value of perquisites	0.40	-	0.40
Commission	-	-	-
TOTAL	177.16	73.28	250.44

*Post-employment benefits which are actuarially determined on overall basis are not included.

*The above remuneration includes basic salary, allowances, taxable value of perquisites excluding Company contribution towards PF etc. It excludes gratuity and compensated absences which are actuarially valued and where separate amounts are not identifiable and which are paid on termination of services.

*The Company has entered into agreements with Managing Director and Executive directors. Services of the Managing Director and Executive Directors may be terminated by either party, giving the other party three months' notice or by paying gross salary for the deficient notice period.

ii. Remuneration paid to the Non-Executive Directors

The Company pays following sitting fees per meeting to the Non-Executive Directors for attending various meetings:

1. Board Meeting: ₹ 100,000/-
2. Audit Committee and Independent Directors Meeting: ₹ 50,000/-
3. Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Corporate Social Responsibility Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Risk Management Committee, Restructuring Committee, Investment Committee & Governance Committee: ₹ 25,000/-
4. National Company Law Tribunal Committee: ₹ 100,000/-

Gross sitting fees for the year ended 31st March 2022 is as follows:

Name of the Director	Total (₹)
Mr. Venkat Chary	8,50,000
Justice R. J. Kochar (Retd.) ¹	3,50,000
Mr. A. Nagarajan ²	4,00,000
Mr. Sunil Shah	5,50,000
Mr. Suresh Salvi	5,50,000
Justice Deepak Verma (Retd.)	4,50,000
Mrs. Chitkala Zutshi	9,50,000
Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar	10,75,000
Mr. Devender Singh Rawat	4,00,000
Mr. Satyananda Mishra ³	4,00,000
Dr. Malini V. Shankar ⁴	Not drawn
Mr. Parveen Kumar Gupta ⁵	4,00,000

^{1,2}Ceased w.e.f. 22.09.2021 on completion of second term as Independent Director

^{3,4,5}Nominee Directors appointed by Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide its order dated 16th March 2020, based on NCLAT order dated 12th March 2020. The said NCALT order was stayed by Hon'ble Supreme Court vide its order dated 9th March, 2022 and consequently MCA order remain stayed.

During the year, the Non- Executive Directors were not issued any stock options by the Company. For the details of shares held by Directors, refer section 2.1 of this Report.

Payment of Rs. 21.6 lakhs each was made to Mr. Sunil Shah and to Mr. Devender Singh Rawat towards professional charges during the financial year 2021-22.

6 STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

The composition of Stakeholders Relationship Committee is in compliance with Section 178(5) of the Companies Act 2013 and Regulation 20 of the Listing Regulations.

6.1 Composition, Names of Members and Chairperson

The Committee comprises of:

Name of the Member	Designation	Category
Mr. Suresh Salvi ¹	Chairman	Independent Director
Mr. Venkat Chary	Chairman ² / Member	Non-Executive Director
Justice R. J. Kochar (Retd.) ³	Member	Independent Director
Mr. S. Rajendran	Member	MD & CEO

¹Appointed as Chairman w.e.f. 23.09.2021

²Ceased as Independent Director & Chairman w.e.f. 22.09.2021. Appointed as Non-Executive Director & Member of the Committee w.e.f. 23.09.2021.

³Ceased as Independent Director and member w.e.f. 22.09.2021

6.2 Compliance Officer

Mr. Hariraj S. Chouhan, Sr. Vice-President & Company Secretary is the Compliance Officer and can be contacted at FT Tower, CTS No. 256 & 257, Suren Road, Chakala, Andheri (East), Mumbai – 400 093.

T: +91-22-6686 8010 | F: +91-22-67250257 | E: info@63moons.com

6.3 Brief Description of terms of reference

The Scope of the Committee inter alia includes:

- 6.3.1 Approval of transfer and transmission of shares, issuance of duplicate share certificates and reviews all the matters connected with share transfers. The Committee also looks into the redressal of shareholders / investors complaints related to transfer of shares, non-receipt of Annual Report, non- receipt of dividends etc. received directly or through SEBI (SCORES), Stock Exchanges, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Registrar of Companies etc. Moreover, the Committee oversees the performance of the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent of the Company.
- 6.3.2 Consideration and resolution / redressal of the grievances of the security holders of the Company. The Committee met once during the year under review on 21st October 2021.

Name of the Member	No. of Stakeholders Relationship Committee Meetings held during the tenure of the member	Attendance Particulars
Mr. Suresh Salvi	1	1
Mr. Venkat Chary	1	1
Justice R. J. Kochar (Retd.)	0	0
Mr. S. Rajendran	1	1

The status of nature of complaints received, resolved and pending during the financial year ended 31st March 2022

Nature of Complaints	Received	Resolved	Pending
Non receipt of dividend	7	7	0
Non-receipt of share certificates after transfer / merger / split / consolidation	0	0	0
Non-receipt of Annual Report	1	1	0
SEBI / BSE / NSE	0	0	0
TOTAL	8	8	0

During the year under review, no share transfer / complaints remained pending for more than 30 days. Also, there were no share transfers pending as on 31st March 2022.

7 CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE

The Composition of Corporate Social Responsibility Committee (CSR) is pursuant to the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act 2013 and the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014.

7.1 Composition, Names of Members and Chairperson

Name of the Member	Designation	Category
Mrs. Chitkala Zutshi	Chairperson ¹ / Member	Independent Director
Mr. Suresh Salvi ²	Member	Independent Director
Mr. S. Rajendran	Member	MD & CEO
Mr. A. Nagarajan ³	Chairman	Independent Director

¹Appointed as Chairperson w.e.f. 22.10.2021

²Appointed as member w.e.f. 23.09.2021

³Ceased as Independent Director and Chairman w.e.f. 22.09.2021

7.2 Brief Description of terms of reference

- 7.2.1 To recommend CSR Policy which inter alia, elucidates activities to be undertaken by the Company as specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act 2013;
- 7.2.2 To evaluate and recommend amount to be spent on each of CSR activities;
- 7.2.3 To monitor CSR Policy and CSR amount spent on approved CSR projects;
- 7.2.4 Preparation and review of information / disclosure on CSR activities in the Annual Report.

7.3 The Company has formulated CSR Policy, which was revised by the Board at its meeting held on May 27, 2021, based on the recommendation of the CSR Committee in order to incorporate the latest amendments made to the provisions of the Act. The said policy is uploaded on the website of the Company (Weblink: www.63moons.com/investors/corporate-governance/policies/csr-policy.pdf)

7.4 Meeting and attendance

The CSR Committee met once during the year under review i.e. on 22nd October 2021.

Name of the Member	No. of Corporate Social Responsibility Committee Meetings held during the tenure of the member	Attendance Particulars
Mrs. Chitkala Zutshi	1	1
Mr. Suresh Salvi	1	1
Mr. S. Rajendran	1	1
Mr. A. Nagarajan	0	0

8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company has laid down procedures about the risk assessment and its mitigation. The procedures are reviewed periodically to ensure that risk is controlled through properly defined framework. For further details refer Directors Report.

8.1 Composition, Names of Members and Chairperson:

Name of the Member	Designation	Category
Mr. Suresh Salvi	Chairman	Independent Director
Mr. S. Rajendran	Member	MD & CEO
Mr. Devendra Agrawal	Member	Whole-time Director & CFO

8.2 Meetings and attendance:

The Risk Management Committee met twice (2) during the year under review i.e. on 25th May 2021 and 17th December 2021.

Name of the Member	No. of Risk Management Committee Meetings held during the tenure of Members	Attendance Particulars
Mr. Suresh Salvi	2	2
Mr. S. Rajendran	2	2
Mr. Devendra Agrawal	2	2

9 INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

The Investment Committee has been constituted with the following mandate

- To formulate and amend, as may be required from time to time, the Investment policy of the Company;
- To approve and authorize investments as per the Investment policy;
- To advise Management on the review and exit of investments based on any developments.

9.1 Composition, Names of Members and Chairperson:

Name of the Member	Designation	Category
Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar	Member	Independent Director
Mr. Sunil Shah	Member	Non-Executive Director
Mr. S. Rajendran	Member	MD & CEO
Mr. Devendra Agrawal	Member	Whole-time Director & CFO

Note: Chairman is elected at the commencement of the meeting

9.2 Meetings and attendance

The Investment Committee met twice (2) during the year under review i.e on 25th May 2021 and 19th October 2021.

Name of the Member	No. of Investment Committee Meetings held during the tenure of Members	Attendance Particulars
Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar	2	2
Mr. Sunil Shah	2	2
Mr. S. Rajendran	2	2
Mr. Devendra Agrawal	2	2

10 RESTRUCTURING COMMITTEE

The Restructuring Committee has been constituted to oversee a restructuring plan for the Company in its efforts to charter new growth path for the Company. Restructuring plan includes the possibility of identifying a strategic partner who will help drive growth of the Company and contribute towards leveraging the Company's core DNA of technology creation to drive strategic growth beyond financial markets. The Committee also considers divestment of the Company's investment in other Exchanges as a part of the restructuring.

10.1 Composition, Names of Members and Chairperson

Name of the Member	Designation	Category
Mr. Venkat Chary	Chairman	Non-Executive Director
Mr. S. Rajendran	Member	MD & CEO
Justice R. J. Kochar (Retd.) ¹	Member	Independent Director
Mr. A. Nagarajan ²	Member	Independent Director
Mrs. Chitkala Zutshi ³	Member	Independent Director
Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar ⁴	Member	Independent Director

¹ & ² Ceased as Independent Director and member w.e.f. 22.09.2021

³ & ⁴ Appointed as member w.e.f. 23.09.2021

No meeting of Restructuring Committee was held during the FY 2021-22.

11 GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

As per the requirements of SEBI Circular dated May 10, 2018 for Implementation of certain recommendations of the Committee on Corporate Governance formed under the Chairmanship of Shri Uday Kotak, the Governance Committee has been constituted on May 21, 2018 inter-alia with the following mandate:

- To review the performance of various direct subsidiaries on a quarterly / half-yearly basis;
- To review the utilization of loans and / or advances from / investment by the holding Company in the subsidiary on a half-yearly basis;
- To review the investments made by subsidiaries periodically.

11.1 Composition, Names of Members and Chairperson

Name of the Member	Designation	Category
Mr. A. Nagarajan ¹	Chairman	Independent Director
Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar	Member	Independent Director
Mr. Sunil Shah	Member	Non-Executive Director
Mr. Devendra Agrawal	Member	Whole-time Director & CFO

¹ Ceased as Independent Director and Chairman w.e.f. 22/09/2021

11.2 Meeting and attendance

The Governance Committee met four (4) times during the year under review i.e. on 25th May 2021, 10th August 2021, 19th October 2021 and 10th February 2022.

Name of the Member	No. of Governance Committee Meetings held during the tenure of Members	Attendance Particulars
Mr. A. Nagarajan	2	2
Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar	4	4
Mr. Sunil Shah	4	4
Mr. Devendra Agrawal	4	4

12 MEETINGS OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The Company's Independent Directors meet at least once in every financial year without the presence of Executive Directors or management personnel. The meeting reviews the performance of Non-Independent Directors and the Board as a whole, reviews the performance of the Chairman of the Board, taking into account the views of the Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors and assessed the quality and timelines of flow of information between the Management and the Board to effectively perform its duties.

At such meeting, the Independent Directors discussed inter alia, the performance of the Company and risks faced by it, governance, compliance, performance of executive members of the Board including the Chairman.

One meeting of Independent Directors was held during the year on 28th March 2022. All the Independent Directors were present at this meeting.

13 COMMITTEE FORMED AS PER NATIONAL COMPANY LAW TRIBUNAL (NCLT) ORDER

As per Order passed by Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) dated 24th June 2016 and as modified on 25th June 2016 and as continued by the Appellate Tribunal order dated 27th June 2018 and 3rd July 2018, a Committee has been formed comprising of two Independent Directors and Managing Director & CEO of 63 moons technologies Ltd. (Company), a retired Judge of the Hon'ble Supreme Court and Nominee of the Petitioner i.e. Union of India; or as be modified by NCLT from time to time.

The Committee has been empowered by the NCLT to consider the following:

- Sale of investments held by the Company in compliance with any order / direction passed by any Regulatory or Statutory Authority in India or Abroad, as and when such sale is proposed by the Company;
- Treasury operations of the Company such as investment of surplus funds or switching and/or altering the investment of surplus funds;
- Funding of the working capital requirements of the subsidiaries of the Company.

The Retired Judge and the Nominee of the Petitioner i.e. Union of India, shall have veto powers individually. Anything not agreed upon in the Committee meeting has to be referred to NCLT.

13.1 Composition, Names of Members and Chairperson

The Committee comprises of:

Name of the Member	Designation	Category
Justice G. P. Mathur (Retd.)	Chairman	Appointed by NCLT
Dr. Anup K. Pujari	Member	Nominated by Union of India
Mr. Venkat Chary ¹	Member	Non-Executive Director
Mr. S. Rajendran	Member	MD & CEO
Mrs. Chitkala Zutshi	Member	Independent Director
Mr. Kanekal Chadrasekhar ²	Member	Independent Director

¹Ceased as Independent Director and member w.e.f. 22.09.2021

²Appointed as member w.e.f. 23.09.2021

13.2 Meeting and attendance

The NCLT Committee met three (3) times during the year under review i.e. on 18th August 2021, 25th October 2021 and 9th December 2021 adjourned to 15th December 2021.

Name of the Member	No. of NCLT Committee Meetings held during the tenure of Members	Attendance Particulars
Justice G. P. Mathur (Retd.)	3	3
Dr. Anup K. Pujari	3	3
Mr. Venkat Chary	1	1
Mr. S. Rajendran	3	3
Mrs. Chitkala Zutshi	3	3
Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar	2	2

14 GENERAL BODY MEETINGS**14.1 The date, time and venue for the last three Annual General Meetings (AGM) are mentioned hereunder:**

Financial Year	Date	Time	Venue of the Meeting
2018-19	18-09-2019	11.00 a.m.	Sri Chandrasekarendra Saraswathi Mahaswami Auditorium, Vani Mahal, 103, G.N. Road, T. Nagar, Chennai – 600017.
2019-20	09-12-2020	11.00 a.m.	Meeting conducted through Video Conferencing / Other Audio Visual Means pursuant to various Circulars issued by MCA and SEBI.
2020-21	18-09-2021	11.30 a.m.	Meeting conducted through Video Conferencing / Other Audio Visual Means pursuant to various Circulars Issued by MCA and SEBI.

Particulars of Special Resolutions passed in the previous three Annual General Meetings:

Financial Year	Date of AGM	Particulars
2018-19	18-09-2019	i) Re-appointment of Mr. Venkat Chary (IAS, Retd.) (DIN: 00273036) as Independent Director, not liable to retire by rotation, for a second term of two years. ii) Re-appointment of Justice Rajan J. Kochar (Retd.) (DIN: 06710558) as Independent Director, not liable to retire by rotation, for a second term of two years. iii) Re-appointment of Mr. Achudananarayanan Nagarajan (IAS, Retd.) (DIN: 02107169) as Independent Director, not liable to retire by rotation, for a second term of two years.
2019-20	09-12-2020	i) Appointment of Director in place of Mr. Suresh Salvi (IAS, Retd.) (DIN: 07636298), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment. ii) Re-appointment of Mr. Rajendran Soundaram (DIN: 02686150) as Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. iii) Re-appointment of Mr. Devendra Agrawal (DIN: 03579332) as Whole-time Director and Chief Financial Officer of the Company. iv) Approval of 63 moons technologies limited Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020. v) Approval of 63 moons technologies limited Employees Stock Option Scheme 2020 for Company's Subsidiary(ies),
2020-21	18-09-2021	i) Re-appointment of Mr. Rajendran Soundaram (DIN: 02686150) as Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer (MD & CEO) of the Company. ii) Appointment of Mr. Suresh Salvi (IAS, Retd.) (DIN: 07636298), as an Independent Director, not liable to retire by rotation. iii) Appointment of Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar (DIN: 06861358), as an Independent Director, not liable to retire by rotation. iv) Appointment of Mr. Venkat Chary (IAS, Retd.) (DIN: 00273036) as a Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation.

14.2 Postal Ballot

14.2.1 During the year under review, the Company successfully completed the process of obtaining the approval of shareholders through postal ballot vide its Postal Ballot Notice dated February 11, 2022.

Particulars of resolutions passed by the shareholders and the details of voting pattern are as under:

Description of Resolution	Type of Resolution	Number of Votes Polled	Votes cast in favour & %	Votes cast against & %
Re-appointment of Justice Deepak Verma (Retd.) as Independent Director	Special Resolution	21,240,945	21,239,252 (99.992%)	1,693 (0.008%)
Re-appointment of Mrs. Chitkala Zutshi (IAS Retd.) as Independent Director	Special Resolution	21,240,950	21,238,971 (99.991%)	1,979 (0.009%)
Investment etc. in subsidiary of the Company/ Approval of Related Party Transaction	Ordinary Resolution	21,243,487	21,242,465 (99.995%)	1022 (0.005%)

The aforesaid resolutions were passed with requisite majority.

14.2.2 Procedure for Postal Ballot:

The postal ballot is conducted in accordance with the provisions contained in Section 110 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 22 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014. The Postal Ballot Notice was sent in electronic form only to those shareholders whose name appeared in the Register of Members/ List of Beneficial Owners as received from National Securities Depository Limited and Central Depository Services (India) Limited and whose email addresses were available with the Depository participants or with the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent as on the cut-off date, in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, applicable rules and MCA Circulars. The Company availed the services of M/s. KFin Technologies Limited, Registrar & Share Transfer Agent of the Company to enable the shareholders to cast their votes electronically. The Board of Directors of the Company appointed Mr. B. Narasimhan, Proprietor, M/s. BN & Associates, Company Secretaries, Mumbai as Scrutinizer to scrutinize the Postal Ballot process in a fair and transparent manner. The Company also published a Notice in the newspapers in accordance with the requirements under the Companies Act 2013. Subsequent to the submission of the Scrutinizer's report, the result were communicated to the stock exchanges and were placed on the website of the Company and the service provider. The detailed procedure of passing of resolutions through Postal Ballot is explained in the notice of Postal Ballot circulated to the shareholders.

14.3 Disclosures

14.3.1 The Company has complied with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 & Companies Act, 2013, as applicable in the preparation of the financial statements of the Company.

14.3.2 During the FY 2021-22:

- The Company has made investments in its subsidiary i.e. NSEL amounting to Rs. 2500 lakhs in terms of earlier shareholders' approval obtained in 2019.
- The Company has not entered into any materially significant transaction with related parties that may have any potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large.

Apart from payment of sitting fees, there is no pecuniary transaction with the Independent / Non-Executive Directors except with two Non-Executive Directors, details of which are provided in Clause 5.5 (ii) above.

During the year 2020-21, the Company has renewed the agreement with Mr. Jignesh Shah, the Promoter, for providing strategic inputs in relation to ongoing legal matters and mentoring Company's future vision.

A statement showing the disclosure of transactions with related parties as required under Indian Accounting Standard 24 is set out separately in this Annual Report (Note No. 38 to Standalone Financial Statements).

As required under Regulation 23(1) of the Listing Regulations, the Company has formulated a policy on dealing with Related Party Transaction intended to ensure due and timely identification, approval, disclosure and reporting of transactions between the Company and any of its Related Parties in compliance with the applicable laws and regulations as may be amended from time to time. The aforesaid policy can be accessed at the website of the Company (Weblink: www.63moons.com/investors/corporate-governance/policies/related-party-transactions-policy.pdf)

14.3.3 During the financial year 2020-21, Company received a letter dated 7th September, 2020 from SEBI, stating that 63 Moons (the Company) is yet to comply with the directions of SEBI's order dated 19th March, 2014, with respect to divestment of Company's stake in both Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Limited (MSEI) and Metropolitan Clearing Corporation of India Ltd (MCCIL). The Company has successfully divested its investment in MSEI, but despite significant efforts, shares held by Company in MCCIL could not be divested, for which Company has been requesting MCCIL to provide any prospective buyer and at the time of reduction of share capital, Company has indicated to MCCIL that they are ready to surrender their entire shareholding and offered MCCIL to buy back from them to comply with the SEBI Order. The Company has been penalized by SEBI for not being able to divest its shareholding despite rigorous efforts. MCCIL has implemented Scheme of Capital reduction and in the process has reduced Company's shareholding also. However, the residual shareholding of 24,40,603 shares or 1.95% continues to be held by the Company in MCCIL. As per the Regulator instruction MCCIL has not paid the proceeds of capital reduction to the Company, as implemented by them. Company had vide letter dated 26th June, 2020, requested MCCIL to take up the matter with its Promoter i.e. MSEI to consider acquiring Company's stake also. They had also requested SEBI vide letter dated 17th December, 2019, 23rd June, 2020 and 15th July, 2020 to permit MCCIL to release the money as they were unable to divest the investment in MCCIL. Under such circumstances, the Company has requested MSEI to buy 63 Moons shares in MCCIL for enabling compliance by all. During the financial year 2019-20, the Company has received an Order from SEBI's Adjudicating Officer dated 28th February, 2020 with regards to failure of the Company in complying with the directions of SEBI vide its Order dated 19th March, 2014 to divest its stake in several "Market Infrastructure Institutions". SEBI had vide its Order dated 19th March, 2014, directed the Company to divest the equity shares in MCX Stock Exchange Ltd., MCX Stock Exchange Clearing Corporation Ltd., Delhi Stock Exchange Ltd., Vadodara Stock Exchange Ltd. and National Stock Exchange of India Ltd., within 90 days from the date of the Order. The period of completion of sale was extended by four weeks by Hon'ble SAT. After hearing the matter the Adjudicating Officer in exercise of the powers conferred under Section 23I of the SCRA read with Rule 5 of the SCR Rules, imposed a penalty of Rs. 10,00,000/- on the Company under Section 23H of SCRA. The Company has paid the penalty under protest. During the financial year 2018-19, the Stock Exchanges (BSE & NSE) issued Notices and levied fine on the Company for non-compliance of Regulation 18(1) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 with respect to Composition of Audit Committee, as the Composition of five members was not in accordance of Guidance Note of the Exchanges for rounding off to the highest fraction. Based on the representation and replies given by the Company to Exchanges, both BSE & NSE withdrew their notices and no fine was levied. The Company, in the meantime reconstituted the Audit Committee with four Directors to comply with guidance note issued by the Exchanges with respect to SEBI Circular dated 3rd May, 2018, which provide for rounding off the fraction to the highest number while determining the compliance. Besides this, there were no instances of any non-compliances by the Company, penalties, strictures imposed on the Company by Stock Exchanges or any statutory authority, on any matter relating to capital markets, during the last three years.

14.3.4 Please refer to the Directors' Report for the Auditors qualification and Management response thereto.

14.3.5 Whistle Blower Policy:

The Company has established a vigil mechanism and also adopted a Whistle Blower Policy in compliance with the Companies Act, 2013 and Listing Regulations under which the directors and employees are free to report genuine concerns, violations of applicable laws and regulations and the Code of Conduct. It provides for adequate safeguards against victimization of director(s) or employee(s) who avails such mechanism and also provides for direct access to the Chairman of the audit committee in appropriate or exceptional cases. During the year under review, no personnel have been denied access to the Audit Committee. The Whistle Blower Policy is uploaded on the Company's website viz www.63moons.com/investors/corporate-governance/policies/whistle-blower-policy.pdf

14.3.6 Details of preferential allotment or qualified institutional placement as specified under Regulation 32(7A) of the Listing Regulations

The Company has not raised funds through preferential allotment or qualified institutional placement.

14.3.7 Certificate from Practicing Company Secretary

The Company has obtained a certificate from M/s. BNP & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, confirming that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company has been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the SEBI / Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority and the same forms part of this report.

14.3.8 Recommendations of Committees of the Board

There were no instances during the financial year 2021-22, wherein the Board had not accepted recommendations made by any committee of the Board.

14.3.9 Details of total fees paid to statutory auditors

The details of total fees for all services paid by the Company and its subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, to its statutory auditor and all entities in the network form / network entity of which the statutory auditor is a part, are as follows:

(₹ in lakhs)		
Particulars	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
For audit	62.38	61.61
For taxation matters*	6.75	7.00
For limited reviews	15.50	15.00
For other services*	6.91	6.44
Reimbursement of expenses	1.08	1.08
Total	92.62	91.12

*Includes amounts paid to group firm

14.3.10 During the FY 2021-22, the Company has not received any complaints on sexual harassment and hence no complaints remain pending as of March 31, 2022.

14.3.11 None of the Independent Directors of the Company have resigned before the expiry of their tenure during the year under review. Thus, disclosure of detailed reasons of their resignation along with their confirmation that there are no material reasons, other than those provided by them is not applicable.

14.3.12 Disclosure by the Company and its subsidiaries of Loans and advances in the nature of loans to firms/ companies in which Directors are interested by name and amount:

No loans and advances were given to firms / companies in which Directors are interested during the financial year 2021-22.

14.3.13 The Company has fulfilled the mandatory corporate Governance requirements as per the Listing Regulations and discretionary requirements as prescribed in Part E of Schedule II, which are as under:

- Separate posts of Chairperson and MD & CEO and reimbursement of expenses in the performance of duties.
- Auditor's qualification: The Auditors' qualifications and the management reply to the same have been disclosed in the Directors' Report. Therefore, to avoid the repetition, same are not being reproduced here.
- Internal auditor reports directly to the audit committee.

14.3.14 The Company is in compliance with the requirements stipulated under Regulations 17 to 27 read with Schedule V and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 46 of SEBI Listing Regulations, as applicable, with regard to corporate governance.

15 SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

The Audit Committee reviews on quarterly basis the investments made by the Company into the unlisted Subsidiary Companies and reviews on yearly basis the consolidated financial statements of the Company. The minutes of the Board meetings of the unlisted subsidiary companies are periodically placed before the Board of Directors of the Company. The Internal Auditors of the Company, make quarterly presentations to the Audit committee on their reports. The Governance Committee is constituted on May 21, 2018 as per the requirements of SEBI Circular dated May 10, 2018 to monitor the governance of subsidiary companies, the details of the same are stated elsewhere in this Report.

Pursuant to the provisions of Listing Regulations the Company has also formulated a policy for determining material subsidiaries and the same is displayed on the website of the Company (Weblink: www.63moons.com/investors/corporate-governance/policies/material-subsi-dary-policy.pdf)

16 MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

- 16.1 The quarterly results are published in newspapers, namely The New Indian Express in English and Dinamani in the regional language.
- 16.2 The quarterly, half-yearly and annual financials appear on our corporate website www.63moons.com under the Investors section.
- 16.3 The Company's audited and un-audited financial results, press releases, other press coverage, press clippings, stock information, Annual Reports, etc, are posted on the Company's Website www.63moons.com
- 16.4 The Company's financial results, shareholding pattern and all other corporate communications to the Stock Exchanges are filed electronically through NSE Electronic Application Processing System (NEAPS) / Digital Exchange and BSE Listing Centre, electronic filing platform developed and provided by NSE and BSE respectively. Various applicable compliances as required under Listing Regulations are filed through these systems. All the Disclosures / Communications to the stock exchanges are also posted on the website of the Company.
- 16.5 Management's Discussion and Analysis Report: This information is covered elsewhere in this Annual Report.
- 16.6 CEO / CFO Certification: In terms of the Listing Regulations, the certification by the Managing Director & CEO and Whole-time Director & CFO on the financial statements and the internal controls relating to financial reporting has been obtained and is provided in this Annual Report.

17 GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

17.1 Annual General Meeting

Date : September 27, 2022

Time : 11.30 am

Venue : Through Video Conferencing / Other Audio Visual Means

17.2 Financial Calendar

Financial Year 1st April 2022 to 31st March 2023

Financial Reporting for the quarter ending as per Listing Regulations (tentative and subject to change):

30th June 2022 On or before 14th August 2022

30th September 2022 On or before 14th November 2022

31st December 2022 On or before 14th February 2023

31st March 2023 On or before 30th May 2023 (audited figures) as per SEBI Listing Regulations

17.3 Book-Closure Date and Dividend Disclosure

The Books shall be closed from September 21, 2022 to September 27, 2022 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of the ensuing Annual General Meeting. No Dividend is recommended by the Board of Directors for the financial year 2021-22.

17.4 Listing

The equity shares of the Company are presently listed on the BSE Limited (formerly Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd.) (BSE), National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. (NSE), Annual Listing fees has been paid to the aforesaid stock exchanges.

As on 31st March 2022, there were 49,499 shareholders in the Company.

17.5 Stock Market Codes

17.5.1 Trading Symbol

Name of the Stock Exchanges	Scrip Code / Symbol	Reuters	Bloomberg
BSE Ltd.	526881	63MO.BO	63MOONS:IN
National Stock Exchange of India Ltd.	63MOONS	63MO.NS	-

17.5.2 Depository for Equity Shares : NSDL and CDSL

17.5.3 Demat ISIN Number

Equity share : INE111B01023

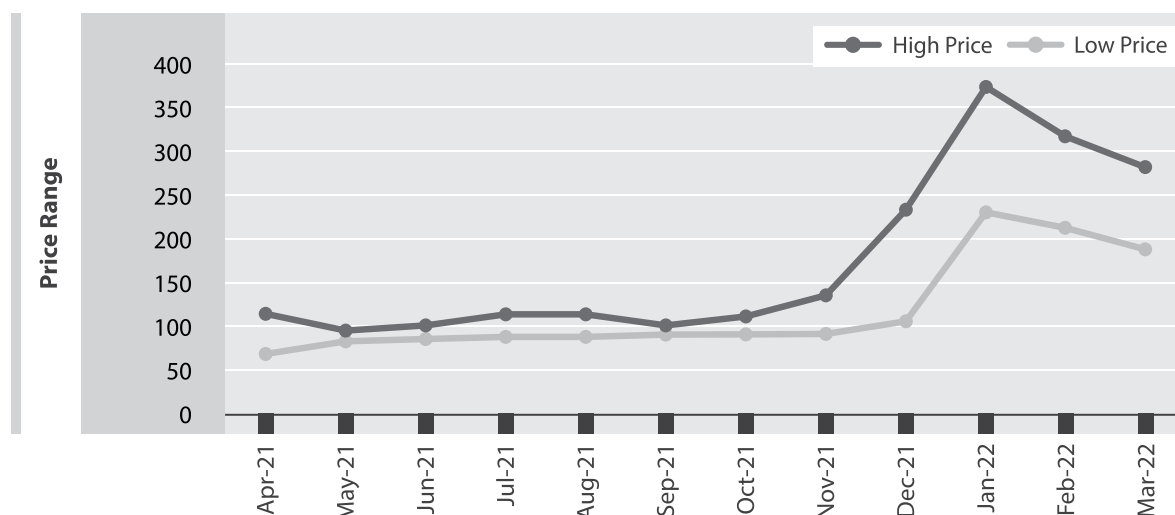
17.6 Stock Market Data

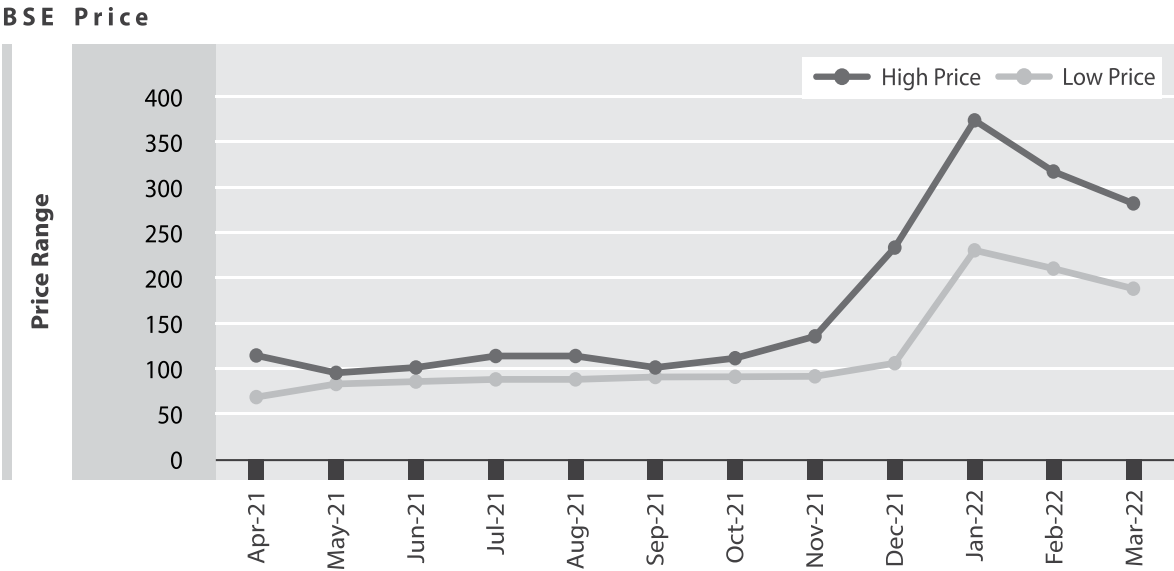
(Amount In ₹)

Month & Year	National Stock Exchange			Bombay Stock Exchange		
	High Price	Low Price	Volume Nos.	High Price	Low Price	Volume Nos.
Apr-2021	112.5	69.4	10,752,524	112.4	68.05	1,495,584
May-2021	96	83.1	1,187,632	96	83	308,010
Jun-2021	99.9	84.05	1,377,549	98.15	85.65	318,559
Jul-2021	114.8	88.5	3,883,451	114.8	87.6	798,514
Aug-2021	113.8	87.2	2,730,883	113.7	87.6	545,226
Sep-2021	99.45	90.45	1,277,727	99.45	91.4	253,100
Oct-2021	111.35	90.55	3,310,267	111	90.6	511,040
Nov-2021	135.8	91.85	6,655,824	135.75	91.5	1,025,081
Dec-2021	233.8	105.5	13,900,035	233.3	105.45	3,332,968
Jan-2022	372.6	231.15	7,988,790	373.7	231.9	2,207,635
Feb-2022	317.4	210	1,935,126	315.2	208.25	411,650
Mar-2022	278	187	1,300,422	277.85	187.05	247,928

The market price data is given below, covering the period April 2021 to March 2022

NSE Price





17.7 Share Price Performance in broad based indices

Performance of the Company's shares vis-à-vis Sensex and CNX Nifty at a common base of 100 for the year-ended 31st March 2022 is given in the chart below:

Chart showing 63 moons technologies limited price in BSE vs Sensex

(At a common base of 100 from April 2021 to March 2022)

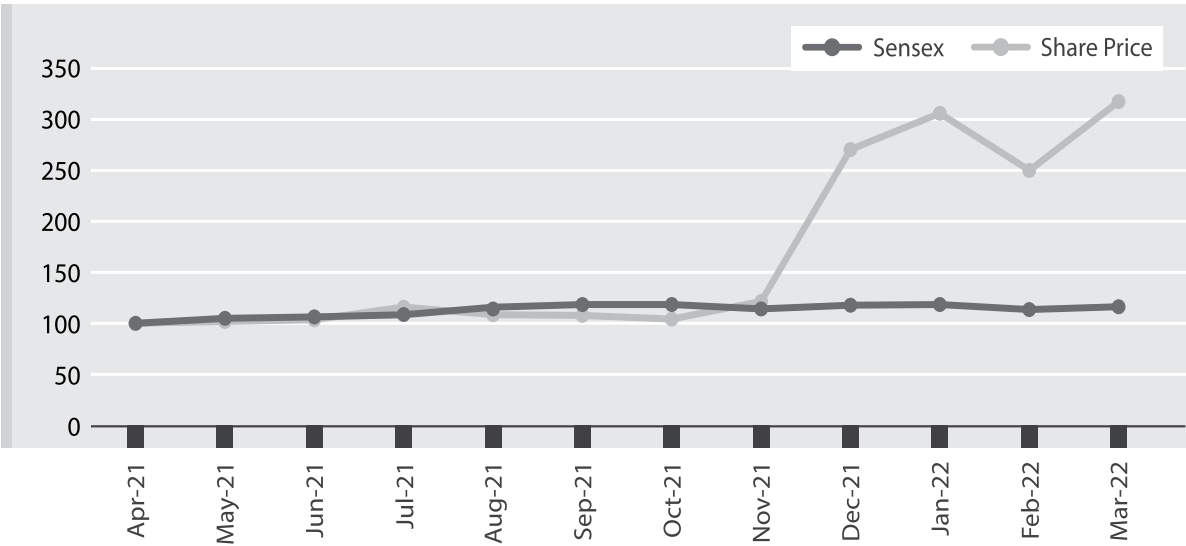
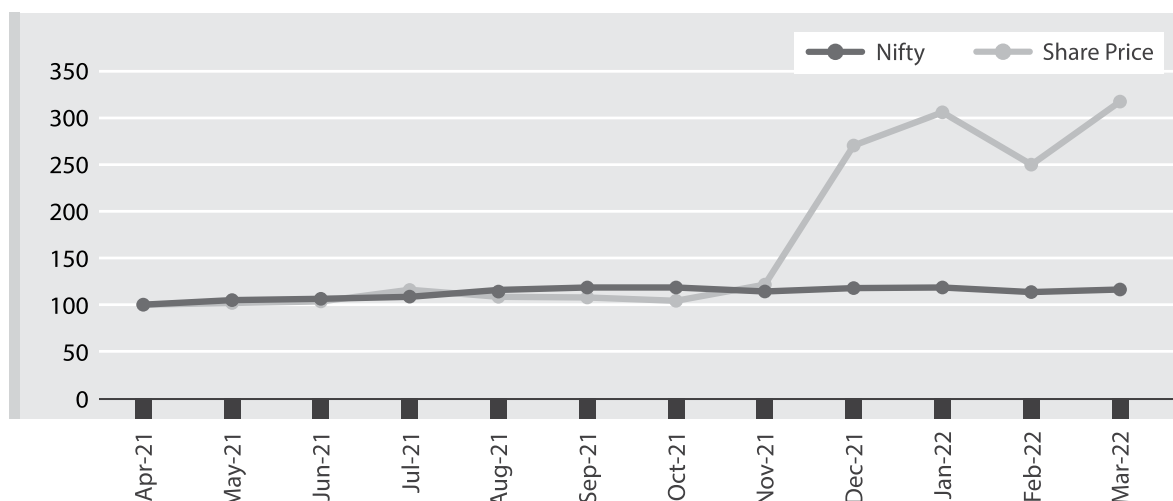


Chart showing 63 moons technologies limited price in NSE vs Nifty
(At a common base of 100 from April 2021 to March 2022)



17.8 Registrar & Share Transfer Agent

KFin Technologies Limited

Selenium Tower B, Plot No. 31 & 32 Gachibowli, Financial District,
Nanakramguda, Serilingampally Hyderabad, Telangana – 500032.

Direct line: +91-40-67162222

F: +91-40-23001153 | E: einward.ris@kfintech.com

17.9 Share Transfer System

In terms of Regulation 40(1) of SEBI Listing Regulations, shares of the Company can be transferred only in dematerialized form with effect from April 01, 2019, except in case of request received for transmission or transposition of shares. Transfers of equity shares in electronic form are effected through the depositories with no involvement of the Company. Members are requested to dematerialise the shares held by them in physical form. Shares sent for transfer in physical form are registered and returned within a period of 15 days from the date of lodgement and demat requests are normally confirmed within an average period of 15 days, provided the documents are valid in all respects. An annual certificate of compliance with the share transfer formalities as required under Regulation 40(9) of the Listing Regulations is obtained from the Company Secretary in Practice and a copy of the certificate is filed with the Stock Exchanges.

The Company has sent reminder to the shareholders holding shares in physical form, to dematerialise their shareholding.

17.10 Dematerialisation of Shares and Liquidity

The shares of the Company are compulsorily traded in dematerialized (electronic) form and available for trading under both the Depositories viz. NSDL and CDSL. As on 31st March 2022, a total of 46,018,148 equity shares of the Company were dematerialised, forming 99.87% of the Company's total Share Capital.

Description	No. of Shareholders	% of Shareholders	No. of Equity Shares	% of Shares
Physical	284	0.57	60,389	0.13
Electronic				
Under NSDL	24,064	48.62	37,975,047	82.41
Under CDSL	25,151	50.81	8,043,101	17.46
TOTAL	49,499	100.00	46,078,537	100.00

17.11 Distribution of Shareholding and Shareholding Pattern as on 31st March 2022

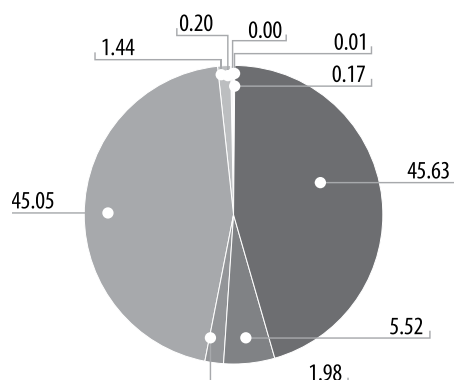
Category (Shares)	No. of Holders	% to Holders	No. of Shares	% to Equity
1 - 500	45805	92.54	3382488	7.34
501 - 1000	1786	3.61	1415044	3.07
1001 - 2000	860	1.74	1302649	2.83
2001 - 3000	334	0.67	849895	1.84
3001 - 4000	175	0.35	627763	1.36
4001 - 5000	129	0.26	602743	1.31
5001 - 10000	212	0.43	1533057	3.33
10001 - AND ABOVE	198	0.40	36364898	78.92
TOTAL	49499	100.00	46078537	100.00

Shareholding Pattern

Shareholding Pattern of 63 moons technologies limited (As on 31st March 2022)

Sr. No.	Category	No. of Shares Held	% of Shareholding
A.	Promoter's Holding		
1	Promoters:		
	Indian Promoters: (Promoters, their relatives and companies under their control)	21,025,878	45.63
	Foreign promoters:	-	-
2	Persons acting in concert:	-	-
	Sub Total (A)	21,025,878	45.63
B.	Public Shareholding:		
3	Institutional Investors:		
	a) Financial Institutions	-	-
	b) Bank	55,984	0.12
	c) Foreign Portfolio Investors	2,488,496	5.40
4	Non-Institutional Investors:		
	a) Corporate bodies	914,592	1.98
	b) Indian public	20,758,136	45.05
	c) NRIs	664,952	1.44
	d) Clearing Members	87,545	0.20
	e) Directors	200	0.00
	f) NBFCs	4,474	0.01
	g) Trusts	1,210	0.00
	h) IEPF	77,070	0.17
	Sub Total (B)	25,052,659	54.37
	GRAND TOTAL (A+B)	46,078,537	100.00

Notes: Total foreign shareholding is 3,153,448 shares, i.e. 6.84% of the total share capital



Indian Promoters	45.63
Institutional Investors	5.52
Corporate Bodies	1.98
Indian Public	45.05
NRI's	1.44
Clearing Members	0.20
Directors	0.00
NBFC & Trusts	0.01
IEPF	0.17

17.12 Statutory Compliance

During the year under review, your Company has generally complied with the applicable provisions, filed all returns / forms and furnished all relevant particulars as required under the Companies Act, 2013 and allied Acts and Rules, the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) Regulations and the Listing Agreements with Stock Exchanges under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

17.13 Outstanding GDR / ADR / Warrants or any convertible instruments, conversion date and impact on equity

17.13.1 Employee Stock Option Scheme (ESOP)

The Shareholders of the Company have approved the ESOP Scheme 2020 of the Company / its subsidiaries at the 32nd AGM held on 9th December 2020. The stock options are yet to be granted under the said Scheme. Hence there are no stock options outstanding as on March 31, 2022.

17.13.2 Global Depository Receipts (GDRs): NIL

17.14 Corporate Identity Number of the Company as allotted by Ministry of Corporate Affairs is L29142TN1988PLC015586. Your Company is registered in state of Tamil Nadu.

17.15 Credit ratings obtained and any revisions thereto for debt instruments or any fixed deposit programme or any scheme or proposal involving mobilization of funds, whether in India or abroad:

There are no credit ratings obtained by the Company.

18 LOCATION OF OFFICES

- Chennai: Shakti Tower - II, 4th Floor, Premises J, 766, Anna Salai, Chennai - 600 002.
- Mumbai: FT Tower, CTS No. 256 & 257, Suren Road, Chakala, Andheri (East), Mumbai - 400093.
- The Company has branch offices at Delhi, Kolkata, Ahmedabad and Noida.

19 INVESTOR CORRESPONDENCE

All routine correspondence regarding transfer and transmission of shares, split, consolidation and issue of duplicate / renewed share certificates, etc. should be addressed to the Company's Registrars and Share Transfer Agent – M/s. KFin Technologies Limited

- Complaints / grievances, if any, should be addressed to

Hariraj Chouhan

Sr. Vice President & Company Secretary

63 moons technologies limited

FT Tower, CTS No. 256 & 257, Suren Road, Chakala, Andheri (East), Mumbai - 400 093.

T: +91 22 6686 8010 | F: +91 22 67250257 | E: info@63moons.com

- Financial queries, if any, should be addressed to

Investor Relations Department

63 moons technologies limited

FT Tower, CTS No. 256 & 257, Suren Road, Chakala, Andheri (East), Mumbai - 400 093.

T: +91 22 6686 8010 | F: +91 22 67250257 | E: info@63moons.com

20 UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND / SHARES

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 124 of the Companies Act, 2013, dividend which remains unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years from the date of its transfer to unpaid dividend account, is required to be transferred by a Company to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF), established by the Central Government under the provisions of section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013.

In accordance with Section 124(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 (the Rules), as amended, the shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed by the shareholders for seven consecutive years or more shall be transferred to the demat account of IEPF Authority. Accordingly, the Company had sent notices to all shareholders whose shares were due to be transferred to the IEPF Authority and published requisite advertisement in newspaper. However, the unclaimed dividend and shares transferred to IEPF Authority can be claimed by the shareholders from the IEPF Authority after following due procedure as prescribed in the Rules.

The Company has appointed a Nodal Officer under the provisions of IEPF, the details of which are available on the website of the Company www.63moons.com/investors/shareholders/unclaimed-dividend-equity-shares.aspx

The Company has uploaded the details of unpaid and unclaimed amounts lying with the Company as on 31st March, 2021 on the Company's website www.63moons.com/investors/shareholders/unclaimed-dividend-equity-shares.aspx.

In terms of Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V, there are no equity shares lying in Suspense Account.

During the year under review, your Company transferred amount relating to unpaid and unclaimed dividend to Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) as per the table below:

Financial Year	Nature	Amount of unclaimed dividend transferred (in ₹)	Number of Shares transferred
2013-14	3rd Interim (Q3)	321,526*	2,504
2012-13	Final	655,056	361
2014-15	1st Interim (Q1)	361,394	4,242
2013-14	Final	359,912	2,280
2014-15	2nd Interim (Q2)	901,665	2,040
2014-15	3rd Interim (Q3)	893,455	10,562#

*Transferred in March 2021

#Transferred in April 2022

Shareholders of the Company who have either not received or have not encashed their dividend warrants, for 1st Interim Dividend 2015-16 are requested to claim the unpaid / unclaimed dividend from the Company / Share Transfer Agent of the Company before it is transferred to the IEPF.

Particulars	Rate of Dividend	Date of Declaration	Due for Transfer on or before
1st Interim Dividend 2015-16	250%	08th August 2015	12th October 2022

21 UPDATION OF PAN AND KYC DETAILS

SEBI vide circular dated April 20, 2018 has mandated registration of PAN and bank account details for all security holders. The Company has sent letters to all shareholders holding shares in physical form and has requested them to submit their PAN and bank account details to Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent. Similarly, shareholders holding shares in demat form are requested to submit the aforesaid information to their respective depository.

22 SECRETARIAL AUDIT FOR RECONCILIATION OF CAPITAL

As stipulated by SEBI, a qualified Practising Company Secretary carries out Secretarial Audit to reconcile the total admitted capital with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) and the total issued and listed capital. This audit is carried out every quarter and the report thereon is submitted to the Stock Exchanges, where the Company's shares are listed. The audit confirmed that the total Listed and Paid-up Capital is in agreement with the aggregate of the total number of shares in dematerialized form (held with NSDL and CDSL) and total number of shares in physical form.

23 SECRETARIAL AUDIT FOR FY 2021-22

Pursuant to Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013, your Company has appointed M/s BNP & Associates, Practising Company Secretaries, to conduct Secretarial Audit for the financial year 2021-22. The Secretarial audit includes audit of compliance with the Companies Act, 2013, and the Rules made under the Act, Listing Regulations and Guidelines prescribed by the Securities and Exchange Board of India and any other applicable laws.

24 ANNUAL SECRETARIAL COMPLIANCE REPORT

The Company has undertaken an audit for the financial year 2021-22 for all applicable compliances as per SEBI Regulations and Circulars / Guidelines issued thereunder. The Annual Secretarial Compliance Report has been submitted by your Company to the Stock Exchanges within 60 days from the end of the financial year.

25 INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS APPOINTMENT/RE-APPOINTMENT

Detailed information on Directors appointment / re-appointment as required under Regulation 36(3) of the Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standards on General Meetings are mentioned in the AGM Notice.

Place : Mumbai
Date : August 09, 2022

DECLARATION REGARDING COMPLIANCE BY BOARD MEMBERS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL WITH THE COMPANY'S CODE OF CONDUCT

To the Members of
63 moons technologies limited

I hereby declare that all the Directors and the Senior Management personnel of the Company have affirmed compliance with the Company's Code of Conduct for the financial year ended March 31, 2022

For 63 moons technologies limited

S. Rajendran
Managing Director & CEO
(DIN: 02686150)

Place : Mumbai
Date : August 09, 2022

CERTIFICATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COMPANY BY THE MANAGING DIRECTOR & CEO AND THE WHOLE TIME DIRECTOR & CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER (CFO)

We, Soundaram Rajendran, Managing Director & CEO, and Devendra Agrawal, Whole-time Director & CFO, certify that:that:

1. We have reviewed the financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year ended 31st March, 2022 and to the best of our knowledge and belief;
 - these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading
 - these statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs, and are in compliance with the existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
2. There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or in violation of the Company's Code of Conduct.
3. We accept the responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting. We have also evaluated the effectiveness of the internal control systems of the Company with respect to financial reporting and deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls, if any, have been disclosed to the Auditors and the Audit Committee. They have been intimated about the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
4. We have indicated to the Auditors and the Audit Committee of;
 - i. significant changes, if any, in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
 - ii. significant changes, if any, in accounting policies during the year; the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
 - iii. instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee who has a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

S. Rajendran
Managing Director & CEO
(DIN: 02686150)

Devendra Agrawal
Whole-time Director & CFO
(DIN: 03579332)

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2022

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS
(pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To,
The Members
63 Moons Technologies Limited
Shakti Tower - II , 4th Floor,
Premises J, 766,
Anna Salai, Chennai,
Tamil Nadu 600002

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of 63 Moons Technologies Limited having CIN L29142TN1988PLC015586 and having registered office at Shakti Tower-II, 4th Floor, Premises J, 766, Anna Salai, Chennai, Tamil Nadu 600002 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers, We hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for Financial Year ending on 31st March, 2022 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of Companies by Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA), or any such other Statutory Authority.

Sr. No.	Name of Director	DIN	Date of appointment in Company (*)
1.	Mr. Venkat Chary [#]	00273036	10-10-2013
2.	Mr. Devendra Kumar Agrawal	03579332	27-05-2017
3.	Mr. Rajendran Soundaram	02686150	29-11-2013
4.	Mr. Sunil Hasmukhlal Shah	02569359	20-11-2014
5.	Mr. Suresh Bhimrao Salvi	07636298	14-10-2016
6.	Mr. Deepak Verma	07489985	21-12-2016
7.	Mrs. Chitkala Zutshi	07684586	21-12-2016
8.	Mr. Chandrasekhar Kanekal	06861358	27-09-2017
9.	Mr. Devender Singh Rawat	02587354	12-02-2019
10.	Mrs. Malini Vijay Shankar ^{**}	01602529	12-03-2020
11.	Mr. Satyananda Mishra ^{**}	01807198	12-03-2020
12.	Mr. Parveen Kumar Gupta ^{**}	02895343	12-03-2020

Note:

(*) The date of appointment is as per the date reflected in MCA records.

([#]) Ceased to be Independent Director on 22nd September 2021 on completion of second term as Independent Director. Re-appointed as Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director w.e.f. 23rd September 2021.

(^{**}) Based on Hon'ble NCLAT order dated 12th March, 2020, Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide its order dated 16th March 2020 had communicated to the Company about appointment of three Nominee Directors on their Board with immediate effect. The Company had filed an appeal challenging the order dated 12th March 2020, passed by Hon'ble NCLAT before Hon'ble Supreme Court along with an application

for stay of the Order passed by MCA. Hon'ble Supreme Court has vide its order dated 9th March 2022 stayed the NCLAT order and consequently MCA order dated 16th March 2020 remain stayed.

Ensuring the eligibility of / for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Date : 26th May, 2022

Place : Mumbai

For BNP & Associates

Company Secretaries

[Firm Registration. No. P2014MH037400]

B. Narasimhan

Partner

FCS No: 1303 / COP No: 10440

UDIN: F001303D000392639

Independent Auditors' certificate on compliance with the Corporate Governance requirements under SEBI [Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements] Regulation, 2015

To the members of 63 moons technologies limited

1. This certificate is issued in accordance with engagement letter and as requested by you.
2. We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by **63 moons technologies limited** ("the Company"), for the year ended on 31 March 2022, as stipulated in regulation 17 to 27, clause (b) to (i) of regulation 46(2) and paragraphs C, D and E of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended from time to time ("SEBI Listing Regulations") pursuant to the Listing Agreement of the Company with Stock Exchanges.

Management's responsibility for compliance with the conditions of SEBI Listing Regulations.

3. The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated under the SEBI Listing Regulations is the responsibility of management. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control and procedures to ensure compliance with the conditions of corporate governance stipulated in the SEBI Listing Regulations, including preparation and maintenance of all relevant supporting records and documents.

Auditors' responsibility

4. Our examination was limited to examining the procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of corporate governance. It is neither audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.
5. Pursuant to the requirements of the SEBI Listing Regulations, it is our responsibility to provide a reasonable assurance whether the Company has complied with the conditions of corporate governance as stipulated in the SEBI Listing Regulations for the year ended 31 March 2022.
6. We conducted our examination of the above corporate governance compliance in accordance with the Guidance Note on Reports or Certificates for Special Purposes (Revised 2016) and Guidance Note on Certification of Corporate Governance (the 'Guidance Note') issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("the ICAI"), in so far as applicable for the purpose of this certificate. The Guidance Note requires that we comply with the ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by the ICAI.
7. We have complied with the relevant applicable requirements of the Standard on Quality Control (SQC) 1, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Historical Financial Information, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements.

Opinion

8. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of corporate governance as specified in regulation 17 to 27, clause (b) to (i) of regulation 46(2) and paragraphs C, D and E of Schedule V of the SEBI Listing Regulations, as applicable during the year ended 31 March 2022.
9. We state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Restriction on use

10. The certificate is addressed and provided to the members of the Company solely for the purpose to enable the Company to comply with the requirements of aforesaid SEBI Listing Regulations and it should not be used by any other person or for any other purpose. Accordingly, we do not accept or assume any liability or any duty of care for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this certificate is shown or into whose hands it may come without our prior consent in writing.

Sharp & Tannan Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 0109983W

by the hand of

Pramod Bhise

Partner

Membership No. (F) 047751

UDIN: 22047751AOQMUC8479

Pune, 09 August 2022

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STANDALONE



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of 63 moons technologies limited

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

QUALIFIED OPINION

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements of **63 moons technologies limited** (hereinafter referred as "the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes In Equity for the year then ended and notes to the Standalone Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, *except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report*, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred as "the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended (hereinafter referred as "Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs (financial position) of the Company as at March 31, 2022, and its loss (financial performance including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

BASIS FOR QUALIFIED OPINION

Note Number 45, 47 and 52 to 54 to the Standalone Financial Statements forms the basis for our qualified opinion, which are as follows:

A. The Company has investment of Rs. 20,000 Lakhs (face value) in secured non-convertible debentures issued by IL&FS Transportation Networks Ltd (ITNL) (subsidiary of Infrastructure Leasing & Finance Ltd – ILFS). ITNL has defaulted in repayment of interest and various rating agencies revised their credit ratings to the lowest category 'D' i.e. default. Resolution process has been initiated for ITNL, in addition to various investigations and legal proceedings. The Company's management has also taken various measures including filing legal cases against specified parties. (Refer note 45).

In addition, the Company has investment of Rs. 30,000 Lakhs (face value) in Perpetual Additional Tier I bonds ("AT I bonds") issued by Yes Bank Limited ("Yes Bank"). On March 14, 2020, Yes Bank through its administrator informed the stock exchanges that these AT I bonds need to be fully written down permanently and stand extinguished with immediate effect. Trustee and the Company have taken legal recourse to this action of the Yes bank. (Refer note 47).

The Company's management and those charged with Governance have represented to us that since these matters are pending at various stages of adjudication and considering the uncertainties, management is unable to quantify the impact on these investments.

B. As stated by the Management of the Company in Note 52 to the Standalone Financial Statements, Civil Suits have been filed against the Company in relation to event occurred on National Spot Exchange Limited trading platform. These matters are pending at various stages of adjudication. As stated in the said note, the management of the Company does not foresee that the parties who have filed Civil Suits would be able to sustain any claim against the Company. In addition, as stated by the management in note 52, 53 and 54 to the Standalone Financial Statements, there are First Information Reports ("FIR") / complaints/ charge-sheets / orders / notices registered / received against various parties including the Company from/ with the Economic Offences Wing of the Mumbai Police (EOW), Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI), Home Department - Government of Maharashtra under MPID Act, the Directorate of Enforcement and the Serious Fraud Investigation Office (SFIO). Above matters are pending at various stages of adjudication/investigation. (Refer Note 52, 53 and 54).

In this regard, the Management and those charged with Governance have represented to us that other than as stated in the said notes to the Standalone Financial Statements, there are no claims, litigations, potential settlements involving the Company directly or indirectly which require adjustments to / disclosures in the Standalone Financial Statements and that the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern entity and to carry out its day-to-day operations / activities is not seriously affected due to any such FIR / complaints / charge-sheets / orders / notices / reports as aforesaid.

Accordingly, in view of above representations regarding legal matters at various stages of adjudication and ongoing investigations / matters, the outcome of which is not known and is uncertain at this stage, we are unable to comment on the consequential impact in respect of the same on the results for the year ended March 31, 2022.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (hereinafter referred as "SAs") specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of 63 moons technologies limited

EMPHASIS OF MATTER

We draw attention to Note 43 to the Standalone Financial Statements, regarding utilisation of unexpired MAT credit entitlement by the Company. The Company has a total MAT credit entitlement of Rs. 8,585.02 Lakhs as at March 31, 2022. The Company's Management is confident that they will be able to utilise the unexpired MAT credit entitlement in eligible future years.

Our opinion is not modified in respect this matter of emphasis.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements taken as a whole, in forming our opinion thereon and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. Apart from 'Basis for Qualified Opinion' we have determined the key audit matters as described below:

- A. Determination of fair value of carrying amount of investments
- B. Accounting treatment for contracts with customer
- C. Contingent liabilities

A. Determination of fair value of carrying amount of investments

Description of key audit matter

The Company has investments net of provision of Rs. 90,202.12 Lakhs as at March 31, 2022 consisting of Investments in the equity instruments of subsidiaries, third party bonds, mutual funds, other equity instruments etc. and are valued as per Ind AS 109, "Financial instruments". By their nature, these are subjected to various factors related to respective investee entities including but not limited to, economic factors, business dynamics, financial performance etc and impact a fair valuation of these investments. Accordingly, this necessitates a close monitoring by the management of these situations and judgement, based on appropriate evaluation criteria to arrive at a fair value of carrying amounts of these assets as at balance sheet date. Against this background, this matter was of significance in the context of our audit.

Description of Auditor response

We have carried out a comparison between carrying value of investment as at balance sheet date and net-worth as reflected by latest audited financials of investee companies. Wherever carrying amount of investment is more than the net-worth of investee Company we have discussed and enquired with the management the process followed by them to identify permanent diminution, if any, in the value of investment and necessary accounting treatment adopted in the books. In addition, management has provided us with the future business plans and how in their business judgement such gap between investment and net-worth of the investee is either compensated with improving business conditions or valuations of such entities. Going forward our regular audit procedures are designed to keep a follow up on outcomes of these management assertions.

B. Accounting treatment for contracts with customer

Description of key audit matter

Revenue amounting to Rs. 14,438.82 Lakhs reported in the Company's financial statements pertains to customer specific contracts and the same are required to satisfy the recognition and measurement criteria as prescribed in IND AS 115, 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers'. Company's revenue is bifurcated into two main parts (a) revenue from software products (IPR based licenses) and (b) revenue from software services. Certain contracts necessarily involve estimations and certain assumptions to be made by the management in determining the quantum of revenue to be recognised in specific period. This inherently creates certain uncertainties and results in complexities in accounting treatment wherein incorrect assumptions and estimates can lead to revenue being recognised in incorrect accounting periods thereby impacting the results. Considering these factors, in the context of our audit this matter was of significance and hence a key audit matter.

Description of Auditor's response

With a view to verify the reasonableness of the revenue accounting we carried out following procedures:

- a) Understanding the internal control environment for revenue recognition and to test check with a view to verify its operating effectiveness;
- b) Major contracts were read and analysed to verify correctness of accounting of revenue as calculated by the Company's Management;
- c) Discussed with the management process of identification of variable consideration and verified the working on test basis;
- d) Verified the working of unbilled revenue and unearned revenue on test basis;
- e) Performed analytical procedures and obtained reasons for major variances;
- f) Ensured that revenue is recognized in accordance with accounting policy of the Company and Ind AS 115;

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of 63 moons technologies limited

C. Contingent liabilities

Description of key audit matter

Contingent liabilities as at March 31, 2022 amounted to Rs. 18,705.80 Lakhs, which mainly include pending income-tax matters and certain legal cases other than those forming basis for our qualified opinion. Contentious income tax matters relate to interpretational differences between the Company and various tax authorities, certain matters subjected to internal circulars and guidelines within tax authorities irrespective of stated legal provisions sometimes requiring decision making only by higher tax authorities through appellate procedures resulting in delays in outcome. Given the current legal and operational embargo that the Company is facing, it is subjected the multiple litigations by and on the Company sub-judice at various courts and levels requiring the Company's Management to exercise significant judgement on these outcomes to determine the liabilities that are contingent in nature. Considering these factors, in the context of our audit, this matter was of significance and hence a key audit matter.

Description of Auditor's response

With a view to ensure that disclosures made by the Company in Note 32 to the Standalone Financial Statements, are determined appropriately and prudently, we obtained information of pending income-tax matters from the Company and have obtained/verified the documents including the communication with the departments provided by the Company. In addition, we have carried out comparison with respect to previous year and obtained/reviewed documentation for additional tax matters arisen during the year. Our tax team has carried out discussions with the Company's internal tax team on these cases mainly with respect to issues raised by various tax authorities in their communication to the Company to substantiate Company's assessment that there are no present obligations perceived.

With respect to legal cases disclosed to us, we have obtained updates on pending cases from the management and discussed it with the Company's internal legal department, wherever necessary. We carried out a comparison between the latest status and immediate previous status. While comparing, we have tried to ascertain the appropriateness, without being judgemental, of the management judgement exercised in updating to the latest status and have tried to evaluate an impact on such ascertainment of whether the Company liabilities to which it is contingently liable are appropriately ascertained with prudence principle.

INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON (HEREINAFTER REFERRED AS "OTHER INFORMATION")

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors' Report including any annexures thereto, Corporate Governance Report and Management Discussion and Analysis, but does not include the Standalone Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.

These reports are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. When we read these reports, if we conclude that there is material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and describe actions applicable as per applicable laws and regulations.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGEMENT AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Ind AS. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone Financial Statements, Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management and Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of 63 moons technologies limited

or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- A. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- B. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- C. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management and Board of Directors.
- D. Conclude on the appropriateness of management and Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- E. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Standalone Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Standalone Financial Statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Standalone Financial Statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the "**Annexure A**", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by section 143 (3) of the Act and based on our audit, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), Statement of Changes In Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act, read with rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, *except for the effects, if any, of the matters described in the basis for qualified opinion paragraph*;
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164 (2) of the Act;
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B"; our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting;

- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the auditor's report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, we report that in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act; and
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the auditor's report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at March 31, 2022 on its Standalone Financial Statements, *to the extent it is ascertainable* [Refer note 32 to the Standalone Financial Statements and 'Basis for Qualified Opinion'].
 - ii. The Company does not have any outstanding long-term contracts including derivative contracts as on March 31, 2022.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. Reporting on rule 11(e):
 - (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as stated in note no. 58, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as stated in note no. 58, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures that has been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
 - v. The dividend for the previous year, declared but could not be paid due to restrictions imposed pursuant to the directions of the Court is in accordance with section 123 of the Act, as applicable. [Refer note 50 to the Standalone Financial Statements]

For Sharp & Tannan Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 0109983W
by the hand of

CA Pramod Bhise
Partner

Membership No.: (F) 047751
UDIN: 22047751AMXIMG6802

Mumbai, May 27, 2022

ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading, "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report on even date:

- (i) (a) (A) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
(B) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
- (b) The Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management at regular intervals based on the programme of verification in a phased manner which in our opinion is reasonable. No material discrepancies were noticed during such physical verification conducted by the Company during the year.
- (c) According to the information, explanation and representation provided to us and based on verification carried out by us, title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee, and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the standalone financial statements are held in the name of the Company.
- (d) The Company has neither revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) nor intangible assets during the year. Accordingly, reporting under paragraph 3(i)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- (e) According to the information, explanation and representation provided to us and based on verification carried out by us, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder. Accordingly, reporting under paragraph 3(i)(e) of the Order is not applicable.
- (ii) According to the process explained to us and as followed by the Company, the Company's inventory items are directly delivered to its customers on their procurement. Accordingly, reporting on paragraph 3(ii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (iii) According to the information, explanation and representation provided to us and based on verification carried out by us:
- during the year, the Company has made investments in group companies;
 - in earlier years, the Company had granted loans to group companies out of which certain loans are outstanding as at balance sheet date;
 - during the year, the Company has not provided any guarantee to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties.
- (a) Details of loans outstanding as at balance sheet date are as follows: (also refer note 35E for details):

PARTICULARS	Loans (Amounts in Rs. Lakhs)	
	Loan given during the year	Balance outstanding as at 31 Mar 2022
- Subsidiaries, joint-ventures and associates	Nil	500
- Other than Subsidiaries, joint-ventures and associates	Nil	Nil

- (b) According to the information, explanation and representation provided to us and based on verification carried out by us, in our opinion investments made and the terms and conditions of all loans given, to the extent stipulated, are not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
- (c) According to the information, explanation and representation provided to us and based on verification carried out by us, schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has not been stipulated for loan given to a subsidiary. Accordingly, to these limit extent reporting on repayments or receipts is not applicable.
- (d) According to the information, explanation and representation provided to us and based on verification carried out by us, schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has not been stipulated for loan given to a subsidiary. Accordingly, we do not have anything to report on paragraph 3(iii)(d) of the Order.
- (e) According to the information, explanation and representation provided to us and based on verification carried out by us, no loan or advance in the nature of loan granted has fallen due during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under para 3(iii)(e) is not applicable.
- (f) According to the information and explanations provided to us, details with respect to the unsecured loan given to a subsidiary repayable on demand are as follows:

PARTICULARS	Loans (Amounts in Rs. Lakhs)	
	Balance outstanding as at 31 Mar 2022	Percentage
- Subsidiaries, joint-ventures and associates	500	100%
- Related parties other than Subsidiaries, joint-ventures and associates	Nil	Nil
Total loans	500	100%

- (iv) The Company has complied with provisions of section 185 and section 186 of the Act.
- (v) The Company has not accepted deposits or deemed deposits to which the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the rules framed there under, are applicable. Accordingly, reporting under para 3(v) is not applicable.

ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading, "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report on even date:

- (vi) Maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central government under section 148(1) of the Act. Accordingly reporting on paragraph 3 (vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vii)(a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including goods and service tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any statutory dues as applicable, to the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanation given to us and based on verification carried out by us on test basis, there are no arrears of statutory dues outstanding as at March 31, 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (b) The details of statutory dues referred to in sub- paragraph (a) above which have not been deposited with the concerned authorities as on 31 March, 2022, on account of dispute are given below:

Name of the Statute	Name of the disputed dues	Amount involved (Rs. Lakhs)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where disputes are pending
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	211.71	2011-12	Commissioner of Income Tax - Appeals
		797.14	2013-14	
		289.86	2016-17	
		210.66	2017-18	
		250.93	2018-19	
MVAT Act 2002	CST Tax	206.77	2017-18	Deputy Commissioner of Sales Tax

- (viii) According to the information, explanation and representation provided to us and based on verification carried out by us, there are no transactions which are not recorded in the books of account and have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961. Accordingly, reporting under para 3(viii) is not applicable.
- (ix) The Company has neither raised short term funds nor long term funds during the current year as well as in the immediately preceding year. Accordingly, reporting under para 3(ix)(a), 3(ix)(b), 3(ix)(c), 3(ix)(d), 3(ix)(e), 3(ix)(f) is not applicable.
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Accordingly, reporting on para 3(x)(a) is not applicable.
- (b) The company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year. Accordingly, reporting on para 3(x)(b) is not applicable.
- (xi) (a) Except for the matters(s) referred in the 'Basis for Qualified Opinion' of our audit report which are sub-judice and hence are inconclusive, to the best of our knowledge and information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or any fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (b) During the year, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- (c) During the year, we have taken into consideration the whistle blower complaints, if any, received by the company during the year while determining the nature, timing and extent of audit procedures.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, reporting on para 3(xii) of the order is not applicable.
- (xiii) According to the information, explanation and representation provided to us and based on verification carried out by us, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act, wherever applicable, and the details have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable IND AS.
- (xiv)(a) The company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- (b) We have considered, the internal audit reports issued during the year and pertaining to the year under audit.
- (xv) According to the information, explanation and representation provided to us and based on verification carried out by us, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors. Accordingly, reporting on para 3(xv) of the order is not applicable.
- (xvi)(a) According to the information, explanation and representation provided to us and based on verification carried out by us, the Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting on para 3(xvi)(a) is not applicable.
- (b) According to the information, explanation and representation provided to us and based on verification carried out by us, the company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting on para 3(xvi)(b) is not applicable.

- (c) According to the information, explanation and representation provided to us and based on verification carried out by us, the company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, reporting on para 3(xvi)(c) of the order is not applicable.
- (d) According to the information, explanation and representation provided to us and based on verification carried out by us, the group does not have CIC as part of the group. Accordingly, reporting on para 3(xvi)(d) of the order is not applicable.
- (xvii) According to the information, explanation and representation provided to us and based on verification carried out by us, the company has incurred cash losses in FY 2021-22 amounting to Rs. 7,585.60 lakhs and in FY 2020-21 Rs. 5,406.75 lakhs.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting on para 3(xviii) of the order is not applicable.
- (xix) *Except for the matters(s) referred in the 'Basis for Qualified Opinion' of our audit report which are sub-judice and hence are inconclusive, to the best of our knowledge and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.*
- (xx) (a) There is no unspent amount towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) on other than ongoing projects required a transfer to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the companies Act in compliance with second proviso to sub section (5) of section 135 of the Act. Accordingly, reporting on para 3(xx)(a) of the order is not applicable.
- (b) According to the information, explanation and representation provided to us and based on verification carried out by us, The unspent amount towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) in respect of ongoing projects has been transferred to a special account in compliance with sub-section (6) of section 135 of the Act.
- (xxi) There have been no qualifications or adverse remarks by the component auditors in their respective Companies (Auditor's Report) Order ("CARO") included in the consolidated financial statement. Qualifications or adverse remarks (including emphasis of matters) by the component auditors in their respective audit reports have been reproduced in our audit report on consolidated financial statements to the extent it is relevant/ significant.

For Sharp & Tannan Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 0109983W
by the hand of

CA Pramod Bhise
Partner
Membership No.: (F) 047751
UDIN: 22047751AMXIMG6802

Mumbai, May 27, 2022

ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Referred to in paragraph 2 (f) under the heading, "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report on even date:

REPORT ON THE INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

[UNDER CLAUSE (i) OF SUB-SECTION 3 OF SECTION 143 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ("THE ACT")]

OPINION

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of 63 moons technologies limited (hereinafter referred as "the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal financial control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (hereinafter referred as "the guidance note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (hereinafter referred as "ICAI").

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the guidance note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the guidance note and the SAs issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those SAs and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

MEANING OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Standalone Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Standalone Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the Standalone Financial Statements.

ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under the heading, "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report on even date:

INHERENT LIMITATIONS OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For Sharp & Tannan Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 0109983W
by the hand of

CA Pramod Bhise
Partner
Membership No.: (F) 047751
UDIN: 22047751AMXIMG6802

Mumbai, May 27, 2022

BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 2022

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	NOTE	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	5	20,923.99	20,822.60
Right of use assets	6	26.25	45.47
Investment property	7	10,448.80	10,658.86
Other intangible assets	8	319.18	413.23
Financial assets			
(i) Investments	9	67,065.82	85,361.05
(ii) Loans	10	16.86	18.02
(iii) Other financial assets	11	11,570.94	13,479.41
Deferred tax assets (net)	20	8,399.73	8,278.62
Other non-current assets	12	9,910.33	10,640.04
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		1,28,681.90	1,49,717.30
Current assets			
Financial assets			
(i) Investments	9	23,136.30	12,341.00
(ii) Trade receivables	13	597.68	457.77
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	14	2,469.43	1,138.68
(iv) Bank Balances other than (iii) above	15	1,08,094.74	1,05,604.64
(v) Loans	10	514.76	512.84
(vi) Other financial assets	11	3,438.88	3,056.41
Current tax assets (net)	20	1,729.60	1,480.01
Other current assets	12	3,021.12	4,524.75
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		1,43,002.51	1,29,116.10
TOTAL ASSETS		2,71,684.41	2,78,833.40

BALANCE SHEET (CONTD.)

as at March 31, 2022

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	NOTE	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			
Equity share capital	16	921.57	921.57
Other equity		2,58,097.98	2,65,060.26
TOTAL EQUITY		2,59,019.55	2,65,981.83
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Lease Liability		13.08	38.76
(ii) Other financial liabilities	17	455.28	394.47
Provisions	18	658.58	738.32
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,126.94	1,171.55
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Lease Liability		14.87	10.83
(ii) Trade payables	21		
Due to micro and small enterprises		35.29	90.68
Due to others		195.04	187.98
(iii) Other financial liabilities	17	8,084.10	7,569.88
Other current liabilities	19	2,525.57	3,177.62
Provisions	18	683.05	643.03
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		11,537.92	11,680.02
TOTAL LIABILITIES		12,664.86	12,851.57
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		2,71,684.41	2,78,833.40
See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements 1 to 59			

In terms of our report attached
For Sharp & Tannan Associates
Chartered Accountants
(Firm's Registration No.109983W)
by the hand of

For and on behalf of the Board

Pramod Bhise
Partner
Membership No:(F) 047751

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2022

Venkat R Chary
Chairman
DIN - 00273036

Hariraj Chouhan
Company Secretary

S. Rajendran
Managing Director & CEO
DIN - 02686150

Devendra Agrawal
Whole-time Director & CFO
DIN - 03579332

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2022

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS

for the Year ended March 31, 2022

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	NOTE	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Continuing Operations			
Revenue from operations	22	14,438.82	14,408.15
Other income (net)	23	6,669.89	8,668.73
TOTAL INCOME		21,108.71	23,076.88
Expenses			
Employee benefits expense	24	10,573.27	9,565.98
Finance costs	25	39.31	42.26
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	26	1,207.37	1,843.08
Other expenses	27	10,374.36	10,584.04
TOTAL EXPENSES		22,194.31	22,035.36
Profit/ (Loss) before exceptional item and tax		(1,085.60)	1,041.52
Exceptional items	28	(5,208.28)	(6,463.36)
Profit / (Loss) before tax		(6,293.88)	(5,421.84)
Tax expense / (credit):			
Current tax	20	-	365.27
Deferred tax	20	(159.57)	(124.16)
TOTAL TAX EXPENSE		(159.57)	241.11
Profit / (Loss) for the year		(6,134.31)	(5,662.95)
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability/asset		132.07	111.46
Income tax relating to above mentioned items		(38.46)	(32.46)
Total Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax)		93.61	79.00
Total comprehensive income for the year		(6,040.70)	(5,583.95)
Earnings per share:	36		
Basic and Diluted per share (in ₹)		(13.31)	(12.29)
Face Value Per Share (in ₹)		2.00	2.00
See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements 1 to 59			

In terms of our report attached
For Sharp & Tannan Associates
Chartered Accountants
(Firm's Registration No.109983W)
by the hand of

For and on behalf of the Board

Pramod Bhise
Partner
Membership No:(F) 047751

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2022

Venkat R Chary
Chairman
DIN - 00273036

Hariraj Chouhan
Company Secretary

S. Rajendran
Managing Director & CEO
DIN - 02686150

Devendra Agrawal
Whole-time Director & CFO
DIN - 03579332

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2022

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

A. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

PARTICULARS	(₹ in lakhs)	
	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Balance as at the beginning of the year	921.57	921.57
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the year	921.57	921.57
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-
Balance as at the end of the year	921.57	921.57

B. OTHER EQUITY

PARTICULARS	Reserves and surplus					Total other equity	Total equity attributable to equity holders of the Company
	Capital reserve	Securities premium reserve	General reserve	Retained earnings	Other Comprehensive Income		
Balance at 01.04.2020	147.59	41,746.62	32,579.86	1,97,298.59	(206.89)	2,71,565.78	2,72,487.35
Changes in equity for the year ended 31.03.2021							
Dividends (Refer Note 50)	-	-	-	(921.57)	-	(921.57)	(921.57)
Remeasurement of The Net Defined Benefit Liability/Asset	-	-	-	-	79.00	79.00	79.00
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(5,662.95)	-	(5,662.95)	(5,662.95)
Balance at 31.03.2021	147.59	41,746.62	32,579.86	1,90,714.07	(127.89)	2,65,060.26	2,65,981.83
Balance at 01.04.2021	147.59	41,746.62	32,579.86	1,90,714.07	(127.89)	2,65,060.26	2,65,981.83
Changes in equity for the year ended 31.03.2022							
Dividends (Refer Note 50)	-	-	-	(921.57)	-	(921.57)	(921.57)
Remeasurement of The Net Defined Benefit Liability/Asset	-	-	-	-	93.60	93.60	93.60
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(6,134.31)	-	(6,134.31)	(6,134.31)
Balance at 31.03.2022	147.59	41,746.62	32,579.86	1,83,658.19	(34.29)	2,58,097.98	2,59,019.55

(₹ in lakhs)

NATURE AND PURPOSE OF RESERVES:**Capital reserve:**

During amalgamation, the excess of net assets taken over the cost of consideration paid is treated as capital reserve.

Securities Premium Reserve:

The amount received in excess of face value of the equity shares is recognised in Securities Premium Reserve.

General Reserve:

General Reserve was created by transferring a portion of the net profit of the Company as per the requirements of the Companies Act, 1956.

Retained earnings:

Remaining portion of profits earned by the Company till date after appropriations.

In terms of our report attached
For Sharp & Tannan Associates
 Chartered Accountants
 (Firm's Registration No.109983W)
 by the hand of

For and on behalf of the Board

Venkat R Chary
 Chairman
 DIN - 00273036

S. Rajendran
 Managing Director & CEO
 DIN - 02686150

Pramod Bhise
 Partner
 Membership No:(F) 047751

Hariraj Chouhan
 Company Secretary

Devendra Agrawal
 Whole-time Director & CFO
 DIN - 03579332

Place : Mumbai
 Date : May 27, 2022

Place : Mumbai
 Date : May 27, 2022

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

for the year ended March 31, 2022

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year ended 31.03.2022		Year ended 31.03.2021	
A. Cash flow from operating activities				
Profit / (Loss) before tax		(6,293.88)		(5,421.84)
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation and amortisation expense	1,207.37		1,843.08	
Gain on fair valuation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(456.73)		(800.22)	
Impairment / allowance for expected credit loss on Bonds / Debentures	2,708.28		5,000.00	
Provisions / liabilities no longer required written back	(70.32)		(14.70)	
Allowance for expected credit loss on investment in subsidiaries	2,500.00		1,463.36	
Bad debts / advances written off (net of provision held)	21.09		19.58	
Provision for doubtful trade receivables / advances	73.85		235.53	
Finance costs	39.31		42.26	
Net unrealised exchange loss	-		(0.15)	
Interest income	(5,407.32)	615.53	(7,074.56)	714.18
Operating profit / (loss) before working capital changes		(5,678.35)		(4,707.66)
Changes in working capital:				
Adjustments for:				
Trade receivables, loans, other financial assets and other assets	1,063.05		2,120.79	
Trade payables, other financial liabilities, other liabilities and provision	(894.15)	168.90	1,826.25	3,947.04
Cash used in operations		(5,509.45)		(760.62)
Net Income Tax paid		-		-
NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (A)		(5,509.45)		(760.62)
B. Cash flow from investing activities				
Capital expenditure on Property, plant and equipment and other Intangible assets including capital advances		(979.53)		(338.64)
Purchase of stake in subsidiaries		(4,602.85)		(2,212.52)
Proceeds from subsidiaries under liquidation		814.32		-
Purchase of Financial assets - others		(5,287.82)		-
Proceeds from sale of Financial assets - others		11,323.55		0.79
Bank deposits not considered as Cash and cash equivalents				
- Placed		(1,19,392.49)		(1,20,984.42)
- Matured		1,18,781.33		1,18,365.85
Interest income		5,742.85		7,346.59
Cash flow from investing activities		6,399.36		2,177.65
Income tax paid (net of refund)		465.38		(1,027.20)
NET CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (B)		6,864.74		1,150.45

CASH FLOW STATEMENT (CONTD.)

for the year ended March 31, 2022

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year ended 31.03.2022	Year ended 31.03.2021
C. Cash flow from financing activities		
Repayment of lease liabilities - Principal	(19.64)	(35.61)
- Interest	(4.90)	(6.99)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES (C)	(24.54)	(42.60)
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	1,330.75	347.23
Cash and cash equivalents (opening balance)	4,165.85	3,818.62
Cash and cash equivalents (closing balance)	5,496.60	4,165.85

Notes to cash flow statement:

1. Cash and cash equivalents include cash and bank balances in current and deposit accounts, with original maturities not exceeding three months. Reconciliation of bank balances with cash and cash equivalents is as follows:

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Cash and cash equivalents	2,469.43	1,138.68
Other Bank balance in current account (Refer Note 53 & 54)	3,027.17	3,027.17
Cash and cash equivalents	5,496.60	4,165.85

2. Fixed deposits with banks with maturity period of more than three months are classified and grouped in investing activities and not included in cash and cash equivalents.
3. The cash flow statement has been prepared under the indirect method, as per IND AS 7.
4. Refer Note 44 for Corporate social responsibility (CSR) related disclosure.
5. Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever applicable.

In terms of our report attached
For Sharp & Tannan Associates
Chartered Accountants
(Firm's Registration No.109983W)
by the hand of

For and on behalf of the Board

Venkat R Chary
Chairman
DIN - 00273036

S. Rajendran
Managing Director & CEO
DIN - 02686150

Pramod Bhise
Partner
Membership No:(F) 047751

Hariraj Chouhan
Company Secretary

Devendra Agrawal
Whole-time Director & CFO
DIN - 03579332

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2022

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2022

NOTES

forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

1 COMPANY OVERVIEW

63 moons technologies limited (the 'Company') is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in India. The Company's registered office is at Shakti Tower – II, 4th floor, Premises – J, 766, Anna Salai, Thousand Lights, Chennai – 600 002, Tamilnadu, India and Corporate office at FT Tower, CTS No.256 & 257, Suren Road, Chakala, Andheri(East), Mumbai – 400 093, Maharashtra, India.

The principal activity of the company is that of Computer Programming, Consultancy and related services. The Company, is among the global leaders in offering technology IP (Intellectual Property) and domain expertise to create and trade on next-generation financial markets, that are transparent, efficient and liquid, across all asset classes including equities, commodities, currencies and bonds among others. The Company is pioneer in end to end Straight Through Processing (STP) solution that support high density transactions. It has developed proprietary technology platform benchmarked against global standard which give it a decisive edge in driving mass disruptive innovation at the speed and cost of execution unmatched in the financial market industry.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance and Basis of Preparation

These financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the 2013 Act") read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, subsequent amendments thereto and the relevant provisions of the 2013 Act.

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis using the historical cost measurement except for the following material items that have been measured at fair value as required by relevant Ind AS:

- Certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments)
- Share based payment transactions
- Defined benefit and other long-term employee benefits

The accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

These Ind-AS compliant financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on May 27, 2022.

2.2 Functional and presentation currency

These Separate financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees, which is the Company's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded off to the nearest lakhs, unless otherwise indicated.

2.3 Use of judgements and estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make certain estimates, judgements and assumptions. These affect the application of accounting policies, the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the reporting date of the financial statements and reported amounts of income and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period and the actual results could differ from those estimates. These are reviewed by the management on an on-going basis and appropriate changes in estimates are made prospectively as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. The management believes that the estimates used in preparation of these financial statements are just, prudent and reasonable.

The areas involving critical estimates & judgements are:

Note Reference	Critical Estimates & Judgements
Note 3.14, 12 and 20	Estimation of income taxes, Recognition and utilisation of deferred tax assets and MAT credit entitlement and utilisation.
Note 3.17 and 32	Measurement of contingencies key assumptions about the likelihood and magnitude of an outflow of resources.
Note 3.8, 3.9, 3.10 and 29	Assessment of carrying value / fair value of financial instruments.
Note 3.12 and 37	Measurement of defined benefit obligations: key actuarial assumptions.
Note 3.5, 3.6, 3.7, 5, 7 and 8	Estimation of useful life of tangible ,intangible assets and investment property.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company has consistently applied the following accounting policies to all periods presented in these financial statements.

3.1 Revenue

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration expected to receive in exchange for those products or services. Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for volume discounts, service level credits, performance bonuses, price concessions and incentives, if any, as specified in the contract with the customer. Revenue also excludes taxes collected from customers.

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forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

The revenue from the sale of software products (IPR based licenses) is recognised on delivery/granting of right to use. In respect of service contracts, where the performance obligations are satisfied over time and where there is no uncertainty as to measurement or collectability of consideration, is recognized over time. Revenue from fixed price service contracts is recognised based on acts performed as specified in the contracts over the contract period where performance of several acts is required over that period. In the case of time and material contracts, revenue is recognised on the basis of hours completed and material used. Revenue from annual maintenance contracts, lease of licenses, IT infrastructure sharing income and Shared Business Support Services is recognised proportionately over the period in which the services are rendered/licenses is leased. Revenue from sale of goods is recognised on transfer of control over the goods to the customer. Sales are recorded net of returns (if any), trade discounts, rebates, and goods and service tax. Projected losses, if any, are provided in entirety as per Ind AS based on management's current estimates of cost to completion arrived at on the basis of technical assessment of time and effort required and estimates of future expenditure.

Revenues in excess of invoicing are classified as contract assets (which are referred to as unbilled revenue). Contract assets are classified as unbilled receivables (only act of invoicing is pending) when there is unconditional right to receive cash, and only passage of time is required, as per contractual terms. Invoicing in excess of revenues are classified as contract liabilities (which are referred to as unearned revenues).

3.2 Interest Income

Interest income from debt instruments is recognised using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.

3.3 Dividends

Dividends are recognised in profit or loss only when the right to receive payment is established.

3.4 Investment Property Rental Income

Rental income from investment property is recognised as revenue on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease and presented as other income. Lease incentives granted are recognised as an integral part of the total rental income, over the term of the lease.

3.5 Property, Plant and Equipment

i. Recognition and Measurement

Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE) are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The cost of PPE comprises its purchase price including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes after deducting trade discounts and rebates and any costs directly attributable to bring in the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

PPE which are not ready for intended use as on the date of Balance Sheet are disclosed as "Capital work-in-progress".

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset form part of the cost of the asset. If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets) is recognised in Statement of Profit & Loss.

ii. Subsequent Expenditure

Subsequent expenditure relating to PPE is capitalised only when it is probable that future economic benefits with these will flow to the company and cost of the item can be measured reliably. Repairs & maintenance costs are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss as and when incurred.

iii. Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their estimated residual values using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Leased assets and leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed annually and the effects of any changes in estimates are accounted for on a prospective basis.

Freehold Land is not depreciated. For others, depreciation has been provided on the basis of estimated useful life as follows.

NOTES

forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

Assets	Useful Life
Office Equipment	2 to 5 Years
Electrical Installations	10 Years
Computer Hardware	3 to 6 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	5 to 10 Years
Vehicles	5 Years
Building	58 Years
Leasehold improvements	Over lease period (2 to 5 years)

Assets costing up to ₹ 5,000/- are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition

iv. Reclassification to Investment Property

When the use of a property changes from owner-occupied to investment property, the property is reclassified accordingly.

3.6 Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment, if any. The cost of intangible assets comprises its purchase price including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes after deducting trade discounts and rebates and any costs directly attributable to bring in use. Intangible assets are amortized over their respective individual estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis, from the date that they are available for use. Research costs are expensed as incurred. Amortization methods and useful lives are reviewed annually and the effects of any changes in estimates are accounted for on a prospective basis.

The Company amortises intangible assets using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life as follows:

- Patents, copyright and other rights - 8 years
- Computer software - 4 to 6 years

3.7 Investment property

Investment property is measured at cost less impairment, if any. Any gain or loss on disposal of investment property (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount of the item) is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Fair value is calculated using discounted cash flow method and other relevant factors, if any. Useful life of the investment property is considered as 58 year or lease period whichever is lower.

3.8 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. The classification of financial instruments depends on the objective of the business model for which it is held. Management determines the classification of its financial instruments at recognition.

Classification	Initial Recognition	Subsequent Recognition
Non-derivative financial instruments		
a) Financial assets at amortised cost : if it is held within business model where purpose is to hold asset for contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on principal outstanding	At fair value including directly attributable transaction costs	Subsequently carried at amortised cost using effective interest rate method less any impairment loss
b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income : if it is held within business model where purpose is to hold asset for contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on principal outstanding and also selling financial assets	At fair value including directly attributable transaction costs	All changes in value excluding interest are recognised in OCI. Interest is recognised on effective interest rate method in Statement of Profit & Loss
c) Financial assets at fair value through statement of profit and loss : if financial asset is not classified in any of the above categories	At fair value excluding directly attributable transaction costs. Transaction costs are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	Fair valued at each subsequent reporting date
d) Trade Receivable and Loans:	At fair value	Subsequently held at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method, net of any expected credit loss

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forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

Classification	Initial Recognition	Subsequent Recognition
e) Investment in subsidiaries and associate	At cost	At cost net of expected credit Loss
f) Other Equity investments	At fair value	And changes through Statement of Profit and Loss
g) Financial liabilities	At fair value including directly attributable transaction costs	At amortised cost: using effective interest method except certain items
Derivative financial instruments		
Financial assets or financial liabilities	At fair value	At fair value through statement of profit and loss: if financial assets or financial liabilities are not designated as hedges
Share capital		
	Ordinary shares classified as equity	Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of new ordinary shares and share options are recognized as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects

Financial assets are reclassified subsequent to their recognition if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

Derecognition of financial instruments:

A financial asset is derecognised by the Company only when:

- Contractual right to receive cash flows from the assets expires; or
- The Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset; or
- If the Company has not retained control of the financial asset; or
- The Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.

Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in statement of profit and loss including cumulative gain or loss in case of financial assets subsequently valued at fair value through other comprehensive income. In case of financial assets subsequently fair valued through profit or loss, gain or loss is presented on a net basis.

A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognized when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or expires. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in statement of profit and loss.

3.9 Measurement of Fair Value

Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Company has access at that date. The Company regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. In determining the fair value of its financial instruments, the Company uses a variety of methods and assumptions that are based on market conditions and risks existing at each reporting date. The methods used to determine fair value include discounted cash flow analysis, available quoted market prices and dealer quotes. When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. All methods of assessing fair value result in general approximation of value, and such value may never actually be realized.

3.10 Impairment

i. Financial Assets:

For the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit or loss, the Company tests loss allowances using the expected credit loss (ECL) model and recognises, if any.

Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL. The amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognised is recognized as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss.

ii. Non-financial Assets:

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then asset's / cash generating unit (CGU)'s recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is estimated. An

NOTES

forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset / CGU exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

3.11 Foreign Currency Transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency of the Company at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions or at rates that closely approximate the rate at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured based on historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and are not retranslated. Foreign currency differences are generally recognised in profit or loss.

3.12 Employee Benefits

i. Short-term Obligations

The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees is recognised as an expense during the period when the employee renders those services.

ii. Other long-term employee benefit obligations

Compensated Absences

The Company has a policy on compensated absences which are both accumulating and non-accumulating in nature. The expected cost of accumulating compensated absences is determined by actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary at each reporting date using projected unit credit method on the additional amount expected to be paid/availed as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date and recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss. Expense on non-accumulating compensated absences is recognized in the year in which the absences occur.

Defined Benefit Plan

The Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan ('the Gratuity Plan') covering eligible employees. The liability or asset recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated at each reporting date by actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised, net of tax impact, in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet. Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognised immediately in profit or loss as past service cost. The amount of net interest expense calculated by applying the liability discount rate to the net defined liability or asset is charged or credited to 'Finance Cost' in Statement of Profit and Loss.

Defined Contribution Plans

The Company pays provident fund contributions to publicly administered provident funds as per local regulations. The Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and the contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due.

iii. Share-based Payment Arrangements

The Company recognizes compensation expense relating to share-based payments in net profit using fair value in accordance with Ind AS 102, Share-based Payment. The estimated fair value of awards is charged to income on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for each separately vesting portion of the award as if the award was in-substance, multiple awards with a corresponding increase to share options outstanding account.

3.13 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are charged to revenue.

3.14 Income Tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity or in OCI.

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forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

i. Current Tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or recoverable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or recoverable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax payable or recoverable is the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Interest income in respect of income tax is shown under Other Income and accounted on receipt basis. Interest expenses and penalties, if any, are included in Current Tax Expense. Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amount and there is an intention to settle the assets and liabilities on net basis.

Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) credit is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. In the year in which the MAT credit becomes eligible to be recognised as an asset in accordance with the recommendations contained in Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the said asset is created by way of a credit to the statement of profit and loss. The Company reviews the same at each balance sheet date and writes down the carrying amount of MAT Credit Entitlement to the extent there is no longer convincing evidence to the effect that Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

ii. Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is not recognised for:

- temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss;
- temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Future taxable profits are determined based on business plans of the Company and the reversal of temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

3.15 Operating Cycle

Based on the nature of products / activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

3.16 Provisions

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance Sheet date. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted to reflect its present value using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

3.17 Contingent liabilities and contingent assets (Refer Note 32)

A present obligation that arises from past events, where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is disclosed as a contingent liability. Contingent liabilities are also disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Claims against the Company, where the possibility of any outflow of resources in settlement is remote, are not disclosed as contingent liabilities.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and is recognised.

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3.18 Leases

Effective April 01, 2019, the Company had adopted Ind AS 116 "Leases" by applying the modified retrospective approach. The Company, at the inception of a contract, assesses whether the contract is a lease or not lease.

Company as a lessee

The Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use assets is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The right-of-use assets is depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date over the shorter of lease term or useful life of right-of-use asset. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment. Right-of-use assets are tested for impairment whenever there is any indication that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Impairment loss, if any, is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date. The lease payments are discounted using the Company's incremental borrowing rate. The lease liability is subsequently remeasured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made and remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset.

The Company accounts for each lease component within the contract as a lease separately from non-lease components of the contract.

The Company has elected not to apply the requirements of Ind AS 116 to short-term leases of all assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value and are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Company as a lessor

At the inception of the lease the Company classifies each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease. The Company recognises lease payments received under operating leases as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. In case of a finance lease, finance income is recognised over the lease term based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the lessor's net investment in the lease. When the Company is an intermediate lessor it accounts for its interests in the head lease and the sub-lease separately. It assesses the lease classification of a sub-lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease, not with reference to the underlying asset. If a head lease is a short term lease to which the Company applies the exemption described above, then it classifies the sub-lease as an operating lease.

3.19 Earning Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax attributable to equity shareholder of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax attributable to equity shareholder of the company as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income (net of any attributable taxes) relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations. Potential dilutive equity shares are deemed to be converted as at the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. average market value of the outstanding shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented. The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted for share splits / reverse share splits and bonus shares, as appropriate.

4. RECENT INDIAN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (IND AS)

Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA), vide notification dated 23rd March, 2022, has made the following amendments to Ind AS which are effective 1st April, 2022:

- a. Ind AS 109: Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)
- b. Ind AS 103: Reference to Conceptual Framework
- c. Ind AS 37: Onerous Contracts - Costs of Fulfilling a Contract
- d. Ind AS 16: Proceeds before intended use

Based on preliminary assessment, the Company does not expect these amendments to have any significant impact on its standalone financial statements.

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5 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT*

(₹ in lakhs)									
PARTICULARS	Freehold Land	Buildings	Improvement to Leasehold Premises	Computer Hardware	Office Equipment**	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicles	Total	
Year ended March 31, 2022									
Gross carrying Value as at April 1, 2021	4,666.60	17,770.82	95.24	6,405.97	6,504.78	4,919.24	733.17	41,095.82	
Additions	169.58	310.84	-	69.12	62.01	1.95	345.52	959.02	
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Gross carrying Value as at March 31, 2022	4,836.18	18,081.66	95.24	6,475.09	6,566.79	4,921.19	1,078.69	42,054.84	
Accumulated depreciation and impairment as at April 01, 2021	-	2,924.45	95.24	5,742.86	6,063.19	4,762.86	684.62	20,273.22	
Charged during the year	-	293.74	-	238.71	179.55	98.99	46.64	857.63	
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Upto March 31, 2022	-	3,218.19	95.24	5,981.57	6,242.74	4,861.85	731.26	21,130.85	
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2022	4,836.18	14,863.47	-	493.52	324.05	59.34	347.43	20,923.99	
Year ended March 31, 2021									
Gross carrying Value as at April 1, 2020	4,666.60	17,770.82	95.24	6,176.87	6,412.61	4,919.24	733.17	40,774.55	
Additions	-	-	-	229.10	92.17	-	-	321.27	
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Gross carrying Value as at March 31, 2021	4,666.60	17,770.82	95.24	6,405.97	6,504.78	4,919.24	733.17	41,095.82	
Accumulated depreciation and impairment as at April 01, 2020	-	2,630.83	95.24	5,452.87	5,675.43	4,288.55	657.60	18,800.52	
Charged during the year	-	293.62	-	289.99	387.76	474.31	27.02	1,472.70	
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Upto March 31, 2021	-	2,924.45	95.24	5,742.86	6,063.19	4,762.86	684.62	20,273.22	
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2021	4,666.60	14,846.37	-	663.11	441.59	156.38	48.55	20,822.60	

* Refer Note 53

** Includes electrical installations

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6 RIGHT OF USE ASSETS

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Buildings	Total
Year ended March 31, 2022		
Gross carrying Value as at April 1, 2021	59.75	59.75
Additions	22.76	22.76
Deletions on de-hiring premises / Changes in lease terms	(24.76)	(24.76)
Gross carrying Value as at March 31, 2022	57.75	57.75
Accumulated depreciation and impairment as at April 01, 2021	14.28	14.28
Charged during the year	17.22	17.22
Deletions on de-hiring premises	-	-
Upto March 31, 2022	31.50	31.50
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2022	26.25	26.25
Year ended March 31, 2021		
Gross carrying Value as at April 1, 2020	-	-
Additions on adoption of Ind-AS 116 on April 1, 2019	168.45	168.45
Additions	11.03	11.03
Deletions on de-hiring premises	(119.73)	(119.73)
Gross carrying Value as at March 31, 2021	59.75	59.75
Accumulated depreciation and impairment as at April 01, 2020	30.19	30.19
Charged during the year	36.41	36.41
Deletions on de-hiring premises	(52.32)	(52.32)
Upto March 31, 2021	14.28	14.28
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2021	45.47	45.47

Notes:

A The Company as a Lessee:

The Company incurred ₹ 207.25 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 111.76 lakhs) for the year ended 31st March, 2022 towards expenses relating to short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The total cash outflow for leases is ₹ 220.15 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 141.29 lakhs) for the year ended 31st March, 2022, including cash outflow of short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. Interest on lease liabilities is ₹ 4.90 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 6.99 lakhs) for the year.

B The Company as a Lessor:

The Company has entered into various cancellable and non-cancellable operating lease agreements as a lessor for various premises ranging from 2 months to 60 months and may be renewed for further period based on mutual agreement of the parties. The lease rentals recognised as income in the statement of profit and loss during the year are included in Note 23 under the head 'Rental income from properties sublease'.

Disclosure for non-cancellable operating lease is as follows:

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Lease Income		
Lease rentals	735.09	727.33
Future minimum lease receivable		
Not later than one year	420.32	696.74
Later than one year and not later than five years	643.37	133.18
Later than five years	-	-

C The Commitment related to lease payments are shown in Note 31.

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7 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Gross carrying amount		
Opening gross carrying amount	12,752.22	12,752.22
Additions	-	-
Closing gross carrying amount	12,752.22	12,752.22
Accumulated depreciation		
Opening accumulated depreciation	2,093.36	1,883.29
Depreciation charge	210.06	210.07
Closing accumulated depreciation	2,303.42	2,093.36
Net carrying amount	10,448.80	10,658.86

Notes:

i. Amounts recognised in profit or loss for investment properties

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year ended 31.03.2022	Year ended 31.03.2021
Rental income	670.59	645.23
Direct operating expenses from property that generated rental income	(83.16)	(71.62)
Direct operating expenses from property that did not generate rental income	(14.56)	(105.08)
Profit from investment property before depreciation	572.87	468.53
Depreciation	(210.06)	(210.07)
Profit from investment property	362.81	258.46

ii. Contractual obligations

There is no contractual obligations towards investment property.

iii. Leasing arrangements

Certain investment properties are leased to tenants under long-term operating leases with rentals payable monthly. Minimum lease payments receivable under non-cancellable operating leases of investment properties are as follows:

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Within one year	420.32	696.74
Later than one year but not later than 5 years	643.37	133.18

iv. Fair value

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Investment properties	12,350.96	12,610.84

8 OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Trade Mark	Technical Knowhow	Computer Software	Total
Year ended March 31, 2022				
Gross carrying Value as at April 1, 2021	7.78	6.33	4,331.34	4,345.45
Additions	4.77	-	23.64	28.41
Write off	-	(6.33)	-	(6.33)
Gross carrying Value as at March 31, 2022	12.55	-	4,354.98	4,367.53

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(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Trade Mark	Technical Knowhow	Computer Software	Total
Accumulated amortisation and impairment as at April 01, 2021	7.18	6.33	3,918.71	3,932.22
Charged during the year	0.62	-	121.84	122.46
Write off	-	(6.33)	-	(6.33)
Upto March 31, 2022	7.80	-	4,040.55	4,048.35
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2022	4.75	-	314.43	319.18
Year ended March 31, 2021				
Gross carrying Value as at April 1, 2020	7.78	6.33	4,295.33	4,309.44
Additions	-	-	36.01	36.01
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Gross carrying Value as at March 31, 2021	7.78	6.33	4,331.34	4,345.45
Accumulated amortisation and impairment as at April 01, 2020	6.98	6.33	3,795.00	3,808.31
Charged during the year	0.20	-	123.71	123.91
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Upto March 31, 2021	7.18	6.33	3,918.71	3,932.22
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2021	0.60	-	412.63	413.23

9 INVESTMENTS*

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Non-current investment		
In equity instruments of subsidiaries	15,151.84	13,048.98
In equity instruments of an associate	2,100.87	2,100.87
In optionally fully convertible debentures of subsidiary	500.00	3,000.00
In optionally fully convertible preference shares of subsidiary	-	-
In government and trust securities	6.78	7.09
In bonds / debentures carrying at amortised cost	49,306.33	67,171.52
In equity Instruments of others	-	32.59
TOTAL	67,065.82	85,361.05
Current investments		
In equity instruments of others	940.76	1,729.17
In optionally fully convertible debentures of subsidiary	2,500.00	-
In bonds / debentures carrying at amortised cost	10,125.77	1,503.58
In Mutual funds	9,569.77	9,108.25
TOTAL	23,136.30	12,341.00
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	90,202.12	97,702.05
* Refer Note 53 and 54		
Details of investments		
Non-current investments		
Unquoted		
Investments carried at cost		

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forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS		As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Investment in equity instrument of subsidiaries			
1 930,536,440 (Previous Year 65,996,577) Equity shares of ₹ 1/- (Previous Year ₹ 10) each fully paid up and Nil (Previous Year 12,057,067) equity shares of ₹ 10/- each (₹ 5/- paid up) in Tickerplant Limited. [at cost less expected credit loss in value ₹ 6,285.39 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 6,285.39 lakhs)]		3,019.98	917.12
2 239,478,952 (Previous Year 219,478,952) Equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up, 20,000,002 (Previous Year 20,000,002) Equity Share of ₹ 10 each (₹ 7.50 paid up) and Nil (Previous Year 20,000,002) Equity Share of ₹ 10 each (₹ 5 paid up) in National Spot Exchange Limited [at cost less expected credit loss in value ₹ 25,947.90 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 22,447.90 lakhs)]		-	-
3 50,000 (Previous Year 50,000) Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each in Financial Technologies Communications Limited		5.00	5.00
4 109,060,002 (Previous Year 109,060,002) Ordinary shares of USD 1/- each in FT Group Investments Pvt Limited [at cost less expected credit loss in value ₹ 65,433.03 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 65,433.03 lakhs)]		-	-
5 10,002 (Previous Year 10,002) Ordinary shares of USD 1/- each in Knowledge Assets Private Limited		3.98	3.98
6 3,750,000 (Previous Year 3,750,000) Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each in FT Knowledge Management Company Limited [at cost less expected credit loss in value ₹ 328.00 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 328.00 lakhs)]		47.00	47.00
7 111,600,001 (Previous Year 111,600,001) Ordinary shares of SGD 1/- each in Financial Technologies Singapore PTE Limited [at cost less expected credit loss in value ₹ 25,464.26 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 25,464.26 lakhs)]		11,410.10	11,410.10
8 4,314,395 (Previous Year 4,314,395) Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each in Apian Finance & Investment Limited		550.78	550.78
9 149,988 (Previous Year 149,988) Ordinary shares of ₹ 10/- each in FT Projects Limited		15.00	15.00
10 1,000,000 (Previous Year 1,000,000) Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each in Global Payment Networks Limited		100.00	100.00
11 100 (Previous Year 100) Equity Shares of Rand 1/- each in ICX Platform (Pty) Limited [at cost expected credit loss in value ₹ 499.13 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 499.13 lakhs)]		-	-
TOTAL		15,151.84	13,048.98
Investment in equity instrument of associate			
210,086,610 (Previous Year 210,086,610) Equity shares of ₹ 1/- each in NTT Data Payment Services India Limited (formerly known as atom technologies limited (atom))		2,100.87	2,100.87
TOTAL		2,100.87	2,100.87
In debentures of a subsidiary (unquoted):			
5 (Previous Year 30) Unsecured, optionally fully convertible debentures of ₹ 10,000,000/- each in FT Projects Limited		500.00	3,000.00
TOTAL		500.00	3,000.00
In Optionally convertible preference shares of a subsidiary (unquoted):			
15,000,000 (Previous Year 15,000,000) 5% Optionally Convertible Preference shares of USD 1/- each in FT Group Investments Pvt. Limited [at cost less expected credit loss in value ₹ 6,904.50 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 6,904.50 lakhs)]		-	-
TOTAL		-	-

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(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS		As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
In Government and trust securities (Unquoted):			
31.89 (Previous Year 33.39) Class A units of ₹ 100,000/- each towards capital contribution of India Venture Trust - Fund I [at amortised cost less expected credit loss in value ₹ 25.31 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 34.14 lakhs)]		6.58	6.89
National Savings Certificate - VIII Issue (deposited with sales tax authorities)		0.20	0.20
TOTAL		6.78	7.09
Investment carried at amortised cost			
In Bonds / debentures			
1. 1,000.00 (Previous Year 1,000.00) Non Convertible 11.50% IL&FS Transportation Networks Ltd. NCD 21/06/2024 of ₹ 1,000,000/- each.		10,826.62	10,826.62
2. 1,000.00 (Previous Year 1,000.00) Non Convertible 11.80% IL&FS Transportation Networks Ltd. NCD 20/12/2024 of ₹ 1,000,000/- each.	10,829.04		10,829.04
Less: impairment of bonds	(7,500.00)		(7,500.00)
		3,329.04	3,329.04
3. Nil (Previous Year 1,000.00) Non Convertible 9.45% Gujarat State Investment Ltd NCD 28/09/2022 of ₹ 1,000,000/- each		-	10,313.39
4. 1,000,000.00 (Previous Year 1,000,000.00) Non Convertible 9.25% Dewan Housing Finance Corp Ltd NCD (Series III B) 09/09/2023 of ₹ 1,000/- each			10138.78
Less:- Allowance for Expected credit loss			(3,750.00)
		-	6,388.78
5. 1,000,000.00 (Previous Year 1,000,000.00) Non Convertible 9.05% Dewan Housing Finance Corp Ltd NCD (Series III A) 09/09/2023 of ₹ 1,000/- each			10,068.64
Less:- Allowance for Expected credit loss			(3,750.00)
		-	6,318.64
6. 3,000.00 (Previous Year 3,000.00) Non Convertible 9.00% Yes Bank Ltd Perpetual Bonds (Base III Tier I) of ₹ 1,000,000/- each		29,995.05	29,995.05
7. 528,782 (Previous Year Nil) Non concertible 6.75% Piramal Capital & Housing Finance Limited Debentures of ₹ 975/- each		5,155.62	-
TOTAL		49,306.33	67,171.52
In Equity Instruments of Others (unquoted) carried through FVTPL:			
1. 2,338.00 (Previous Year 2,338.00) Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each in Eco-Connect Ventures Pvt. Ltd.		-	32.59
TOTAL NON-CURRENT INVESTMENTS		67,065.82	85,361.05
Current Investment			
In Equity Instruments of Others carried at fair value through Profit and loss account :			
1. 1,496,500 (Previous Year 1,496,500) Equity shares of ₹ 1/- each in Delhi Stock Exchange Limited		413.35	404.18
2. 2,440,602 (Previous Year 2,440,602) Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each in Metropolitan Clearing Corporation of India Ltd. (MCCIL),		273.19	271.97
3. 290,000 (Previous Year 290,000) Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each in Norflok Technology Services Limited (formerly Vadodara Stock Exchange Limited).		254.22	247.32
4. Nil (Previous Year 6,040,000) Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each in IBS Forex Limited in liquidation		-	716.10
5. Nil (Previous Year 7,000,000) Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each in Riskraft Consulting Limited in liquidation		-	83.03
6. Nil (Previous Year 5,649,892) Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each in Credit Market Services Pvt. Limited in liquidation		-	6.57
TOTAL		940.76	1,729.17

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(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
In debentures of a subsidiary (unquoted):		
25 (Previous Year Nil) Unsecured, optionally fully convertible debentures of ₹ 10,000,000/- each in FT Projects Limited	2,500.00	-
TOTAL	2,500.00	-
Investment carried at amortised cost		
In Bonds / debentures		
1. Nil (Previous Year 150.00) Non Convertible 11.25% Canara Bank (earlier Syndicate Bank) Perpetual Series III Bonds of ₹ 1,000,000/- each	-	1,503.58
2. 1,000.00 (Previous Year Nil) Non Convertible 9.45% Gujarat State Investment Ltd NCD 28/09/2022 of ₹ 1,000,000/- each	10,125.77	-
TOTAL	10,125.77	1,503.58
Investment carried at fair value through Profit and Loss		
1. 8,070,191.30 (Previous Year 8,070,191.30) units of ₹ 10/- each of Nippon India Corporate Bond Fund - Direct Plan - Growth (formerly Reliance Prime debt Fund - Direct Plan - Growth).	3,998.64	3,784.17
2. 899,473.49 (Previous Year 899,473.49) units of ₹ 10/- each of ICICI Prudential Floating Interest Fund - Direct Plan - Growth.	3,244.05	3,096.51
3. 55,061.37 (Previous Year 55,061.37) units of ₹ 1,000/- each of Kotak Low Duration Fund - Direct Growth	1,597.67	1,527.20
4. Nil (Previous Year 12,979.50) units of ₹ 1,000/- each of BNP Paribas Liquid Fund - Direct Growth (formerly known as BNP Paribas Overnight Fund - Direct Plan - Growth)	-	411.04
5. 173,46.516 (Previous Year Nil) units of ₹ 1000/- each of Baroda BNP Paribas Liquid Fund Direct Plan - Growth	425.50	-
6. 1,340,928.35 (Previous Year 1,340,928.35) units of ₹ 10/- each of L&T Triple Ace Bond Fund - Bonus - Original	303.91	289.33
TOTAL	9,569.77	9,108.25
TOTAL CURRENT INVESTMENT	23,136.30	12,341.00
Aggregate Value of listed but not quoted investment	59,432.10	68,675.10
Aggregate Value of unquoted investment	1,61,132.22	1,68,717.10
Aggregate amount of expected credit loss	1,30,362.20	1,39,690.15

10 LOANS

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Non-Current		
Unsecured, loans to related parties (Refer Note 38)		
Loan Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk	-	-
Loan Receivables - credit impaired	162.10	162.10
	162.10	162.10
Less: Allowance for Loans credit impaired	(162.10)	(162.10)
	-	-

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(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Unsecured, Considered Good		
Loans to employees	16.86	18.02
TOTAL	16.86	18.02
Current		
Unsecured, loans to related parties (Refer Note 38)		
Considered good	500.00	500.00
Loan Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk	-	-
Loan Receivables - credit impaired	-	-
	500.00	500.00
Less: Allowance for Loans credit impaired	-	-
	500.00	500.00
Unsecured, Considered Good		
Loans to employees	14.76	12.84
TOTAL	514.76	512.84
TOTAL LOANS	531.62	530.86

11 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Non-Current		
Security Deposits	100.02	97.14
Deposit with Hon'ble Bombay High Court	8,400.00	8,400.00
Other Bank Balances		
In current accounts (Refer Note 53 and 54)	3,027.17	3,027.17
In deposit accounts [under lien ₹ 43.75 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 5.10 lakhs)]	43.75	1,955.10
TOTAL	11,570.94	13,479.41
Current		
Interest accrued on bank fixed deposits / Others	1,027.09	1,060.41
Receivable on sale / redemptions of investments	11,750.09	1,231.81
Less: Expected credit loss	10,208.28	-
	1,541.81	1,231.81
Interest accrued on Bonds	239.42	355.81
Advances and other receivables		
Considered good	4.41	0.70
Considered doubtful	2,929.72	2,907.46
	2,934.13	2,908.16
Less: Allowance for doubtful advances	(2,929.72)	(2,907.46)
	4.41	0.70
Security deposits		
Considered good	0.36	1.14
Considered doubtful	13.12	13.12
	13.48	14.26

NOTES

forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Less: Allowance For Doubtful Security deposit	(13.12)	(13.12)
	0.36	1.14
Unbilled receivable	476.25	308.10
Contractually reimbursable expenses		
Considered good	64.72	75.97
Considered doubtful	183.48	162.62
	248.20	238.59
Less: Allowance For Doubtful Contractually reimburseble expenses	(183.48)	(162.62)
	64.72	75.97
Rent receivables		
Considered good	84.82	22.47
Considered doubtful	159.65	200.65
	244.47	223.12
Less: Allowance For Doubtful rent receivable	(159.65)	(200.65)
	84.82	22.47
TOTAL	3,438.88	3,056.41
TOTAL OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS	15,009.82	16,535.82

12 OTHER ASSETS

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Other Non-Current assets		
Advance Income Tax (net of provisions)	9,196.37	9,911.34
Advance Lease rental	644.25	653.57
Balances with government authorities	0.10	0.10
Prepaid Expenses	69.61	75.03
TOTAL	9,910.33	10,640.04
Other current assets		
Prepaid expenses	996.29	1,202.70
Balances With Government Authorities	117.56	261.37
Advance for Lease	12.37	15.42
Advances for supply of goods and services		
Considered good	1,894.90	3,045.26
Considered doubtful	200.00	200.00
	2,094.90	3,245.26
Less: Allowance for doubtful advances	(200.00)	(200.00)
	1,894.90	3,045.26
TOTAL	3,021.12	4,524.75
TOTAL OTHER ASSETS	12,931.45	15,164.79

NOTES

forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

13 TRADE RECEIVABLES

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Current Unsecured		
Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	597.68	457.77
Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-
Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	198.92	205.02
	796.60	662.79
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss on undisputed trade receivable	(198.92)	(205.02)
TOTAL TRADE RECEIVABLES	597.68	457.77

Trade receivables ageing schedule for the year ended as on March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021:

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Less than 6 Months	6 months to 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	565.49	32.19	-	-	-	597.68
	(431.03)	(26.74)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(457.77)
Undisputed Trade receivables – credit impaired	8.13	70.84	36.16	46.68	37.11	198.92
	(7.17)	(21.37)	(103.53)	(61.26)	(11.69)	(205.03)
Disputed Trade receivables – considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Disputed Trade receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
TOTAL	573.63	103.03	36.16	46.68	37.11	796.60
	(438.21)	(48.10)	(103.53)	(61.26)	(11.69)	(662.80)
Less: Allowance for credit loss	8.13	70.84	36.16	46.68	37.11	198.92
	(7.17)	(21.37)	(103.53)	(61.26)	(11.69)	(205.03)
TOTAL TRADE RECEIVABLES	565.49	32.19	-	-	-	597.68
	(431.03)	(26.74)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(457.77)

Previous year amounts are given in bracket.

14 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Cash And Bank Balances		
Cash on hand	6.14	1.13
Balances with banks		
In current accounts	710.68	1,065.62
In deposit accounts with original maturity of less than 3 months	1,732.02	-
In earmarked accounts		
In current accounts	20.59	71.93
	2,463.29	1,137.55
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,469.43	1,138.68

NOTES

forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

15 BANK BALANCES OTHER THAN (14) ABOVE

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Other bank balances *		
In deposit accounts with original maturity of more than 12 months [Includes ₹ Nil (Previous Year: ₹ 66.98 lakhs) under lien with banks]	3,266.89	17,497.80
In deposit accounts with original maturity of more than 3 months but less than 12 months [Includes ₹ 133.46 lakhs (Previous Year: ₹ 378.53 lakhs) under lien with banks]	1,04,818.88	88,065.46
* Refer Note 53 & 54		
In earmarked accounts		
Unclaimed dividend accounts	8.97	41.38
TOTAL BANK BALANCES OTHER THAN (14) ABOVE	1,08,094.74	1,05,604.64

16 EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022		As at 31.03.2021	
	Number of shares	₹ in lakhs	Number of shares	₹ in lakhs
Authorised:				
Equity shares of ₹ 2/- each	15,00,00,000	3,000.00	15,00,00,000	3,000.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up:				
Equity shares of ₹ 2/- each	4,60,78,537	921.57	4,60,78,537	921.57

a. Reconciliation of number of shares

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022		As at 31.03.2021	
	Number of shares	₹ in lakhs	Number of shares	₹ in lakhs
Equity Shares				
Opening Balance	4,60,78,537	921.57	4,60,78,537	921.57
Changes during the period	-	-	-	-
Closing Balance	4,60,78,537	921.57	4,60,78,537	921.57

b. Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares:

The Company has only one class of shares referred to as equity shares having a par value of ₹ 2/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividend in Indian Rupees. The dividend recommended by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders at the ensuing annual general meeting, except in the case of interim dividend and appropriate judicial orders. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts in the proportion of equity shares held.

c. Details of equity shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% equity shares in the Company:

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022		As at 31.03.2021	
	Number of Equity Shares held	% Holding	Number of Equity Shares held	% Holding
La-fin Financial Services Private Limited	1,23,29,968	26.76	1,23,29,968	26.76
Jignesh P. Shah	65,36,728	14.19	65,36,728	14.19
Ravi Kanaiyalal Sheth	32,62,370	7.08	29,09,460	6.31

NOTES

forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

d. Details of equity shares held by promoters in the Company:

PARTICULARS	Number of Equity Shares held	% of total shares	% of Change during the year
La-Fin Financial Services Pvt Ltd	1,23,29,968	26.76	-
Jignesh P Shah *	65,36,728	14.19	-
Dewang Sunderraj Neralla	60,374	0.13	-
Rupal J Shah *	19,83,175	4.30	7.22
Mandar Neralla	1,364	0.00	-
Prakash B Shah	37,351	0.08	-
Manjay Prakash Shah	76,918	0.17	-
Manish P Shah**	-	-	(100.00)
Beena M Shah**	-	-	(100.00)
Nakshi M Shah**	-	-	(100.00)
TOTAL	2,10,25,878	45.63	

* includes shares held under multiple folios

** During the FY 2021-22, shares held by Mr. Manish Shah, Mrs. Beena Shah & Ms. Nakshi Shah were transferred to Mrs. Rupal Shah

17 OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Non-Current		
Security Deposit	455.28	394.47
TOTAL	455.28	394.47
Current		
Unclaimed dividend*	8.97	41.38
Unpaid dividend	6,911.78	5,990.21
Payables on purchase of fixed assets	7.91	-
Payable to employees and other contractual obligations	966.81	1,149.86
Provision for CSR related expense	20.59	184.78
Security deposits	51.16	-
Advances from customers	116.88	203.65
TOTAL	8,084.10	7,569.88
TOTAL OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	8,539.38	7,964.35

*No amount due and outstanding to be credited to investor Education and Protection Fund

18 PROVISIONS

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Non-Current		
Compensated absences	603.86	572.80
Gratuity	54.72	165.52
TOTAL	658.58	738.32
Current		
Provision for employee benefits		
Compensated absences	345.13	296.41
Gratuity	337.92	346.62
TOTAL	683.05	643.03
TOTAL PROVISIONS	1,341.63	1,381.35

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forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

19 OTHER LIABILITIES

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Current		
Statutory remittances	408.44	376.53
Income received in advance / unearned revenue	2,114.35	2,770.24
Other advances	2.78	30.85
TOTAL	2,525.57	3,177.62
TOTAL OTHER LIABILITIES	2,525.57	3,177.62

20 INCOME TAX & DEFERRED TAX**INCOME TAX RECOGNISED IN PROFIT OR LOSS:**

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Current Tax		
In respect of the current year	-	365.27
In respect of earlier years	-	-
	-	365.27
Deferred Tax		
In respect of the current year	(159.57)	(124.16)
TOTAL	(159.57)	(124.16)
TOTAL TAX EXPENSE RECOGNISED IN THE CURRENT YEAR RELATING TO CONTINUING OPERATIONS	(159.57)	241.11

20.1 RECONCILIATION OF TAX EXPENSE WITH THE EFFECTIVE TAX

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Profit before tax from continuing operations (a)	(6,293.88)	(5,421.83)
Income tax rate as applicable (b)	29.12%	29.12%
Calculated taxes based on above, without any adjustments for deductions [(a) x (b)]	(1,832.78)	(1,578.84)
Permanent tax differences due to:		
Effect of income that is exempt from taxation	-	(2.88)
Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	1,617.53	1,277.70
Adjustments for income chargeable to tax at different rates	55.68	545.14
INCOME TAX EXPENSE RECOGNISED IN PROFIT OR LOSS RELATING TO CONTINUING OPERATIONS	(159.57)	241.11

20.2 TAX LOSSES & TAX CREDITS

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
(a) Tax losses		
Deferred tax asset not recognised:		
Unused tax losses (including capital gain losses)	6,436.97	4,954.95
Impairment / Provision for diminution in investments in subsidiaries & others	33,630.22	33,559.86

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forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
(b) Tax credits:		
Opening balance of MAT entitlement	8,585.02	8,950.29
Add: Claimed / (Utilised) during the year	-	(365.27)
Closing balance of MAT entitlement	8,585.02	8,585.02

20.3 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES / (ASSETS)

(a) The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to :

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Deferred income tax liabilities		
Property, plant and equipment	1,910.14	1,678.26
TOTAL DEFERRED INCOME TAX LIABILITIES	1,910.14	1,678.26
Deferred income tax assets		
Trade receivables	57.93	59.70
Loans & other receivables	915.20	908.71
Provision for employees benefits	400.74	402.25
Right to use assets	0.50	1.20
Tax losses	350.49	-
MAT Credit entitlement (Refer Note 43)	8,585.02	8,585.02
TOTAL DEFERRED INCOME TAX ASSETS	10,309.87	9,956.88
DEFERRED INCOME TAX (ASSETS) / LIABILITIES AFTER SET OFF	(8,399.73)	(8,278.62)

(b) Movement in deferred tax liabilities / (assets):

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Net deferred tax (assets) / liabilities at the beginning	(8,278.62)	(8,552.18)
Charged to profit or loss on account of:		
Property, plant and equipment	231.88	14.72
Trade receivables	1.77	60.26
Loans & other receivables	(6.49)	(13.25)
Provision for employees benefits	(36.95)	(185.90)
Right to use assets	0.70	-
Tax losses	(350.49)	-
MAT credit utilised	-	365.27
	(159.57)	241.10
Recognised in Other Comprehensive Income:		
Employee benefit expenses	38.46	32.46
NET DEFERRED TAX (ASSETS) / LIABILITIES AT THE CLOSING	(8,399.73)	(8,278.62)

20.4 CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES / (ASSETS)

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Current tax	1,729.60	1,480.01
TOTAL CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES / (ASSETS)	1,729.60	1,480.01

NOTES

forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

21 TRADE PAYABLE

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Undisputed Dues To Micro And Small Enterprises	35.29	90.68
Total Outstanding Dues Of Creditors Other Than Micro And Small Enterprises	195.04	187.98
Payable to related parties	-	-
TOTAL TRADE PAYABLE	230.33	278.66

Trade Payable ageing schedule for the year ended as on March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021:

PARTICULARS	Less than 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade payables	230.33	-	-	-	230.33
	(279.53)	(-0.87)	(-)	(-)	(278.66)
Undisputed Trade payables	-	-	-	-	-
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Disputed Trade payables	-	-	-	-	-
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Disputed Trade payables	-	-	-	-	-
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Total Trade Payables	230.33	-	-	-	230.33
	(279.53)	(-0.87)	(-)	(-)	(278.66)

Disclosures required under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006:

- An amount of ₹ 35.29 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 90.68 lakhs) and ₹ Nil (Previous Year ₹ Nil) was due and outstanding to suppliers as at the end of the accounting year on account of Principal and Interest respectively.
- No interest paid during the year.
- No interest is due and payable at the end of the year.
- No amount of interest accrued and unpaid at the end of the accounting year.
- No amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years.

The above information regarding Micro and Small Enterprises has been determined to the extent replies to the Company's communication have been received from vendors/suppliers regarding their status under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

22 REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Income from software products (IPR based license)	7,192.67	6,623.41
Income from software services (Project based)	7,130.83	7,549.26
IT infrastructure income	111.71	69.14
Other operating revenues		
Business support services	3.61	166.34
TOTAL REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS	14,438.82	14,408.15
Revenue disaggregation by geography is as follows:		
Geography		
India	14,325.86	14,202.68
Others	112.96	205.47
	14,438.82	14,408.15
Geographical revenue is allocated based on the location of the customers		

NOTES

forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Changes in contract assets are as follows:		
Balance at the beginning of the year	308.10	396.12
Revenue recognised during the year	14,388.31	13,271.90
Invoices raised during the year	(14,220.17)	(13,359.92)
Balance at the end of the year	476.25	308.10
Changes in unearned and deferred revenue are as follows:		
Balance at the beginning of the year	2,770.24	1,787.47
Revenue recognised that was included in the unearned and deferred revenue at the beginning of the year	(2,479.26)	(1,378.93)
Increase due to invoicing during the year, excluding amounts recognised as revenue during the year	1,823.36	2,361.70
Balance at the end of the year	2,114.35	2,770.24

23 OTHER INCOME

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Interest received on financial assets-Carried at amortised cost		
On Bank deposits*	4,178.52	5,630.87
On Investments*	983.16	951.26
On Loans to subsidiaries	37.61	39.60
On Income tax refunds	163.00	192.29
On Others	40.91	251.51
On Loans to employees*	4.11	9.05
	5,407.31	7,074.58
*Interest under effective Interest method		
Gain on Fair Valuation of Financial Assets at fair value through profit or loss (net)	456.73	800.22
Liabilities no longer required written back	70.32	14.70
Other Non-Operating Income		
Rental income from properties (Refer Note 6 (b))	735.09	727.33
Miscellaneous income	0.44	51.90
TOTAL OTHER INCOME	6,669.89	8,668.73

24 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Salaries and wages	9,664.35	8,781.38
Contribution to provident fund and other funds (Refer Note 37)	417.48	402.45
Gratuity	171.68	209.19
Staff welfare expenses	319.76	172.96
TOTAL EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE	10,573.27	9,565.98

NOTES

forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

25 FINANCE COSTS

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Interest expense		
Tax matters	-	0.52
Interest on lease liabilities	4.90	6.99
Others	34.41	34.75
TOTAL FINANCE COSTS	39.31	42.26

26 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSES

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Depreciation of tangible assets	857.63	1,472.69
Depreciation of Investment Properties	210.06	210.07
Depreciation on lease property	17.22	36.41
Amortisation of intangible assets	122.46	123.91
TOTAL DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSES	1,207.37	1,843.08

27 OTHER EXPENSES

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS		Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Electricity		341.30	332.50
Rent		54.78	49.56
Repairs and maintenance		578.53	544.41
Security service charges		128.50	116.38
Office Expenses		445.54	357.85
Advertisement, branding & event expenses		163.39	236.16
Sales promotion expenses		176.83	124.95
Travelling and conveyance		101.85	58.27
Software license fees		924.20	818.78
Communication expenses		303.95	187.77
Legal and professional charges (Refer Note 34)		5,870.64	6,375.05
Outsourcing charges		207.89	213.64
Bad trade receivables / advances written off	115.06		37.16
Less: Allowance for credit loss made earlier	93.96		17.58
		21.10	19.58
Expected credit loss on trade receivables and advances		73.85	235.53
CSR related Expenses		9.17	112.84
Miscellaneous expenses		972.84	800.77
TOTAL OTHER EXPENSES		10,374.36	10,584.04

NOTES

forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

28 EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Impairment of investments in debentures (Refer Note 45)	-	(2,500.00)
Allowance for expected credit loss of investments in Debentures (Refer Note 46)	(2,708.28)	(2,500.00)
Allowance for expected credit loss on investments in subsidiaries (Refer Note 41 and 42)	(2,500.00)	(1,463.36)
TOTAL EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS	(5,208.28)	(6,463.36)

29 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments by category

The carrying amounts and fair values of financial instruments by categories as at March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 are as follows:

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Amortised Cost / Cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Fair Value / Carrying Value
As at 31.03.2022				
Assets:				
Investments:				
In equity Instruments of Subsidiaries	15,151.84	-	-	15,154.84
In equity instruments of associate	2,100.87	-	-	2,100.87
In optionally fully convertible debentures of subsidiary	3,000.00	-	-	3,000.00
In government and trust securities	-	6.78	-	6.78
In bonds carrying at amortised cost	59,432.10	-	-	58,649.27
In mutual funds	-	9,569.77	-	9,569.77
In equity instruments of others	-	940.76	-	940.76
Cash and cash equivalents	2,469.43	-	-	2,469.43
Bank balances other than above	1,08,094.74	-	-	1,08,094.74
Trade receivables	597.68	-	-	597.68
Loans	531.62	-	-	531.62
Other financial assets	15,009.82	-	-	15,009.82
TOTAL ASSETS	2,06,388.10	10,517.31	-	2,16,122.58
Liabilities:				
Trade payables	230.33	-	-	230.33
Other financial liabilities	8,539.38	-	-	8,539.38
TOTAL LIABILITIES	8,769.71	-	-	8,769.71

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Amortised Cost / Cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Fair Value / Carrying Value
As at 31.03.2021				
Assets :				
Investments:				
In equity Instruments of Subsidiaries	13,048.98	-	-	13,048.98
In equity instruments of associate	2,100.87	-	-	2,100.87
In optionally fully convertible debentures of subsidiary	3,000.00	-	-	3,000.00
In government and trust securities	-	7.09	-	7.09
In bonds carrying at amortised cost	68,675.10	-	-	69,011.29

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forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Amortised Cost / Cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Fair Value / Carrying Value
In mutual funds	-	9,108.25	-	9,108.25
In equity instruments of others	-	1,761.76	-	1,761.76
Cash and cash equivalents	1,138.68	-	-	1,138.68
Bank balances other than above	1,05,604.64	-	-	1,05,604.64
Trade receivables	457.77	-	-	458.55
Loans	530.86	-	-	530.86
Other financial assets	16,535.82	-	-	16,535.82
TOTAL ASSETS	2,11,092.72	10,877.10	-	2,22,306.01
Liabilities:				
Trade payables	278.66	-	-	278.96
Other financial liabilities	7,964.35	-	-	7,964.35
TOTAL LIABILITIES	8,243.01	-	-	8,243.01

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole. The fair value hierarchy is described as under:

- Level 1 hierarchy includes methods and input that use active quoted prices depending upon type of instrument. Management has used closing prices and values of closing NAV's as applicable in case of financial instruments covered under this level.
- Under level 2 the fair value of the financial instruments that are not traded in any active market are determined using appropriate valuation techniques with the use of observable market data without relying much on the estimates that are entity specific. The inputs under this level are always observable.
- In case of level 3 if one or more of the significant inputs are not derived on the basis of observable market data then fair value estimations derived with such inputs are included in level 3.
- The Company follows a policy to recognise transfers between the levels only at the end of reporting period and accordingly there are no transfers between levels during the year.

The information based on the above levels is tabulated here below:

Fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Fair value measurement at end of the reporting period/year using		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
As at 31.03.2022			
Assets at Fair Value :			
In mutual funds	9,569.77	-	-
In equity instruments of others	-	-	940.76
In government and trust securities	-	-	6.78
Liabilities at Fair Value :	-	-	-
As at 31.03.2021			
Assets at Fair Value :			
In mutual funds	9,108.25	-	-
In equity instruments of others	-	-	1,761.76
In government and trust securities	-	-	7.09
Liabilities at Fair Value :	-	-	-

Fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed:

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Fair value amount as at 31.03.2022	Fair Value		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
In bonds carrying at amortised cost	58,649.27	-	-	58,649.27

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(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Fair value amount as at 31.03.2021	Fair Value		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
In bonds carrying at amortised cost	69,011.29	-	-	69,011.29

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurement is as follows:

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
In equity instruments of others:		
Balance at the beginning of the year	956.06	935.70
Gain / (loss) on fair valuation of financial assets	(15.30)	20.36
Balance at the end of the year	940.76	956.06
In government and trust securities:		
Balance at the beginning of the year	7.09	9.08
Sale/ Settlement during the year	(0.31)	(1.99)
Balance at the end of the year	6.78	7.09

Calculation of fair values:

The fair values of Investments in mutual funds are based on Net Asset Values (NAV) published by fund houses and uploaded on Association of Mutual Funds of India (AMFI)'s website. The unlisted equity shares are fair valued on the basis of latest available financial statements of the companies. The securities which are listed but not frequently traded are fair valued based on the estimated rate as per prevailing market condition as on reporting date as received from market intermediary. Where such estimated rates are not available, carrying value as per the books is considered. Trust securities are fair valued based on latest available Net Asset Value report from the trustee company.

Income, expenses, gains or losses on financial instruments:

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year ended 31.03.2022	Year ended 31.03.2021
Financial assets carried at amortised cost		
Interest income	5,244.31	6,882.29
Advance / Liabilities no longer required written back	70.32	14.70
Remeasurement of the net defined benefit (liability)/asset	93.61	79.00
Bad trade receivable / advances written off	(21.10)	(19.58)
Expected credit loss on Investments in bonds / debentures	-	(2500.00)
Impairment of investments in debentures / bonds	-	(2500.00)
Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss		
Gain / (loss) on fair valuation	456.73	800.22
Financial liabilities carried at amortised cost		
Interest on lease liabilities	4.90	6.99
Net (gain) / loss on foreign currency translations	(0.69)	0.70

30 RISK MANAGEMENT

Credit Risk Management

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers and investment securities.

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Trade Receivables

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. Credit risk is managed through credit approvals of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business and their past transactions. Impairment losses in respect of trade receivables is assessed at party level on each reporting date. The Company establishes an expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on historical trends. The ageing analysis of trade receivable (gross of provision) has been considered from the date invoice falls due. Following table depicts expected credit loss on age wise trade receivables.

(₹ in lakhs)

Period (in days)		As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Upto 180 days	Amount	573.63	437.09
	Expected credit loss	8.13	7.68
181 - 270 days	Amount	35.07	30.69
	Expected credit loss	2.88	2.32
More than 270 days	Amount	187.91	195.01
	Expected credit loss	187.91	195.01
TOTAL	Amount	796.60	662.79
	Expected credit loss	198.92	205.02

Following table summarises the change in loss allowances measured using Life time Expected Credit Loss model:

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year ending 31.03.2022	Year ending 31.03.2021
Balance at the beginning of the year	205.02	220.06
Add: additional provision during the year	87.86	-
Less: reversal of provision	93.96	15.04
Balance at the end of the year	198.92	205.02

Financial instruments & bank balances:

The Company limits its exposure to credit risk by generally investing in securities with a good credit rating. The credit rating is being reviewed by the Company periodically. Please refer to Note 45, 46 and 47 regarding the Company's investment in (a) Non-Convertible Debentures of IL&FS Transport Networks Ltd. (b) Non-Convertible Debentures of Dewan Housing Finance Corporation Limited and (c) Perpetual Bonds of Yes Bank Limited. Balances with banks are subject to low credit risks due to good credit ratings assigned to these banks.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. Typically, the Company ensures that it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational expenses, servicing of financial obligations.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities as at March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021.

(₹ in lakhs)

Period (in days)	Trade Payable	Period (in days)	Trade Payable
As at 31.03.2022		As at 31.03.2021	
Up to 180 days	230.33	Up to 180 days	278.66
181 – 365 days	-	181 – 365 days	-
More than 365 days	-	More than 365 days	-

Foreign Currency risk

The Company's exchange risk arises primarily from its trade receivable. The advance in foreign currency are provided for. The exchange rate between the Indian rupee and US dollars has changed substantially in recent periods and may continue to fluctuate in the future. However since, outstanding amount is not material, foreign currency exposures have not been hedged by a derivative instrument or otherwise. The Company's foreign currency exposures as on year end are as under:

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(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Currency	As at 31.03.2022		As at 31.03.2021	
		Foreign Currency	₹	Foreign Currency	₹
Receivables in foreign currency					
Trade receivables	USD	0.14	10.23	0.11	8.11
	BHD	-	-	0.04	6.99

For the year ended March 31, 2022 every 1% increase/decrease of the respective foreign currencies compared to functional currency of the Company would result in loss / gain of ₹ (0.07) lakhs.

For the year ended March 31, 2021 every 1% increase/decrease of the respective foreign currencies compared to functional currency of the Company would result in loss / gain of ₹ 0.11 lakhs.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's investment are primarily in fixed rate interest bearing securities and hence do not carry substantial interest rate risk. Company investments in bank deposits are normally for one year fixed rate interest and hence subject to repricing risk on maturity. See Note 54 and for attachment of investments.

Capital Management

The primary objective of Company's capital management is to maximize shareholders value and safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern. The Company is predominantly equity financed and has no borrowings.

Price Risk

The Company is mainly exposed to the price risk due to its investment in debt mutual funds. The price risk arises due to uncertainties about the future market values of these investments. The Company has laid policies and guidelines which it adheres to in order to minimise price risk arising from investments in debt mutual funds.

31 ACCOUNTING RATIO

Sr	Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021	% Variation	Reason for Variation
a	Current ratio	Total Current Assets	Total Current Liabilities	12.39	11.05	12.13%	Not applicable
b	Return on equity ratio	Net Profit as per P&L	Average Total Equity	(2.34%)	(2.10%)	11.43%	Not applicable
c	Net profit ratio	Net Profit as per P&L	Total Income as per P&L	(29.06%)	(24.54%)	18.42%	Not applicable
d	Return on capital employed	Earnings before interest and taxes	Capital Employed	(2.42%)	(2.02%)	19.80%	Not applicable
e	Return on investment	Income generated from Investment	Time weighted average Investment	4.23%	5.65%	(25.11%)	Return on investment is lower in current year mainly due to reduction in bank deposit rates.
f	Net capital turnover ratio	Revenue	Working Capital	0.11	0.12	(8.33%)	Not applicable
g	Debt-equity ratio	Total Debt (represents lease liabilities)	Shareholder's Equity	0.00	0.00	NA	Ratio is less than 0.00
h	Trade receivables turnover ratio	Revenue	Average Trade Receivable	17.22	15.94	8.03%	Not applicable
i	Trade payables turnover ratio	Purchases of services and other expenses	Average Trade Payables	11.15	7.74	44.06%	The ratio is higher in CY due to increased expenses
j	Debt service coverage ratio	Not applicable since Company has incurred losses in current and previous year					
k	Inventory turnover ratio	Not applicable as the Company has no inventory.					

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32 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES & ASSETS AND COMMITMENTS (TO THE EXTENT NOT PROVIDED FOR)

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
1. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES:		
(a) Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debt		
(i) Income tax demands which are in appeal [including adjustable against Securities Premium account ₹ 1,941.03 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 8,434.83 lakhs)].	18,499.03	26,740.56
(ii) MVAT dues contested by the Company.	206.77	-
(iii) Guarantees given to third parties by the Company on behalf of its subsidiary companies.	-	225.45
(iv) Refer Note 52,53, 54 and 55 for pending civil suits and First Information Report, impact of which is not ascertainable. (Future cash outflows in respect of the above matters are determinable only on receipt of judgments / decisions pending at various forums / authorities.)		
2. CONTINGENT ASSETS:		
Interest amount not recognised on the deposit with Hon'ble Bombay High Court (Refer Note 49)		
3. CAPITAL AND OTHER COMMITMENTS		
(i) Estimated amount of contracts to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net of advances).	68.59	11.83
(ii) Commitments relating to lease The Company has entered into various cancellable and non-cancellable operating lease agreements as a lessee for various premises ranging from 6 months to 60 months and may be renewed for further period based on mutual agreement of the parties.		

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Future minimum lease payments		
Not later than one year	33.01	34.16
Later than one year and not later than five years	8.13	41.79
Later than five years	-	-
(iii) The Company has provided letters committing continuing financial support subject to regulatory approval as may be required, to its subsidiaries viz. FT Group Investment Pvt. Ltd, ICX Platform (Pty) Ltd. and Knowledge Assets Private Limited to meet their day to day obligations / loan obligations / commitments, to the extent these entities may be unable to meet their obligations.		

33 a) EXPENDITURE IN FOREIGN CURRENCY

(₹ in lakhs)

NATURE OF EXPENSES	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Travelling expenses	4.52	-
Legal and professional charges	9.36	9.76
IT Support Charges	19.00	19.03
Data Center & Hosting Charges	19.71	21.99
Software license fees	146.70	117.00
Miscellaneous expenses	3.44	-
TOTAL	202.73	167.79

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b) EARNINGS IN FOREIGN EXCHANGE (INCLUDING FOREIGN BRANCHES):

(₹ in lakhs)

NATURE OF INCOME	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Income from software services (Project based)	112.96	205.47
Interest on loans to subsidiaries	5.36	5.35
TOTAL	118.32	210.82

34 LEGAL AND PROFESSIONAL CHARGES INCLUDES PAYMENTS TO STATUTORY AUDITORS (EXCLUDING GST)

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
For audit	35.00	35.00
For taxation matters*	6.00	6.00
For limited reviews	15.00	15.00
For other services*	7.00	5.44
Reimbursement of expenses	1.77	1.08
TOTAL	64.77	62.52

*includes amounts paid to group firm

35 REVENUE EXPENDITURE INCURRED DURING THE YEAR ON RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

The aggregate amount of revenue expenditure incurred during the year on Research and Development as per allocation made by the management and shown in the respective heads of the account is ₹ 1,294.77 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 1,206.15 lakhs). This has been relied upon by the auditors.

36 EARNINGS PER SHARE IS CALCULATED AS FOLLOWS :

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Net profit / (Loss) attributable to the equity shareholders (for basic/diluted EPS) (₹ in lakhs)	(6,134.31)	(5,662.95)
Weighted average number of equity shares		
For Basic EPS	4,60,78,537	4,60,78,537
Add: Effect of dilutive stock options	-	-
For Diluted EPS	4,60,78,537	4,60,78,537
Basic earnings per share (in ₹)	(13.31)	(12.29)
Diluted earnings per share (in ₹)	(13.31)	(12.29)
Face value ₹ per share	2/-	2/-

37 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

Defined contribution plans: The Company makes Provident Fund and Employee State Insurance Scheme contributions which are defined contributions plans, for qualifying employees. Under the schemes, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of the payroll costs to fund the benefits. The Company has recognised following amounts as contributions in the statement of profit and loss as part of contribution to provident fund and other funds in Note 24 Employee benefits expenses.

Contribution to PF : ₹ 340.48 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 334.94 lakhs)

Contribution to ESIC : ₹ 1.08 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 0.74 lakhs)

Post employment defined benefit plans:

Gratuity Plan : The Company makes annual contributions to the Employee's Group Gratuity Assurance Scheme administered by the Life Insurance Corporation of India ('LIC'), a funded defined benefit plan for qualifying employees. The scheme provides for lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death while in employment or on termination of employment of an amount equivalent to fifteen days salary payable for each completed year of service or part thereof in excess of six months. Vesting occurs on completion of five years of service.

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The following table sets out the funded status of the gratuity plan and amount recognised in the financial statements.

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
I Change in defined benefit obligation during the year:		
Present Value of defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	2,197.82	2,101.32
Interest Cost	150.55	144.36
Current Service Cost	184.21	202.76
Benefits Paid	(187.08)	(121.70)
Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligations	(116.81)	(128.45)
Obligation transferred	(102.15)	(0.47)
Present Value of defined benefit obligation at the end of the year	2,126.54	2,197.82
II Change in fair value of plan assets during the year:		
Fair Value of the plan asset at the beginning of the year	1,695.49	1,595.51
Expected return on plan assets	116.14	109.61
Contributions	196.23	129.53
Benefits paid	(187.08)	(121.70)
Obligation transferred	(102.15)	(0.47)
Actuarial gain / (loss) on plan assets	15.26	(16.99)
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	1,733.90	1,695.49
Excess of obligation over plan assets	(392.64)	(502.33)
III Components of employer's expense		
Current service cost	184.21	202.76
Interest cost	150.55	144.36
Expected return on plan assets	(116.14)	(109.61)
Net actuarial (gain) / loss recognized	(132.07)	(111.46)
Total expense / (credit) recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	86.54	126.05
IV Actual return on plan assets	131.40	92.62
V Composition of Plan Assets as at the end of the year		
Insurer Managed Funds	1,733.90	1,695.49
Fund is managed by LIC of India as per IRDA guidelines, category wise composition of planned asset is not available		
TOTAL	1,733.90	1,695.49
VI Actuarial assumptions		
Discount rate	7.23%	6.85%
Salary escalation rate	7.50%	7.50%
Expected rate of return on plan assets	7.23%	6.85%
Attrition rate	For service 4 yrs. & Below 10.00% p.a. & 5.00% p.a. thereafter	
Mortality rates	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08) Ultimate	

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(₹ in lakhs)

VII Experience adjustments	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Defined benefit obligation	2,126.54	2,197.82	2,101.32	1,720.15	1,564.38
Fair value of planned assets	1,733.90	1,695.49	1,595.51	1,388.83	1,288.66
Funded Status - Deficit	392.64	502.33	505.81	331.32	275.72
Experience adjustment on plan liabilities [(Gain)/Loss]	9.58	9.58	9.58	9.58	9.58
Experience adjustment on plan assets [Gain/(Loss)]	15.26	(16.99)	(17.39)	(11.08)	(6.80)

VIII Sensitivity Analysis

(Amount in ₹)

DESCRIPTION	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Projected Benefit Obligation on Current Assumptions	21,26,54,493	21,97,82,290
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Discounting	(1,83,20,329)	(2,01,14,515)
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Discounting	2,11,99,373	2,34,35,658
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	2,09,32,481	2,30,51,209
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	(1,84,37,107)	(2,01,75,793)
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	(6,25,779)	(12,24,827)
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	6,77,952	13,66,992

The sensitivity analysis have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant. The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the projected benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated. Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the projected benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same method as applied in calculating the projected benefit obligation as recognised in the balance sheet. There was no change in the methods and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis from prior years.

IX Maturity Analysis of Projected Benefit Obligation: From the Fund

(Amount in ₹)

Projected Benefits Payable in Future Years From the Date of Reporting	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
1st Following Year	1,23,81,362	12,257,222
2nd Following Year	1,35,51,618	11,769,545
3rd Following Year	1,33,09,384	12,477,378
4th Following Year	1,13,26,294	13,478,314
5th Following Year	1,35,53,267	11,670,944
Sum of Years 6 To 10	8,23,17,115	80,748,735
Sum of Years 11 and above	33,39,47,883	354,128,994

The expected rate of return on plan assets is based on expectation of the average long term rate of return expected to prevail over the estimated term of the obligation on the type of the investments assumed to be held by LIC, since the fund is managed by LIC.

The estimate of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, takes into account the inflation, seniority, promotion, increments and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

The Company expects to contribute ₹ 337.92 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 336.82 lakhs) to the plan assets in the immediate next year.

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38 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE

I Names of related parties and nature of relationship:

(i) Entities where control exists (Subsidiaries, including step down subsidiaries)

- 1 TickerPlant Ltd. (TickerPlant)
- 2 National Spot Exchange Ltd. (NSEL)
- 3 Western Ghats Agro Growers Company Limited (WGAGL) (Subsidiary of NSEL)
- 4 Farmer Agricultural Integrated Development Alliance Ltd. (FAIDA) (Subsidiary of NSEL)
- 5 FT Group Investments Pvt. Ltd. (FTGIPL)
- 6 Financial Technologies Middle East- DMCC (FTME) (Subsidiary of FTGIPL)
- 7 Knowledge Assets Pvt. Ltd. (KAPL)
- 8 Financial Technologies Communications Ltd. (FTCL)
- 9 Global Payment Networks Ltd. (GPNL)
- 10 FT Knowledge Management Company Ltd. (FTKMCL)
- 11 Indian Bullion Market Association Ltd. (IBMA) (Subsidiary of NSEL)
- 12 ICX Platform (Pty) Ltd. (ICX)
- 13 Apian Finance and Investments Ltd. (APIAN)
- 14 Financial Technologies Singapore Pte Ltd. (FTSPL)
- 15 FT Projects Ltd. (FTPL)

(ii) Subsidiaries, including step down subsidiaries which are under liquidation

- 1 Riskraft Consulting Ltd. (Riskraft)
- 2 Bourse Africa Limited (BAL) (subsidiary of FTGIPL)
- 3 Credit Market Services Ltd. (CMSL)
- 4 IBS Forex Ltd. (IBS)

(iii) Associate

NTT Data Payment Services India Limited (formerly known as atom technologies limited (atom))

(iv) Key Management Personnel (KMP) as per Ind AS 24

(a) Executive Directors:

- 1 Mr. S. Rajendran : Managing Director & CEO
- 2 Mr. Devendra Agrawal : Whole-time Director & Chief Financial Officer

(b) Company Secretary :

- 1 Mr. Hariraj Chouhan

(c) Non-executive Directors:

- 1 Mr. Venkat Chary (Retd. IAS)
- 2 Mr. A. Nagarajan (Retd. IAS) (upto September 22, 2021)
- 3 Justice Rajan Kochar (Retd.) (upto September 22, 2021)
- 4 Mr. Sunil Shah
- 5 Justice Deepak Verma (Retd.)
- 6 Ms. Chitkala Zutshi (Retd. IAS)
- 7 Mr. Suresh Salvi (Retd. IAS)
- 8 Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar
- 9 Mr. Devender Singh Rawat

(d) Nominee Directors**:

- 1 Mrs.Malini Vijay Shankar
- 2 Mr.Satyananda Mishra
- 3 Mr.Parveen Kumar Gupta

** Nominee Directors appointed by Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide its order dated 16th March 2020, based on NCLAT order dated 12th March 2020. The Company has challenged the order dated 12th March 2020, before the Hon'ble Supreme Court for stay of the order passed by MCA. The Hon'ble Supreme Court vide its order dated 9th March 2022, has stayed NCLAT order and consequently MCA order dated 16th March 2020, remain stayed.

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(v) Individuals / Entity owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power that gives control or significant influence.

- 1 La-fin Financial Services Pvt. Ltd. (La-fin)
- 2 Mr. Jignesh Shah

II Details of transactions with subsidiaries during the year ended 31st March, 2022 and balances outstanding as at 31st March, 2022

(a) Party-wise details of transactions with subsidiaries including step-down subsidiaries:

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
1. Income from software services (Sales service project based)		
TickerPlant	21.00	21.00
FTCL	10.63	14.22
	31.63	35.22
2. Other Operating revenue		
Business Support Services		
TickerPlant	1.16	-
APIAN	1.20	1.20
FTCL	12.00	12.00
	14.36	13.20
3. Interest Income		
ICX	5.36	5.35
APIAN	32.25	34.25
	37.61	39.60
4. Rental income from operating leases		
NSEL	19.50	10.35
TickerPlant	45.00	45.00
	64.50	55.35
5. Bad Debts/Derecognition of Rental Income		
NSEL	21.06	11.17
	21.06	11.17
6. Allowance for expected credit loss on Trade receivables from subsidiaries		
TickerPlant	7.57	52.89
	7.57	52.89
7. Allowance for expected credit loss on Other receivable from subsidiaries		
TickerPlant	(21.23)	182.33
	(21.23)	182.33
8. Recoveries charged by the company towards expenses		
TickerPlant	72.12	66.72
FTCL	0.67	3.54
	72.79	70.27
9. Expenses charged to the Company		
FTCL	80.40	52.00
	80.40	52.00
10. Investment made		
TickerPlant	2,102.86	602.85
NSEL	2,500.00	1,609.66
	4,602.86	2,212.52

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(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
11. Allowance for / (reversal of) expected credit loss in investments in subsidiaries		
NSEL	2,500.00	1,609.66
CMSL	-	31.39
IBS	-	(157.26)
Riskraft	-	(20.43)
	2,500.00	1,463.36

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
12. Loan Given		
Opening Balance		
ICX	162.10	162.10
APIAN	500.00	500.00
Less:- Cumulative allowance for expected credit loss on loans	(162.10)	(162.10)
	500.00	500.00
Balance as at end of year		
ICX	162.10	162.10
APIAN	500.00	500.00
Less:- Cumulative allowance for expected credit loss on loans	(162.10)	(162.10)
	500.00	500.00
13. Trade Receivables as at end of year		
TickerPlant	96.63	65.33
Less:- Expected credit loss on trade receivables	(60.47)	(52.89)
	36.16	12.44
14. Rent receivable as at end of the year		
TickerPlant	202.45	217.74
Less:- Expected credit loss on rent receivables	(159.08)	(201.16)
	43.37	16.58
15. Other receivables as at end of year		
TickerPlant	233.50	237.03
FTCL	-	0.12
Less:- Expected credit loss on other receivables	(183.48)	(162.62)
	50.02	74.53
16. Advances as at end of year		
TickerPlant	19.10	15.39
ICX	36.74	30.61
FTGIPL	2,878.28	2,878.28
Less:- Expected credit loss on advances	(2,929.71)	(2,923.58)
	4.41	0.70
17. Guarantees given by the Company on behalf of subsidiaries		
Opening Balance	225.45	225.45
Increase in guarantee given	-	-
Decrease in guarantee given	(225.45)	-
Closing Balance	-	225.45

NOTES

forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
18. Cumulative allowance for expected credit loss in the value of Investments		
TickerPlant	6,285.39	6,285.39
FTKMCL	328.00	328.00
NSEL	25,447.90	22,947.90
FTGIPL	72,337.53	72,337.53
FTSPL	25,464.26	25,464.26
ICX	499.13	499.13
	1,30,362.21	1,27,862.21

III Transactions with Key Managerial Personnel (KMP), relatives of KMP and Entity over which KMP and relative of KMP can exercise significant influence:

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
a) Key Managerial Personnel (Executive directors & Company Secretary)		
Remuneration		
Short-term employee benefits	290.13	290.95
Post-employment benefits*	-	-
Other long-term benefits	-	-
* Post-employment benefits which are actuarially determined on overall basis are not included.		
b) Key Management Personnel (Non-executive directors)		
Director Sitting Fees	63.75	63.00
Consultancy Fees - Devender Singh Rawat	21.60	21.60
Consultancy Fees - Sunil Shah	21.60	21.60

IV Transactions with Individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power that gives control or significant influence:

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Consultancy Fees*	297.50	272.50

* Amount paid to Mr. Jignesh Shah for providing strategic input in relation to ongoing legal matters and mentoring Company's future vision.

V Transactions with Associate Company v.i.z. NTT Data Payment Services India Limited (formerly known as atom technologies limited (atom))

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
1. Business Support Services	-	148.93
2. Rental income from operating leases	-	37.10
3. Recoveries charged by the company towards expenses	-	18.85
TOTAL	-	204.88

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
1. Trade Receivables	-	10.03
2. Rent receivable	-	-
3. Other receivables	-	0.85
TOTAL	-	10.88

NOTES

forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

39 LOANS AND ADVANCES IN THE NATURE OF LOANS (AS REQUIRED BY REGULATION 34 (3) AND 53(f) OF SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (LISTING OBLIGATIONS AND DISCLOSURES REQUIREMENTS) REGULATION, 2015.

(₹ in lakhs)

NAME OF THE COMPANY	Relationship with Company	Purpose of loan	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
1. Apian Finance & Investment Ltd	Subsidiary	Business	500.00	500.00
2. ICX Platform (PTY) Ltd.	Subsidiary	Business	162.10	162.10
Less:- Cumulative allowance for expected credit loss on loans			(162.10)	(162.10)
TOTAL			500.00	500.00

Notes:

- Loans to employees as per the Company's policy are not considered.
 - None of the loanees have made investments in the shares of the Company.
 - Figures disclosed above are without reducing amount of expected credit loss on loans.
- 40 The company has considered internal and external sources of information up to the date signing of these financial statement in evaluating the possible effects that may results from the pandemic relating to COVID-19 on the carrying amounts of trade and unbilled receivable, contract assets and contract cost and intangible assets and certain investment. The Company has applied prudence in arriving at the estimate and assumptions and sensitivity analysis on the assumptions used. The Company continue to closely monitor any material changes to future economic condition and is confident about the recoverability of these assets.
- 41 During the year, In order to meet the working capital requirements of NSEL, the Company has subscribed to the right issues made by NSEL to the extent of ₹ 2,500 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 1,609.66 lakhs). On conservative basis, the Company has made allowance for expected credit loss in value of long term investments in its subsidiaries including NSEL to the extent of ₹ 2,500 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 1,609.66 lakhs) which is included under exceptional items. (Refer Note 28).
- 42 During the previous year, three of the Company's subsidiaries viz. IBS, CMSL, Riskraft has initiated voluntary liquidation under section 59 of The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code 2016. On initiation of voluntary liquidation of these companies, the provision made for expected credit loss in investment ₹ 146.30 lakhs has been reversed during the previous year and included in under exceptional items. (Refer Note 28). The investment in these subsidiaries had been reclassified from Investment in equity instrument of subsidiaries to Equity Instruments of Others carried at fair value through Profit and loss account under current investment and any gain / loss on fair valuation on reporting date is charged to statement of profit and loss (Refer Note 23). During the year amount of ₹ 814.32 lakhs are received towards interim payment to shareholders.
- 43 The Company has a total MAT credit entitlement of ₹ 8,585.02 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 8,585.02 lakhs) as at March 31, 2022. The management of the Company is confident that the Company will be able to utilize unexpired MAT entitlement in future unexpired years.
- 44 The Details of corporate social responsibility as prescribed under section 135 of Companies Act 2013 are as follows: -

Sr. No.	PARTICULARS	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
I	Amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	4.73	112.84
	Amount spent during the year (Refer Note VII)		
II	i) Construction / acquisition of any assets	-	-
	ii) For the purpose of the other than (i) above	9.17	112.84
III	Shortfall at the end of the year	Nil	Nil
IV	Total previous year shortfall	Nil	Nil
V	Reason for shortfall	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

VI Nature of CSR activities includes promoting education, including special education and employment enhancing vocation skills, rural development.

VII Above includes ₹ 20.59 lakhs of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) expense related to ongoing projects as at March 31, 2022 (March 31, 2021: ₹ 184.78 lakhs). The commitment was transferred to special account designated as "Unspent Corporate social Responsibility Account for the Financial Year 20-21" of the Company within 30 days from end of Financial Year.

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forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

45 The Company has investments of ₹ 20,000 Lakhs (face value) in Secured Non-Convertible Debentures issued by IL&FS Transportation Networks Ltd (ITNL) (subsidiary of Infrastructure Leasing & Finance Ltd – IL&FS) which were rated “A” by the rating agencies and secured by way of charge on certain assets of ITNL. In earlier years, ITNL has defaulted in payment of interest and rating agencies have revised the credit ratings to the lowest category ‘D’ i.e. default. National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai (NCLT) has superseded the board of IL&FS and appointed Govt. nominees. Resolution process has been initiated under Companies Act under the supervision of National Company Law Appellate Tribunal (NCLAT), in addition to various investigations and legal proceedings. The Company has filed its claim and also taken various measures including filing legal cases against specified parties at appropriate forum. The outcomes of legal matters are pending.

Since these matters are pending at various stage of adjudication and considering the uncertainties, the Company is unable to quantify the impact of these investments. The Company has impaired the investment for the expected credit loss by ₹ 7,500 lakhs till March 31, 2021. The Company has filed civil suit before Hon’ble Bombay High Court against the Promoter, directors, KMP of ITNL & others for compensation.

46 The Company has investments of ₹ 20,000 Lakhs (face value) Secured Redeemable, Non- Convertible Debentures of Dewan Housing Finance Corporation Ltd (DHFL) which were rated AAA by the rating agencies and secured by way of floating charge on receivables. In earlier year, after default by DHFL, RBI filed corporate insolvency resolution process (CIRP) against DHFL in NCLT, Mumbai and also appointed Administrator. The Company has filed its claim and also taken various legal measures against specified parties at appropriate forum. The Committee of Creditors (CoC) of DHFL proceeded to implement the resolution plan as approved by Hon. NCLT. As per “distribution mechanism amongst Creditors of DHFL” approved in 18th COC meeting, the Company has received payout of ₹ 4,395.28 lakhs and 6.75% Non convertible Debentures of Piramal Capital & Housing Finance Ltd amounting to ₹ 5,287.82 lakhs during the previous quarters. Without prejudice to its rights, the Company has made additional provision of ₹ 2,708.28 lakhs against the same during the previous quarter and continue to pursue legal remedies available to recover its dues. The Company had filed Interim Application before NCLT Mumbai with a prayer that recoveries of avoidance application filed by DHFL Administrator, shall be the sole benefit of the creditor of DHFL. The said Interim Application was rejected by the NCLT Mumbai vide order dated June 07, 2021. However, in appeal challenging the said order, the Hon’ble NCLAT vide its Judgment dated Jan 27, 2022, allowed the Company Appeal and further directed that Resolution Plan be sent back to the CoC for reconsideration on this aspect. Piramal Capital & Housing Finance Ltd and CoC filed appeal before the Hon’ble Supreme Court against the NCLAT Order, wherein Hon’ble Supreme Court stayed the said NCLAT order.

47 The Company has investments in 9% Yes Bank Perpetual Additional Tier I (AT-1) Bonds amounting to ₹ 30,000 Lakhs (face value) which was rated AA by the rating agencies. On 06.03.2020, the Central Government announced draft scheme of reconstruction of Yes Bank Ltd. (YBL), which inter alia included proposal for complete written down of AT-1 Bonds permanently. On March 13, 2020, the government notified the final scheme as YES Bank Reconstruction Scheme 2020. (“Final Reconstruction Scheme”). The Final Reconstruction Scheme had excluded the writing off AT-1 bonds and it carried clause that all contracts, deeds, bonds, etc., shall be effective to the extent and in the same manner, as was applicable before such commencement. However, on March 14, 2020, Yes Bank through Administrator informed the stock exchanges that the Perpetual Subordinated Basel III Compliant Additional Tier I Bonds issued by the Yes Bank for an amount of ₹ 8,415 crores need to be fully written down permanently and stand extinguished with immediate effect. Trustees of the issue and the Company have taken legal recourse to this action of the Yes bank. In the opinion of the Company, action of the Administrator of the Yes bank in writing down the bond is illegal and hopeful that the amount will be recovered fully once the matter is legally decided in appropriate courts.

48 The writ petition filed by the Company challenging the legality and propriety of the Forward Markets Commission’s (‘FMC’) order on the Company inter alia declaring “not a fit & proper person” is pending for hearing before the Hon’ble Bombay High Court. Solely based on FMC order, SEBI and CERC declared the Company as not a fit and proper person to hold shares in recognized stock exchanges and power exchange respectively. The Company has filed civil appeal before Hon’ble Supreme Court challenging the CERC order, same is pending for hearing before the Hon’ble Supreme Court.

49 The Company has challenged EOW letter dated February 28, 2015 before Hon’ble Bombay High Court wherein Hon’ble Bombay High Court by its order dated June 12, 2015 granted a stay to EOW letter dated February 28, 2015 on the condition that the Company shall deposit ₹ 8,400.00 lakhs from the sale proceeds of IEX within four weeks from completion of sale of IEX. Accordingly, the Company has deposited ₹ 8,400.00 lakhs with the Registrar, Criminal Appellate Side, High Court, Bombay. The aforesaid writ petition was disposed of in view of Hon’ble Bombay High Court judgment dated August 22, 2019 holding that NSEL is not financial establishment.

50 Hon’ble Bombay High Court passed an ad interim order inter alia restraining the Company from distributing any dividend or depositing the same in the dividend distribution account in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 (to be read as Companies Act, 2013) pending the final hearing and disposal of the Notice of Motion. This Notice of Motion was filed in one of the suits relating to NSEL counterparty default. In compliance to the said order, the Company has not

NOTES

forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

distributed the final dividend for the financial year 2014-15 @ ₹ 5/- per share amounting to ₹ 2,303.93 lakhs, to the shareholders pursuant to the directions of the Hon'ble Bombay High Court and hence is not in default in compliance with the statutory provisions under the Companies Act, 2013. Further, the shareholders of the Company have approved final dividend for year 2016-17, 2017-18, 2018-19, 2019-20 and 2020-21 @ ₹ 2/- per share for each year, aggregating to ₹ 4,607.85 lakhs, subject to appropriate judicial order which is also pending for distribution to the shareholders due to aforesaid restrictions. All the Notice of Motions and the Contempt Petitions filed against the Company have been tagged together and pending for hearing. The Company has complied with Sec 123 of Companies Act 2013 to the extent applicable.

- 51 The Union of India, through the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA"), has filed the Company Petition before the Company Law Board, inter-alia seeking removal and supersession of the Board of Directors of the Company. The NCLT has as interim arrangement with consent formed a committee for certain matters. In Appeal, NCLT dismissed the prayer of MCA for removal and supersession of the entire Board of the Company and ordered MCA to nominate three directors on the board of the Company. The NCLAT was pleased to uphold the NCLT Order. The Company has filed civil appeal before Hon'ble Supreme Court challenging the orders passed by NCLAT & NCLT wherein in interim Hon'ble Supreme Court granted stay on appointment of director on the Company, the said matter is pending for hearing.
- 52 a) Post July-2013, civil suits have been filed against the Company in relation to the counter party payment default occurred on the exchange platform of NSEL, wherein the Company has been made a party. In these proceedings certain reliefs have been claimed against the Company, inter-alia, on the ground that the Company is the holding company of NSEL. These matters are pending before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court for adjudication. The Company has denied all the claims and contentions in its reply. There is no privity of contract between the Company and the Plaintiffs therein. The management is of the view that the parties who have filed the Civil Suits would not be able to sustain any claim against the Company. These matters are pending for hearing before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court.
- b) First Information Reports (FIRs) have been registered against various parties, including the Company, with the Economic Offences Wing, Mumbai (EOW) and Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI) in connection with the counter party payment default on NSEL trading platform. After investigation, EOW, Mumbai has presently filed various charge-sheets in the matter. The Company has been named in the charge sheet filed in December 2018. CBI has filed charge-sheets including against the Company for alleged loss caused to PEC Ltd. & MMTC Ltd on NSEL platform and the cases are pending for trial before respective Trial Courts.
- c) CBI - EOW, has registered an FIR alleging conspiracy between the private persons and SEBI official for granting renewal of stock exchange license to MCX Stock Exchange Ltd. by SEBI. Also, CBI-EOW, has registered FIR alleging that certain officials of FMC, SEBI and other for giving illegal benefits to Multi Commodity Exchange of India Ltd. (MCX) and allowing MCX trading as commodity exchange. The investigation in both cases is pending.
- d) The SFIO has filed complaint with the Hon'ble Sessions Court under various sections of IPC and Companies Act against several persons/entities including the Company. The Company has challenged the issuance of process order before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court and the proceedings in the matter has been stayed by the Hon'ble High Court. The matter is pending for hearing before Hon'ble Bombay High Court.
- 53 The Company had filed the Writ Petitions before the Bombay High Court challenging inter alia, the provisions of the MPID Act are violative of the Constitution and the validity of various notifications and corrigendum attaching the assets of the Company under the provisions of the MPID Act. The Hon'ble Bombay High Court pleased to quash and set aside the said impugned Notifications. The State of Maharashtra and NIAG have challenged the said Judgement before Hon'ble Supreme Court. Hon'ble Supreme Court has set aside the High Court order and held that all the notifications issued under MPID Act are valid.
- 54 The Enforcement Directorate('ED') has attached certain assets of the Company under the provisions of the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002(PMLA). The three Provisional Attachments Orders had been confirmed by the Adjudicating Authority. The Hon'ble Appellate Tribunal quashed the provisional attachment orders and imposed conditions with regard to the Company. The Company has filed the appeal before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court for the limited purpose for challenging the conditions put by the Hon'ble Appellate Tribunal. The Hon'ble Court was pleased to admit the appeal and clarified that the later part of the impugned order shall not govern the Company. ED has also filed cross appeal, which is tagged with the Company's appeal.

The matters are pending for hearing. Meanwhile, ED filed a prosecution complaint before the Spl. PMLA Court, Mumbai against the Company and the same is pending for trial.

- 55 Modulus Financial Engineering filed a copyright infringement suit against the Company claiming that the Company had breached the license granted by Modulus to the Company in the use of its ODIN software. The Company has denied all these claims in its reply and written statement. The Notice of Motion seeking interim relief against the Company has been disposed of by a consent order. The suit is pending for final hearing and disposal.
- 56 The Company has presented segment information in the consolidated financial statements which are presented in the same annual report. Accordingly, in terms of Paragraph 4 of Ind AS 108 'Operating Segments', no disclosures related to segments are presented in these standalone financial statements.
- 57 The Company did not have any transactions with companies struck off under Section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or Section 560 of Companies Act, 1956 during the financial year.
- 58 No transactions to report against the following disclosure requirements as notified by MCA pursuant to amended Schedule III:
- (a) Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency
 - (b) Benami Property held under Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder
 - (c) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies
 - (d) Relating to borrowed funds:
 - i. Willful defaulter
 - ii. Utilisation of borrowed funds & share premium
 - iii. Borrowings obtained on the basis of security of current assets
 - iv. Discrepancy in utilisation of borrowings
 - v. Current maturity of long term borrowings
- 59 Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification/disclosure.

For and on behalf of the Board

Venkat R Chary

Chairman

DIN: 00273036

S. Rajendran

Managing Director & CEO

DIN: 02686150

Hariraj Chouhan

Company Secretary

Devendra Agrawal

Whole-time Director and CFO

DIN: 03579332

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 27, 2022

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONSOLIDATED



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of 63 moons technologies limited

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements of **63 moons technologies limited** (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), which includes its share of profit/(loss) in its associate, which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Consolidated Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors on financial statements (separate / consolidated) of subsidiaries as was audited by the other auditors, *except for the possible effects of the matter specified under Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report*, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including and Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, of consolidated state of affairs (financial position) of the Group and its associate as at March 31, 2022, the consolidated loss (financial performance including other comprehensive income), its consolidated cash flows and the consolidated changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

BASIS FOR QUALIFIED OPINION

1. Note Number 45, 47 and 53 to 55 to the Consolidated Financial Statements forms the basis for our qualified opinion, which are as follows:

A. The Holding Company has investment of Rs. 20,000 Lakhs (face value) in secured non-convertible debentures issued by IL&FS Transportation Networks Ltd (ITNL) (subsidiary of Infrastructure Leasing & Finance Ltd – ILFS). ITNL has defaulted in repayment of interest and various rating agencies revised their credit ratings to the lowest category 'D' i.e., default. Resolution process has been initiated for ITNL, in addition to various investigations and legal proceedings. The Holding Company's management has also taken various measures including filing legal cases against specified parties. (Refer note 45).

In addition, the Holding Company has investment of Rs. 30,000 Lakhs (face value) in Perpetual Additional Tier I bonds ("AT I bonds") issued by Yes Bank Limited ("Yes Bank"). On March 14, 2020, Yes Bank through its administrator informed the stock exchanges that these AT I bonds need to be fully written down permanently and stand extinguished with immediate effect. Trustee and the Holding Company have taken legal recourse to this action of the Yes bank. (Refer note 47).

The Holding Company's management and those charged with Governance have represented to us that since these matters are pending at various stages of adjudication and considering the uncertainties, management is unable to quantify the impact on these investments.

B. As stated by the Management of the Holding Company in Note 53 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, Civil Suits have been filed against the Holding Company in relation to event occurred on National Spot Exchange Limited trading platform. These matters are pending at various stages of adjudication. As stated in the said note, the management of the Holding Company does not foresee that the parties who have filed Civil Suits would be able to sustain any claim against the Holding Company. In addition, as stated by the management in note 53, 54 and 55 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, there are First Information Reports ("FIR") / complaints / charge-sheets / orders / notices registered / received against various parties including the Holding Company from / with the Economic Offences Wing of the Mumbai Police (EOW), Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI), Home Department - Government of Maharashtra under MPID Act, the Directorate of Enforcement and the Serious Fraud Investigation Office (SFIO). Above matters are pending at various stages of adjudication / investigation. (Refer Note 53, 54 and 55).

In this regard, the Management and those charged with Governance have represented to us that other than as stated in the said notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, there are no claims, litigations, potential settlements involving the Holding Company directly or indirectly which require adjustments to / disclosures in the Consolidated Financial Statements and that the ability of the Holding Company to continue as a going concern entity and to carry out its day-to-day operations / activities is not seriously affected due to any such FIR / complaints / charge-sheets / orders / notices / reports as aforesaid.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of 63 moons technologies limited

Accordingly, in view of above representations regarding legal matters at various stages of adjudication and ongoing investigations/ matters, the outcome of which is not known and is uncertain at this stage, we are unable to comment on the consequential impact in respect of the same on the results for the year ended March 31, 2022.

2. We reproduce hereunder the 'Basis for Qualified Opinion' issued by the independent auditor(s) of a subsidiary viz. National Spot Exchange Limited ('NSEL') vide their audit report on the consolidated Ind AS financial statement of NSEL, to the extent the same are found significant as per the Guidance issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, from time to time and which also forms the basis for qualified opinion in our audit report on the accompanying consolidated Ind AS financial Statements of the Group:

(a) As stated in note nos. 39,40,41,42,43 and 44 to the Consolidated Financial Statement, the Company has been served with notices/ letters/ summons from various statutory authorities/ regulators/ Government departments and some purported aggrieved parties. The Company is party to many proceedings filed by / or against the Company which are pending before different forum pertaining to the period prior to suspension of the exchange related operations from 31st July 2013. The management of the Company does not foresee that the parties who have filed Civil Suits against the Company will be able to sustain any claim against the Company.

There are some writ petitions, public interest litigations, civil suits including in representative capacity filed by and against the Company. Such matters against the Company are sub-judice before different forums. The Company may be exposed to civil/criminal liabilities in case of any adverse outcome of these investigations/enquiries or legal cases or any other investigations as referred above enquires or suits which may arise at a later date.

In the light of the above, the outcome of which is not presently known and is uncertain at this stage, hence we are not able to comment on the current or consequential impact if any, in respect of the same on these Consolidated Financial Statements. Also, the matters stated above could also have a consequential impact on the measurement and disclosure of information provided, but not limited to, Balance Sheet, Statement of profit/(loss) account, cash flow statement, statement of change in equity (SOCIE) and earnings per share (EPS) for the year ended and as at 31 March, 2022 in these Consolidated Financial Statements.

(b) The trade receivables, other receivables, loans and advances and deposits are subject to confirmation and reconciliation. The management, however, does not expect any material changes on account of such reconciliation/ confirmation from parties. In many cases legal notices have been sent to the parties in earlier years; however we are unable to form any opinion on the recoverability of the outstanding balances of such parties.

We conducted our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group and its associate in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us along with the consideration of audit report of other auditors referred to in Other matters below is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

EMPHASIS OF MATTERS

We draw attention to Note 43 to the consolidated financial statement of the Holding Company, regarding utilisation of unexpired MAT credit entitlement by the Holding Company. The Holding Company has a total MAT credit entitlement of Rs. 8,621.15 Lakhs as at March 31, 2022. The Holding Company's management is confident that they will be able to utilise the unexpired MAT credit entitlement in eligible future years.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter of emphasis.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements taken as a whole, in forming our opinion thereon and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. Apart from 'Basis for Qualified Opinion' We have determined the key audit matters as described below:

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of 63 moons technologies limited

Key Audit Matters from Standalone Financial Statements which are also part of the Consolidated Financial Statements:

- A. Determination of fair value of carrying amount of investments
- B. Accounting treatment for contracts with customers
- C. Contingent Liabilities

A. Determination of fair value of carrying amount of investments

Description of key audit matter:

The Holding Company has investments net of provision of Rs. 90,202.12 Lakhs as at March 31, 2022 consisting of Investments in the equity instruments of subsidiaries, third party bonds, mutual funds, other equity instruments etc. and are valued as per Ind AS 109, "Financial instruments". By their nature, these are subjected to various factors related to respective investee entities including but not limited to, economic factors, business dynamics, financial performance etc and impact a fair valuation of these investments. Accordingly, this necessitates a close monitoring by the management of these situations and judgement, based on appropriate evaluation criteria to arrive at a fair value of carrying amounts of these assets as at balance sheet date. Against this background, this matter was of significance in the context of our audit. [Also refer para for basis for qualified opinion in 1A above]

Description of Auditor's response:

We have carried out a comparison between carrying value of investment as at balance sheet date and net-worth as reflected by latest audited financials of investee companies. Wherever carrying amount of investment is more than the net-worth of investee company we have discussed and enquired with the management the process followed by them to identify permanent diminution, if any, in the value of investment and necessary accounting treatment adopted in the books. In addition, management has provided us with the future business plans and how in their business judgement such gap between investment and net-worth of the investee is either compensated with improving business conditions or valuations of such entities. Going forward our regular audit procedures are designed to keep a follow up on outcomes of these management assertions.

B. Accounting treatment for contracts with customers

Description of key audit matter:

Revenue amounting to Rs. 14,438.82 Lakhs reported in the Holding Company's financial statements pertains to customer specific contracts and the same are required to satisfy the recognition and measurement criteria as prescribed in IND AS 115, 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers'. Company's revenue is bifurcated into two main parts (a) revenue from software products (IPR based licenses) and (b) revenue from software services. Certain contracts necessarily involve estimations and certain assumptions to be made by the management in determining the quantum of revenue to be recognised in specific period. This inherently creates certain uncertainties and results in complexities in accounting treatment wherein incorrect assumptions and estimates can lead to revenue being recognised in incorrect accounting periods thereby impacting the results. Considering these factors, in the context of our audit this matter was of significance and hence a key audit matter.

Description of Auditor's response:

With a view to verify the reasonableness of the revenue accounting we carried out following procedures:

- a) Understanding the internal control environment for revenue recognition and to test check with a view to verify its operating effectiveness;
- b) Major contracts were read and analysed to verify correctness of accounting of revenue as calculated by the Company's Management;
- c) Discussed with the management process of identification of variable consideration and verified the working on test basis;
- d) Verified the working of unbilled revenue and unearned revenue on test basis;
- e) Performed analytical procedures and obtained reasons for major variances;
- f) Ensured that revenue is recognized in accordance with accounting policy of the Company and Ind AS 115;

C. Contingent liabilities

Description of Key Audit Matter

Contingent liabilities as at March 31, 2022 amounted to Rs. 18,705.80 Lakhs, which mainly include pending income-tax matters and certain legal cases other than those forming basis for our qualified opinion. Contentious income tax

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of 63 moons technologies limited

matters relate to interpretational differences between the company and various tax authorities, certain matters subjected to internal circulars and guidelines within tax authorities irrespective of stated legal provisions sometimes requiring decision making only by higher tax authorities through appellate procedures resulting in delays in outcome. Given the current legal and operational embargo that the company is facing, it is subjected the multiple litigations by and on the company sub-judice at various courts and levels requiring the Holding Company's Management to exercise significant judgement on these outcomes to determine the liabilities that are contingent in nature. Considering these factors, in the context of our audit, this matter was of significance and hence a key audit matter.

Description of Auditor response

With a view to ensure that disclosures made by the company in Note No. 31 are determined appropriately and prudently, we obtained information of pending income-tax matters from the Company and have obtained/verified the documents including the communication with the departments provided by the Company. In addition, we have carried out comparison with respect to previous year and obtained/reviewed documentation for additional tax matters arisen during the year. Our tax team has carried out discussions with the Holding Company's internal tax team on these cases mainly with respect to issues raised by various tax authorities in their communication to the company to substantiate Holding Company's assessment that there are no present obligations perceived.

With respect to legal cases disclosed to us, we have obtained updates on pending cases from the management and discussed it with the Holding Company's internal legal department, wherever necessary. We carried out a comparison between the latest status and immediate previous status. While comparing, we have tried to ascertain the appropriateness, without being judgemental, of the management judgement exercised in updating to the latest status and have tried to evaluate an impact on such ascertainment of whether the Company liabilities to which it is contingently liable are appropriately ascertained with prudence principle.

Key Audit Matters from other subsidiaries which are also part of the Consolidated Financial Statements:

We reproduce hereunder the 'Key Audit Matters' issued by the independent auditor(s) of a subsidiary viz. National Spot Exchange Limited ('NSEL') vide their audit report on the consolidated Ind AS financial statement of NSEL, to the extent the same are found significant as per the Guidance issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, from time to time and which also forms the basis for key audit matters in our audit report on the accompanying consolidated Ind AS financial Statements of the Group:

- (a) As stated in note no. 2.3 of the Consolidated Financial Statements, the Board of Directors of the Company is of the view that in the short term, its main challenge is to recover the money from defaulting members. As explained by the management, the Group is making all out efforts in recovering the amounts from defaulter members for settlement as well as its trade and other receivables. Order issued by Hon'ble High Court for merger of NSEL with Holding company has been set aside by Hon'ble Supreme court vide order dated 30th April, 2019. Holding company has committed to continue the financial support to NSEL by way of infusion of capital into NSEL and on the basis of such support, these financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2022 are prepared on going concern basis. We have relied on the above mentioned explanations and information given by the Management.
- (b) The Management has assessed the impact of the outbreak of COVID-19 on the day to day business operations of the Company, based on the assessment management concludes that no adjustments are required in the current financial year.

Our opinion is not qualified in respect of these matters.

Based on the additional procedures performed by us, we have not come across any instance requiring material adjustment to the consolidated financial statement having pervasive impact in the context of an audit opinion on these financial statements.

INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON (HEREINAFTER REFERRED AS "OTHER INFORMATION")

The Holding Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of other information. The other information comprises the Director's Report including any annexures thereto, Corporate Governance Report and Management Discussion and Analysis included in the Holding Company's annual report but does not include the Consolidated Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.

These reports are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report. Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of 63 moons technologies limited

inconsistent with the Consolidated Financial Statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. When we read these reports, if we conclude that there is material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and describe actions applicable as per applicable laws and regulations.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGEMENT AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Holding Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to preparation and presentation of these Consolidated Financial Statements in term of the requirements of the Act, that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance, consolidated cash flows and consolidated statement of changes in equity of the Group including its associate in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Ind AS. The respective management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Consolidated Financial Statements are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of each Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements/ Consolidated Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements, the respective Management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and its associate are responsible for assessing the ability of each company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management and Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and its associate are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of each Company.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- A. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- B. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- C. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- D. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the appropriateness of this assumption. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Consolidated Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of 63 moons technologies limited

conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associate to cease to continue as a going concern.

- E. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Consolidated Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether Consolidated Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- F. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of such entities or business activities within the Group and its associate to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the Consolidated Financial Statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Consolidated Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the consolidated financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the consolidated financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in Consolidated Financial Statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

OTHER MATTERS

1. The Consolidated Financial Statements include the Ind AS financial statements of ten domestic subsidiaries, whose Ind AS financial statements reflect total assets of Rs. 59,105 lakhs as at March 31, 2022; as well as the total revenue of Rs. 2,095 lakhs, total other comprehensive income of Rs. (56) lakhs and net cash flow of Rs. 7,016 lakhs for the year then ended. The Consolidated Financial Statements also include the Group's share of profit of Rs. 1,871 lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2022, in respect of an associate. These Ind AS financial statements have been audited by their respective independent auditor whose audit reports have been furnished to us by the management and our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these entities, is based solely on the report of such auditors and the procedures performed by us are as stated in paragraph above.

The Consolidated Financial Statements also include the financial statements (standalone/ consolidated) of four foreign subsidiaries, which reflects total assets of Rs. 19,180 lakhs as at March 31, 2022; as well as the total revenue of Rs. 35 lakhs, total other comprehensive income of Rs. NIL and net cash flow of Rs. (2,018) lakhs for the year then ended. These financial statements have been audited by their respective independent auditor whose audit reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these entities, is based solely on the report of such auditor and the procedures performed by us as stated in paragraph above.

2. Certain subsidiaries are located outside India and their Separate/Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in their respective countries and which have been audited by other auditors under generally accepted auditing standards applicable in their respective countries. The Holding Company's management has converted the Separate/Consolidated Financial Statements of these subsidiaries located outside India from accounting principles generally accepted in their respective countries to accounting principles generally accepted in India. We have audited these conversion adjustments made by the Holding Company's

management. Our opinion in so far as it relates to the balances and affairs of these subsidiaries located outside India is based on the report of other auditors and the conversion adjustments prepared by the management of the Holding Company and audited by us.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us along with the consideration of audit reports of the other auditors referred to in the other matter paragraph, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements and our report on other legal and regulatory requirements below, is not modified in respect of these above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of other auditors on financial statements (separate/consolidated) of such companies as was audited by them and as mentioned in the 'Other Matters' paragraph, we report, to the extent applicable, that:

- A. we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements.
- B. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of other auditors.
- C. The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows and Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- D. In our opinion, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act, read with rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, *except for the effects, if any, of the matters described in the basis for qualified opinion paragraph;*
- E. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of subsidiary companies and associate company which are incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies and its associate which are companies incorporated in India, is disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;
- F. With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Group and its associate which are companies incorporated in India and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "**Annexure A**". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial control over financial reporting.
- G. With respect to the other matters to be included in the auditor's report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended: In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Group, which are companies incorporated in India, where applicable, to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- H. With respect to the other matters to be included in the auditor's report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. the Consolidated Financial Statements disclose the impact of pending litigations as at March 31, 2022 on the consolidated financial position of the Group and its associate, *to the extent it is ascertainable* (Refer Note 31 to the Consolidated Financial Statements and 'Basis for Qualified Opinion');
 - ii. the Group and its associate have made provision in the Consolidated Financial Statements, as required under the applicable law or Ind AS, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long term contracts including derivative contracts;
 - iii. during the year ended March 31, 2022, there has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Group including its associate, which are companies incorporated in India.

iv. Reporting on rule 11(e):

- (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as stated in note no. 75, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as stated in note no. 75, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Holding Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures that has been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v. The dividend for the previous year, declared but could not be paid due to restrictions imposed pursuant to the directions of the Court is in accordance with section 123 of the Act, as applicable. [Refer note 51 to the Consolidated Financial Statements]

For Sharp & Tannan Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 0109983W

by the hand of

CA Pramod Bhise

Partner

Membership No.: (F) 047751

UDIN: 22047751AMXGSS5472

Mumbai, May 27, 2022

ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Referred to in paragraph (f) under the heading, "Report on Other legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report on even date:

REPORT ON THE INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

Under clause (i) of sub-section 3 of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

OPINION

We have audited the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting of **63 moons technologies limited** (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") which includes its share of profit/(loss) in its associate, as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Holding Company as of and for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on consideration of reports of other auditors referred to in other matters paragraph below, the Group and its associate has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ("the Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI').

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The respective Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Group and its associate, internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable, to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements.

OTHER MATTERS

Our aforesaid report under section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting in so far as it relates to ten subsidiaries and one associate, which are companies incorporated in India, is solely based on corresponding reports of the auditors of such Companies.

ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Referred to in paragraph (f) under the heading, "Report on Other legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report on even date:

MEANING OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that: (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

INHERENT LIMITATIONS OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For Sharp & Tannan Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 0109983W

by the hand of

CA Pramod Bhise

Partner

Membership No.: (F) 047751

UDIN: 22047751AMXGSS5472

Mumbai, May 27, 2022

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

as at March 31, 2022

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Note	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	6	21,170.25	20,940.26
Right of use assets	7	26.25	45.47
Investment Property	8	10,448.80	10,658.86
Other Intangible assets	9	6,510.30	4,705.13
Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	10	58,026.97	71,927.07
(ii) Loans	11	16.86	46.64
(iii) Other financial assets	12	23,926.01	25,696.48
Deferred tax assets	29	8,431.74	8,294.44
Other non-current assets	13	13,293.60	13,732.37
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		1,41,850.78	1,56,046.72
Current assets			
Financial assets			
(i) Investments	10	21,622.43	13,985.52
(ii) Trade receivables	14	4,038.91	4,021.35
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	15	23,201.47	16,454.17
(iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above	16	1,09,360.86	1,05,977.96
(v) Loans	11	468.95	502.02
(vi) Other financial assets	12	27,278.65	27,217.83
Current tax assets (net)		1,816.39	1,480.64
Other current assets	13	7,194.97	8,555.07
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		1,94,982.63	1,78,194.56
TOTAL ASSETS		3,36,833.41	3,34,241.28

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (CONTD.)

as at March 31, 2022

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Note	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			
Equity share capital	17	921.57	921.57
Other equity		3,08,720.70	3,08,163.87
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company		3,09,642.27	3,09,085.44
Non-controlling interests		(1,917.97)	(3,580.63)
TOTAL EQUITY		3,07,724.30	3,05,504.81
LIABILITIES			
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Financial Liabilities			
(i) Lease liability for asset on rent		13.08	38.76
(ii) Other financial liabilities	18	455.28	394.47
Provisions	19	819.14	838.32
Other non-current liabilities	21	20.31	7.11
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,307.81	1,278.66
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Lease liability for asset on rent		14.87	10.83
(ii) Trade payables	20		
Due to micro and small enterprises		35.86	90.79
Due to others		2,890.70	2,652.20
(iii) Other financial liabilities	18	18,611.02	18,030.41
Other current liabilities	21	5,357.09	5,961.25
Provisions	19	891.76	712.33
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		27,801.30	27,457.81
TOTAL LIABILITIES		29,109.11	28,736.47
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		3,36,833.41	3,34,241.28

See accompanying notes forming part of the consolidated financial statements - 1 to 76

In terms of our report attached
For Sharp & Tannan Associates
Chartered Accountants
(Firm's Registration No.109983W)
by the hand of

For and on behalf of the Board

Pramod Bhise
Partner
Membership No:(F) 047751

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2022

Venkat R Chary
Chairman
DIN - 00273036

Hariraj Chouhan
Company Secretary

S. Rajendran
Managing Director & CEO
DIN - 02686150

Devendra Agrawal
Whole-time Director & CFO
DIN - 03579332

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2022

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS

for the year ended March 31, 2022

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Note	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
CONTINUING OPERATIONS			
Revenue from operations	22	16,026.43	16,022.43
Other income (net)	23	6,960.07	9,137.66
TOTAL INCOME		22,986.50	25,160.09
Expenses			
Employee benefits expenses	24	13,014.92	11,610.10
Finance costs	25	47.30	52.55
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	26	1,248.90	1,901.16
Other expenses	27	14,674.86	12,774.77
TOTAL EXPENSES		28,985.98	26,338.58
Profit / (Loss) before exceptional item and tax		(5,999.48)	(1,178.49)
Exceptional items	28	(1,375.41)	(5,000.00)
Profit / (Loss) before tax		(7,374.89)	(6,178.49)
Tax expense / (credit)	29		
Current tax		243.89	313.45
Deferred tax		(180.93)	(123.18)
TOTAL TAX EXPENSE		62.96	190.27
Profit / (Loss) after tax before share of profit of associate and minority interest		(7,437.85)	(6,368.76)
Net share of profit of associate		1,871.00	27.53
Net minority interest in Loss of subsidiaries		(249.51)	(11.92)
Profit / (Loss) for the year		(5,317.34)	(6,329.31)
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Remeasurement of the net defined benefit (liability)/asset		76.12	137.36
Income tax relating to above mentioned items		(38.46)	(32.46)
Total Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax)		37.66	104.90
Total comprehensive income for the year		(5,279.68)	(6,224.41)
Earning per share			
Basic and Diluted per share (in ₹)		(11.54)	(13.74)
Face Value Per Share (in ₹)		2.00	2.00
See accompanying notes forming part of the 1 to 76			

In terms of our report attached
For Sharp & Tannan Associates
Chartered Accountants
(Firm's Registration No.109983W)
by the hand of

For and on behalf of the Board

Pramod Bhise
Partner
Membership No:(F) 047751

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2022

Venkat R Chary
Chairman
DIN - 00273036

Hariraj Chouhan
Company Secretary

S. Rajendran
Managing Director & CEO
DIN - 02686150

Devendra Agrawal
Whole-time Director & CFO
DIN - 03579332

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2022

for the year ended March 31, 2022

A. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Balance as at the beginning of the year	921.57	921.57
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the year	921.57	921.57
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-
Balance as at the end of the year	921.57	921.57

B. OTHER EQUITY

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Reserves and surplus						
	Capital reserve	Capital reserve on consolidation	Securities premium reserve	General Reserve	Statutory reserve	Settlement Guarantee Fund	Securities premium of Subsidiary
Balance at 1 April 2020	147.59	288.45	41,746.61	32,579.86	80.74	153.12	-
Changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2021							
Transfer to Statutory reserve	-	-	-	-	4.11	-	-
Interest of earlier years transfer to Settlement Guarantee Fund	-	-	-	-	-	10.91	-
Dividend (Refer Note 51)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability/asset	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors (Refer Note 74)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Non-controlling Interest on change in stake of subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Effect of foreign exchange rate variation during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at 31 March 2021	147.59	288.45	41,746.61	32,579.86	84.85	164.04	-
PARTICULARS	Reserves and surplus						
Capital reserve	Capital reserve on consolidation	Securities premium reserve	General Reserve	Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss	Settlement Guarantee Fund	Securities premium of subsidiary	
147.59	288.45	41,746.61	32,579.86	84.85	164.04	-	
Balance at 1 April 2021							
Changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2022							
Share based payment to employees							
Transfer to Statutory reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest of earlier years transfer to Settlement Guarantee Fund	-	-	-	5.75	-	-	
Dividend (Refer Note 51)				-	11.74	-	
Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability/asset	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Changes in equity share capital of subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Loss attributed to Non Controlling Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Security Premium received on issue of share	-	-	-	-	-	4,185.54	
Effect of foreign exchange rate variation during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Balance at 31 March 2022	147.59	288.45	41,746.61	90.60	175.78	4,185.54	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (CONTD.)

for the year ended March 31, 2022

PARTICULARS	Reserves and surplus		Other Comprehensive Income			Total equity attributable to holders of the Company	Non-controlling interests
	Retained earnings	TOTAL	Foreign currency translation reserve	Other Comprehensive Income	Total Other Equity		
Balance at 1 April 2020	2,40,935.57	3,15,931.92	(4,038.37)	345.42	3,12,238.97	3,13,160.54	119.50
Changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2021							
Transfer to Statutory reserve	(4.11)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest of earlier years transfer to Settlement Guarantee Fund	-	10.91	-	-	10.91	10.91	-
Dividend (Refer Note 51)	(921.57)	(921.57)	-	-	(921.57)	(921.57)	-
Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability/asset	-	-	-	104.90	104.90	104.90	-
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors (Refer Note 74)	3,565.58	3,565.58	-	-	3,565.58	3,565.58	(3,565.58)
Transfer to Non-controlling Interest on change in stake of subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	(122.63)
Effect of foreign exchange rate variation during the year	-	-	(505.61)	-	(505.61)	(505.61)	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	(6,329.31)	(6,329.31)	-	-	(6,329.31)	(6,329.31)	(11.92)
Balance at 31 March 2021	2,37,246.15	3,12,257.53	(4,543.98)	450.32	3,08,163.86	3,09,085.43	(3,580.63)

PARTICULARS	Reserves and surplus		Other Comprehensive Income			Total equity attributable to holders of the Company	Non-controlling interests
	Retained earnings	TOTAL	Foreign currency translation reserve	Other Comprehensive Income	Total Other Equity		
Balance at 1 April 2021	2,37,246.15	3,12,257.53	(4,543.98)	450.32	3,08,163.86	3,09,085.43	(3,580.63)
Changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2022							
Share based payment to employees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Statutory reserve	(5.75)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest of earlier years transfer to Settlement Guarantee Fund	-	11.74	-	-	11.74	11.74	-
Dividend (Refer Note 51)	(921.57)	(921.57)	-	-	(921.57)	(921.57)	-
Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability/asset	-	-	-	37.66	37.66	37.66	-
Changes in equity share capital of subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,700.00
Loss attributed to Non Controlling Interest	2,002.30	2,002.30	-	-	2,002.30	2,002.30	(2,002.30)
Security Premium received on issue of share	-	4,185.54	-	(0.01)	4,185.54	4,185.54	1,214.46
Effect of foreign exchange rate variation during the year	-	-	558.51	-	558.51	558.51	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	(5,317.34)	(5,317.34)	-	-	(5,317.34)	(5,317.34)	(249.51)
Balance at 31 March 2022	2,33,003.78	3,12,218.20	(3,985.47)	487.97	3,08,720.70	3,09,642.26	(1,917.97)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (CONTD.)

for the year ended March 31, 2022

NATURE AND PURPOSE OF RESERVES:

Capital reserve :

During amalgamation, the excess of net assets taken, over the cost of consideration paid is treated as capital reserve.

Securities premium of subsidiary :

The amount received in excess of face value of the equity shares is recognised in Securities Premium Reserve of subsidiaries.

General Reserve :

General Reserve was created by transferring a portion of the net profit of the Company as per the requirements of the Companies Act, 1956.

Statutory Reserve :

Reserves required to be maintained by NBFC subsidiary as per regulations of Reserve Bank of India.

Retained earnings :

Remaining portion of profits earned by the Company till date after appropriations.

In terms of our report attached
For Sharp & Tannan Associates
Chartered Accountants
(Firm's Registration No.109983W)
by the hand of

For and on behalf of the Board

Pramod Bhise
Partner
Membership No:(F) 047751

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2022

Venkat R Chary
Chairman
DIN - 00273036

Hariraj Chouhan
Company Secretary

S. Rajendran
Managing Director & CEO
DIN - 02686150

Devendra Agrawal
Whole-time Director & CFO
DIN - 03579332

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2022

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

for the year ended March 31, 2022

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022		Year Ended 31.03.2021	
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Profit / (Loss) before tax		(7,374.89)		(6,178.49)
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation and amortisation expense	1,248.90		1,901.16	
Gain on Fair Valuation of Financial Assets	(513.82)		(760.61)	
Allowance for expected credit loss on Bonds / Debentures	2,708.28		5,000.00	
Gain on deemed disposal of Investments in Associates	(1,332.87)		-	
Loss on disposal / write off of fixed assets (net)	-		2.00	
Bad trade receivables / advances written off (net of provision held)	126.70		26.97	
Provision / liabilities no longer required written back	(77.56)		(14.70)	
Dividend income	(0.44)		(0.46)	
Finance costs	47.30		52.55	
Exchange rate fluctuations- loss	0.45		(51.86)	
Interest income	(5,670.50)	(3,463.56)	(7,440.82)	(1,285.78)
Operating profit before working capital changes		(10,838.45)		(7,464.27)
Changes in working capital:				
Trade receivable, loans, other financial assets and other assets	1,371.27		2,357.89	
Trade payables, other financial liabilities, other liabilities and provisions	(670.59)	700.67	1,526.84	3,884.73
Cash used in operations		(10,137.78)		(3,579.54)
Net income tax refund		(41.92)		-
NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(10,179.70)		(3,579.54)
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Capital expenditure on Property, plant and equipment and other Intangible assets including capital advances		(2,647.20)		(341.51)
Proceeds from sale of Property, plant and equipment		-		14.59
Purchase of Financial assets - others		(6,044.27)		-
Proceeds from sale of Financial assets - others		12,412.63		0.79
Proceeds from subsidiaries under liquidation		814.32		
Decrease / (Increase) in fixed deposit with banks		(3,382.90)		(251.50)
Interest income		5,888.88		7,607.89
Dividend income		0.44		0.46
Cash used in investing activities		7,041.90		7,030.72
Net income tax paid		455.33		(1,027.20)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		7,497.23		6,003.52

CASH FLOW STATEMENT (CONTD.)

for the year ended March 31, 2022

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from issue of share capital in Subsidiaries	8,100.00	-
Lease Payment	(19.64)	(42.60)
Cash generated from / (used in) financing activities	8,080.36	(42.60)
Net Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	5,397.89	2,381.38
Cash and cash equivalents (opening balance)	27,551.69	25,170.31
Cash and cash equivalents (closing balance)	32,949.58	27,551.69

(₹ in lakhs)

	Current Year	Previous Year
Cash and cash equivalents (Refer Note 15)	23,201.47	16,454.17
Effect on exchange differences on restatement of foreign currency cash and cash equivalents	(5,581.78)	(5,190.77)
Effect of sale / liquidation of Subsidiaries	-	(830.81)
	17,619.69	10,432.59
Other bank balances (refer note 54, 55 and 59)	15,329.89	17,119.10
Cash and cash equivalents (closing balance)	32,949.58	27,551.69

Notes to cash flow statement:

1. Fixed deposits with banks with maturity period of more than three months are classified and grouped in investing activities and not included in cash and cash equivalents.
2. The Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in IND AS 7.
3. Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever applicable.

In terms of our report attached
For Sharp & Tannan Associates
Chartered Accountants
(Firm's Registration No.109983W)
by the hand of

For and on behalf of the Board

Pramod Bhise
Partner
Membership No:(F) 047751

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2022

Venkat R Chary
Chairman
DIN - 00273036

Hariraj Chouhan
Company Secretary

S. Rajendran
Managing Director & CEO
DIN - 02686150

Devendra Agrawal
Whole-time Director & CFO
DIN - 03579332

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 27, 2022

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forming part of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

1 COMPANY OVERVIEW

63 moons technologies limited (the 'Company') is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in India. The Company's registered office is at Shakti Tower – II, 4th floor, Premises – J, 766, Anna Salai, Thousand Lights, Chennai – 600002. Tamilnadu, India and corporate office FT Tower, CTS No, 256 & 257, Suren Road, Chakala, Andheri (East), Mumbai-400069.

The 63 moons group is among the global leaders in offering technology IP (Intellectual Property) and domain expertise to create and trade on next-generation financial markets, that are transparent, efficient and liquid, across all asset classes including equities, commodities, currencies and bonds among others. The group is pioneer in end to end Straight Through Processing (STP) solution that support high density transactions. It has developed proprietary technology platform benchmarked against global standard which give it a decisive edge in driving mass disruptive innovation at the speed and cost of execution unmatched in the financial market industry.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance and Basis of Preparation

The consolidated financial statements of 63 moons technologies limited ('the Parent Company') its subsidiary companies and its associate company (Refer Note C below for list of entities included in consolidated financial statements) (the Parent Company, its subsidiaries and associate company constitute 'the Group') have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the 2013 Act") read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, subsequent amendments thereto and the relevant provisions of the 2013 Act.

The financial statements of subsidiaries and associate company used in the consolidation are drawn up to the same reporting dates as that of the Parent Company, viz March 31, 2022.

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis using the historical cost measurement except for the following material items that have been measured at fair value as required by relevant Ind AS:

- Certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments)
- Share based payment transactions
- Defined benefit and other long-term employee benefits

The accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

These Ind-AS compliant the consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on May 27, 2022.

2.2 Functional and presentation currency

These Consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees, which is the Company's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded off to the nearest lakhs, unless otherwise indicated.

2.3 Use of judgements and estimates

The preparation of the Consolidated financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make certain estimates, judgements and assumptions. These affect the application of accounting policies, the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the reporting date of the Consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of income and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period and the actual results could differ from those estimates. These are reviewed by the management on an on-going basis and appropriate changes in estimates are made prospectively as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. The management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the consolidated financial statements are just, prudent and reasonable.

The areas involving critical estimates & judgements are:

Note Reference	Critical Estimates & Judgements
Note 4.14 and 29	Estimation of income taxes, Recognition and utilisation of deferred tax assets and MAT credit entitlement and utilisation.
Note 4.18, 31	Measurement of contingencies key assumptions about the likelihood and magnitude of an outflow of resources;
Note 4.8, 4.9, 4.10 and 38	Assessment of carrying value / fair value of financial instruments.
Note 4.12 and 35	Measurement of defined benefit obligations: key actuarial assumptions.
Note 4.5, 4.6, 4.7, 6, 8 and 9	Estimation of useful life of tangible, intangible assets and investment property

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forming part of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

3 PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS-110) "Consolidated Financial Statements", and Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS-28) "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures" as notified under the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 on the following basis:

Group consolidates entities which it owns or controls. The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company, its subsidiaries and its associate company as disclosed below. Control exists when the parent has power over the entity, is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns by using its power over the entity. Power is demonstrated through existing rights that give the ability to direct relevant activities, those which significantly affect the entity's returns. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date control commences until the date control ceases.

The financial statements of the Group subsidiary companies are consolidated on a line-by-line basis and intra-group balances and transactions including unrealized gain / loss from such transactions are eliminated upon consolidation. These financial statements are prepared by applying uniform accounting policies in use at the Group. Non-controlling interests which represent part of the net profit or loss and net assets of subsidiaries that are not, directly or indirectly, owned or controlled by the company, are excluded.

Associates are entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. The investment is initially recognized at cost, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognize the investor's share of the profit or loss of the investee after the acquisition date. The Group's investment in associates includes goodwill identified on acquisition.

I. The subsidiary and Associate companies considered in the presentation of the consolidated financial statements are:

Sr. No.	Name of Subsidiaries	Country of incorporation	Proportion of Ownership Interest (31.03.2022)	Proportion of Ownership Interest (31.03.2021)
1	Ticker Plant Limited (Ticker Plant)	India	77.51%	100.00%
2	Financial Technologies Communications Limited (FTCL)	India	100.00%	100.00%
3	Apian Finance & Investment Limited (Apian)	India	100.00%	100.00%
4	FT Projects Limited. (FTPL)	India	100.00%	100.00%
5	Global Payment Networks Limited (GPNL)	India	100.00%	100.00%
6	FT Knowledge Management Company Limited (FTKMCL)	India	100.00%	100.00%
7	National Spot Exchange Limited (NSEL)	India	99.99%	99.99%
8	Indian Bullion Market Association Limited (IBMA) (subsidiary of NSEL)	India	60.88%	60.88%
9	Farmer Agricultural Integrated Development Alliance Limited (FAIDA) (subsidiary of NSEL)	India	100.00%	100.00%
10	Westernghats Agro Growers Company Limited (WGAGL) (subsidiary of NSEL)	India	84.00%	84.00%
11	Financial Technologies Singapore Pte Limited (FTSPL)	Singapore	100.00%	100.00%
12	ICX Platform (Pty) Limited (ICX)	South Africa	100.00%	100.00%
13	FT Group Investments Pvt. Limited. (FTGIPL)	Mauritius	100.00%	100.00%
14	Knowledge Assets Pvt. Limited (KAPL)	Mauritius	100.00%	100.00%
15	Bourse Africa Limited (BAL) (subsidiary of FTGIPL) **	Mauritius	100.00%	100.00%
16	Financial Technologies Middle East DMCC (FTME) (subsidiary of FTGIPL)	U.A.E.	100.00%	100.00%
17	Credit Market Services Limited (CMSL) **	India	-	99.99%
18	Riskraft Consulting Limited (Riskraft) **	India	-	100.00%
19	IBS Forex Limited (IBS) **	India	-	86.29%
	Name of Associate Company			
1	NTT Data Payment Services India Limited (formerly known as atom technologies limited (atom))	India	29.15%	36.28%

* Refer Note No 41 (a), ** under liquidation Refer Note 42

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forming part of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

II Disclosures mandated by schedule III of Companies Act 2013, by way of additional information:

(₹ in lakhs)

Name of the entity	Net Assets i.e total assets minus total liabilities		Share in Profit / Loss	
	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount ₹ in lacs	As % of consolidated Profit / (Loss)	Amount ₹ in lacs
I. Parent Company				
63 moons technologies limited	83.65	259,019.42	82.47	(6,134.30)
II. Subsidiaries				
a. Indian Subsidiaries:				
National Spot Exchange Limited. (NSEL) (on consolidated basis)	2.02	6,247.48	35.51	(2,641.36)
Apian Finance and Investments Limited. (APIAN)	0.27	843.46	(0.47)	34.90
TickerPlant Limited. (TickerPlant)	2.39	7,402.14	30.55	(2,272.33)
FT Projects Limited. (FTPL)	-	0.54	0.01	(0.98)
Financial Technologies Communications Limited. (FTCL)	0.17	521.08	(0.54)	39.91
Global Payment Networks Limited. (GPNL)	0.06	177.64	(0.08)	6.01
FT Knowledge Management Company Limited. (FTKMCL)	0.02	53.51	(0.01)	0.46
IBS Forex Limited. (IBS)	-	-	-	-
Riskraft Consulting Limited. (Riskraft)	-	-	-	-
Credit Market Services Limited. (CMSL)	-	-	-	-
b. Foreign Subsidiaries:				
FT Group Investments Pvt. Ltd. (FTGIPL) (on consolidated basis)	(22.57)	(69,878.85)	0.70	(52.42)
Financial Technologies Singapore Pte Ltd. (FTSPL)	6.12	18,939.61	4.05	(300.93)
Knowledge Assets Pvt. Ltd. (KAPL)	(0.04)	(134.80)	0.15	(11.40)
ICX Platform (Pty) Ltd. (ICX)	(0.08)	(240.98)	0.04	(2.74)
SUBTOTAL		222,950.32		(11,335.17)
Inter -Company Elimination & Consolidation Adjustments	28.00	86,691.90	(52.40)	3,897.33
GRAND TOTAL		309,648.66		(7,431.40)
Minority Interest in Subsidiaries		(1917.99)	4.69	(249.51)
Share of profit in Associates			(35.19)	1,871.00
TOTAL				(5,317.34)

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Group has consistently applied the following accounting policies to all periods presented in these financial statements.

4.1 Revenue

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration expected to receive in exchange for those products or services. Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for volume discounts, service level credits, performance bonuses, price concessions and incentives, if any, as specified in the contract with the customer. Revenue also excludes taxes collected from customers.

The revenue from the sale of software products (IPR based licenses) is recognised on delivery/granting of right to use. In respect of service contracts, where the performance obligations are satisfied over time and where there is no uncertainty as to measurement or collectability of consideration, is recognized over time. Revenue from fixed price service contracts is recognised based on acts performed as specified in the contracts over the contract period where performance of several acts is required over that period. In the case of time and material contracts, revenue is recognised on the basis of hours completed and material used. Revenue from annual maintenance contracts, lease of licenses, IT

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forming part of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

infrastructure sharing income and Shared Business Support Services is recognised proportionately over the period in which the services are rendered/licenses is leased. Revenue from sale of goods is recognised on transfer of control over the goods to the customer. Sales are recorded net of returns (if any), trade discounts, rebates, and goods and service tax. Projected losses, if any, are provided in entirety as per Ind AS based on management's current estimates of cost to completion arrived at on the basis of technical assessment of time and effort required and estimates of future expenditure.

Revenues in excess of invoicing are classified as contract assets (which are referred to as unbilled revenue). Contract assets are classified as unbilled receivables (only act of invoicing is pending) when there is unconditional right to receive cash, and only passage of time is required, as per contractual terms. Invoicing in excess of revenues are classified as contract liabilities (which are referred to as unearned revenues).

Income from Procurement service charges are levied on value of procurement and are recognised on accrual basis on completion of procurement and processing activity. Commitment fees are recognised upfront as per the terms of agreement with clients.

In case of exchange related business, Admission fees (non-refundable) to the exchange collected from new members for joining the exchange are recognised when the membership is approved. Advances against membership application are only recognised as income when the application has been approved. Annual subscription fees (non-refundable) are collected from members and accrued annually. Transaction fees are charged to members based on the volume of transactions entered into by the members through the exchange. These are accrued when orders placed by members on the network are matched and confirmed.

Service charges include income from various services viz data fee and message services, revenue sharing income, coaching and training fees, internet telecommunication charges, which are recognised as and when services are rendered.

Revenue is stated net of returns, goods and service tax (GST), wherever applicable.

Unbilled revenue represents value of services performed in accordance with the contract terms but not billed.

4.2 Interest income

Interest income from debt instruments is recognised using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.

4.3 Dividends

Dividends are recognised in profit or loss only when the right to receive payment is established.

4.4 Investment property rental income

Rental income from investment property is recognised as revenue on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease and presented as other income. Lease incentives granted are recognised as an integral part of the total rental income, over the term of the lease.

4.5 Property, plant and equipment

i. Recognition and measurement

Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE) are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The cost of PPE comprises its purchase price including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes after deducting trade discounts and rebates and any costs directly attributable to bring in the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

PPE which are not ready for intended use as on the date of Balance Sheet are disclosed as "Capital work-in-progress"

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset form part of the cost of the asset. If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of an asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets) is recognised in Statement of Profit & Loss.

ii. Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure relating to PPE is capitalised only when it is probable that future economic benefits with these will flow to the Group and cost of the item can be measured reliably. Repairs & maintenance costs are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss as and when incurred.

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forming part of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

iii. Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their estimated residual values using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Leased assets and leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed annually and the effects of any changes in estimates are accounted for on a prospective basis.

Freehold Land is not depreciated. For others, depreciation has been provided on the basis of estimated useful life as follows.

Assets	Useful life
Office Equipment	2 to 5 Years
Electrical Installations	10 Years
Computer Hardware	3 to 6 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	5 to 10 Years
Vehicles	5 Years
Building	58 years
Leasehold improvements	Over lease period (2 to 5 years)

Assets costing upto ₹ 5,000/- are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition.

vi. Reclassification to investment property

When the uses of a property changes from owner-occupied to investment property, the property is reclassified accordingly.

4.6 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment, if any. The cost of intangible assets comprises its purchase price including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes after deducting trade discounts and rebates and any costs directly attributable to bring in use. Intangible assets are amortized over their respective individual estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis, from the date that they are available for use. Research costs are expensed as incurred. Amortization methods and useful lives are reviewed annually and the effects of any changes in estimates are accounted for on a prospective basis.

The Group amortises intangible assets with using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life as follows:

- Patents, copyright and other rights - 8 years
- Computer software - 4 to 6 years

4.7 Investment property

Investment property is measured at cost less impairment, if any. Any gain or loss on disposal of investment property (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount of the item) is recognised in statement of Profit or Loss. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Fair value is calculated using discounted cash flow method and other relevant factors, if any. Useful life of the investment property is considered as 58 year or lease period whichever is lower.

4.8 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. The classification of financial instruments depends on the objective of the business model for which it is held. Management determines the classification of its financial instruments at recognition.

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Classification	Initial recognition	Subsequent recognition
Non-derivative financial instruments		
a) Financial assets at amortised cost : if it is held within business model where purpose is to hold asset for contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on principal outstanding	At fair value including directly attributable transaction costs	Subsequently carried at amortised cost using effective interest rate method less any impairment loss.
b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income : if it is held within business model where purpose is to hold asset for contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on principal outstanding and also selling financial assets.	At fair value including directly attributable transaction costs	All changes in value excluding interest are recognised in OCI. Interest is recognised on effective interest rate method in Statement of Profit & Loss.
c) Financial assets at fair value through statement of profit and loss : if financial asset is not classified in any of the above categories	At fair value excluding directly attributable transaction costs. Transaction costs are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.	Fair valued at each subsequent reporting date.
d) Trade Receivable and Loans	At fair value.	Subsequently held at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method, net of any expected credit loss.
e) Other Equity investments	At fair value.	Any changes through statement of Profit & Loss
f) Financial liabilities	At fair value including directly attributable transaction costs	At amortised cost : using effective interest method except certain items.
Derivative financial instruments		
Financial assets or financial liabilities	At fair value	At fair value through statement of profit and loss : if financial assets or financial liabilities are not designated as hedges.
Share capital		
	Ordinary shares classified as equity.	Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of new ordinary shares and share options are recognized as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

Financial assets are reclassified subsequent to their recognition if and in the period the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets.

Derecognition of financial instruments:

A financial asset is derecognised by the Company only when:

- Contractual right to receive cash flows from the assets expires; or
- the Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset; or
- if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset; or
- the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.

Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in statement of profit and loss including cumulative gain or loss in case of financial assets subsequently valued at fair value through other comprehensive income. In case of financial assets subsequently fair valued through profit or loss, gain or loss is presented on a net basis.

A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognized when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in statement of profit and loss.

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4.9 Measurement of Fair Value

The Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair value' is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Group has access at that date. The Group regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. In determining the fair value of its financial instruments, the Group uses a variety of methods and assumptions that are based on market conditions and risks existing at each reporting date. The methods used to determine fair value include discounted cash flow analysis, available quoted market prices and dealer quotes. When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. All methods of assessing fair value result in general approximation of value, and such value may never actually be realized.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liabilities and the level of fair value hierarchy.

4.10 Impairment

i. Financial assets:

For the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit or loss, the Group tests loss allowances using the expected credit loss (ECL) model and recognises, if any.

Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL. The amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognised is recognized as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss.

ii. Non-financial assets:

The carrying amounts of the Group's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then asset's / cash generating unit (CGU)'s recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset / CGU exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized

4.11 Foreign Currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency of the Group at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions or at rates that closely approximate the rate at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency is translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured based on historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and are not retranslated. Foreign currency differences are generally recognised in profit or loss.

Foreign operations

The translation of the financial statements of non-integral foreign operations (including branches) is accounted for as under:

- i. All revenues and expenses are translated at average rate.
- ii. All monetary and non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rate prevailing on the balance sheet date.
- iii. Resulting exchange difference is accumulated in Foreign Currency Translation Reserve Account until the disposal of the net investment in the said non integral foreign operation.
- iv. Foreign subsidiaries (non-integral foreign operations) financial statements are prepared in the currency of country in which they are domiciled except when another currency is considered appropriate based on revenue and cost stream.

4.12 Employee benefits

i. Short-term obligations

The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees is recognised as an expense during the period when the employee renders those services.

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ii. Other long-term employee benefit obligations

Compensated absences

The Group has a policy on compensated absences which are both accumulating and non-accumulating in nature. The expected cost of accumulating compensated absences is determined by actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary at each balance sheet date using projected unit credit method on the additional amount expected to be paid/availed as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the balance sheet date and recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss. Expense on non-accumulating compensated absences is recognized in the year in which the absences occur.

Defined Benefit Plan

The Group provides for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan ('the Gratuity Plan') covering eligible employees. The liability or asset recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated at each reporting date by actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised, net of tax impact, in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet. Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognised immediately in profit or loss as past service cost. The amount of net interest expense calculated by applying the liability discount rate to the net defined liability or asset is charged or credited to 'Finance Cost' in Statement of Profit and Loss.

Defined contribution plans

The Group pays provident fund contributions to publicly administered provident funds as per local regulations. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and the contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due.

iii. Share-based payment arrangements

The Group recognizes compensation expense relating to share-based payments in net profit using fair-value in accordance with Ind AS 102, Share-Based Payment. The estimated fair value of awards is charged to income on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for each separately vesting portion of the award as if the award was in-substance, multiple awards with a corresponding increase to share options outstanding account.

4.13 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are charged to revenue.

4.14 Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity or in OCI.

i. Current tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or recoverable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or recoverable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax payable or recoverable is the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Interest income in respect of income tax is shown under Other Income and accounted on receipt basis, interest expenses and penalties, if any, are included in current tax expense. Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amount and there is an intention to settle the assets and liabilities on net basis.

Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) credit is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Group will pay normal income tax during the specified period. In the year in which the MAT credit becomes eligible to be recognised as an asset in accordance with the recommendations contained in Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the said asset is created by way of a credit to the statement of profit and loss. The Group reviews the same at each balance sheet date and writes down the carrying amount of MAT Credit Entitlement to the extent there is no longer convincing evidence to the effect that Group will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

ii. Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

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Deferred tax is not recognised for:

- temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss;
- temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, Associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
- taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Future taxable profits are determined based on business plans of the Group and the reversal of temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

4.15 Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost on First in First out (FIFO) basis or net realizable value. Cost comprises of cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their respective present location and condition. In case of defective and obsolete items, due allowance is estimated and provided for wherever necessary

4.16 Operating Cycle

Based on the nature of products / activities of the Group and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Group has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

4.17 Provisions

A provision is recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance Sheet date. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted to reflect its present value using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

4.18 Contingent liabilities and contingent assets, if any, are disclosed in the notes to accounts. (Refer note 31)

A present obligation that arises from past events, where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is disclosed as a contingent liability. Contingent liabilities are also disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. Claims against the Group, where the possibility of any outflow of resources in settlement is remote, are not disclosed as contingent liabilities.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and is recognised.

4.19 Leases

Effective April 01, 2019, the Company had adopted Ind AS 116 "Leases" by applying the modified retrospective approach. The Company, at the inception of a contract, assesses whether the contract is a lease or not lease.

Company as a lessee

The Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use assets is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The right-of-use assets is depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date over the shorter of lease term or useful life of right-of-use asset. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment. Right-of-use assets are tested for impairment whenever there is any indication that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Impairment loss, if any, is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date discounted using the incremental borrowing rate. The lease payments shall include fixed payments, variable lease payments, residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option where the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease. The lease liability is subsequently remeasured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made and remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The Company accounts for each lease component within the contract as a lease separately from non-lease components of the contract.

The Company has elected not to apply the requirements of Ind AS 116 to short-term leases of all assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value and are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Company as a lessor

At the inception of the lease the Company classifies each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease. The Company recognises lease payments received under operating leases as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. In case of a finance lease, finance income is recognised over the lease term based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the lessor's net investment in the lease. When the Company is an intermediate lessor it accounts for its interests in the head lease and the sub-lease separately. It assesses the lease classification of a sub-lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease, not with reference to the underlying asset. If a head lease is a short-term lease to which the Company applies the exemption described above, then it classifies the sub-lease as an operating lease.

4.20 Earning Per Share

"Basic earnings per share" is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax attributable to equity shareholder of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax attributable to equity shareholder of the company as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income (net of any attributable taxes) relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations. Potential dilutive equity shares are deemed to be converted as at the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. average market value of the outstanding shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented. The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted for share splits / reverse share splits and bonus shares, as appropriate.

5 IND AS issued but not yet effective

Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA), vide notification dated 23rd March, 2022, has made the following amendments to Ind AS which are effective 1st April, 2022:

- a. Ind AS 109: Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)
- b. Ind AS 103: Reference to Conceptual Framework
- c. Ind AS 37: Onerous Contracts - Costs of Fulfilling a Contract
- d. Ind AS 16: Proceeds before intended use

Based on preliminary assessment, the Group does not expect these amendments to have any significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.

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6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT*										(₹ in lakhs)
Particulars	Freehold Land	Buildings	Plant & Equipment	Improvement to Leasehold Premises	Computer Hardware	Equip-ments**	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicles	Total	
Year ended 31 March 2022										
Gross carrying value as at April 01, 2021	4,666.60	17,770.82	7.07	95.77	7,459.60	6,548.08	4,923.17	790.16	42,261.28	
Additions	170.00	311.00	-	-	173.77	99.91	20.28	382.72	1,157.68	
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	0.13	-	-	0.13	
Gross carrying value as at March 31, 2022	4,836.60	18,081.82	7.07	95.77	7,633.37	6,648.12	4,943.45	1,172.88	43,419.09	
Accumulated depreciation and impairment as at April 01, 2021	-	2,924.45	4.28	95.77	6,680.09	6,123.63	4,766.09	726.70	21,321.02	
Depreciation charge during the year	-	293.74	1.79	-	293.70	185.69	100.88	51.91	927.71	
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	0.12	-	-	0.12	
Accumulated depreciation and impairment as at March 31, 2022	-	3,218.19	6.07	95.77	6,973.79	6,309.44	4,866.97	778.61	22,248.85	
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2022	4,836.60	14,863.63	1.00	-	659.58	338.68	76.48	394.27	21,170.25	
Year ended 31 March 2021										
Gross carrying value as at April 01, 2020	4,666.60	17,770.82	7.07	95.77	7,231.92	6,478.82	4,921.40	814.84	41,987.25	
Additions	-	-	-	-	230.11	92.17	1.86	-	324.14	
Exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	(0.46)	-	-	(0.46)	
Disposals	-	-	-	-	(2.43)	(22.45)	(0.09)	(24.68)	(49.65)	
Gross carrying value as at March 31, 2021	4,666.60	17,770.82	7.07	95.77	7,459.60	6,548.08	4,923.17	790.16	42,261.29	
Accumulated depreciation and impairment as at April 01, 2020	-	2,642.72	4.28	95.77	6,321.01	5,755.86	4,291.67	702.84	19,814.16	
Depreciation charge during the year	-	281.73	-	-	361.51	390.64	474.51	35.95	1,544.34	
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	(0.42)	-	-	(0.42)	
Disposals	-	-	-	-	(2.43)	(22.45)	(0.09)	(12.09)	(37.06)	
Accumulated depreciation and impairment as at March 31, 2021	-	2,924.45	4.28	95.77	6,680.09	6,123.63	4,766.09	726.70	21,321.02	
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2021	4,666.60	14,846.37	2.79	-	779.51	424.45	157.08	63.46	20,940.27	

** Equipment's includes "office equipment's, networking equipment's and electrical installations".

* refer note 54 and 59

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7 RIGHT OF USE ASSETS

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Buildings	Total
Year ended March 31, 2022		
Gross carrying Value as at April 1, 2021	59.75	59.75
Additions	22.76	22.76
Deletions on de-hiring premises	(24.76)	(24.76)
Gross carrying Value as at March 31, 2022	57.75	57.75
Accumulated depreciation and impairment as at April 01, 2021	14.28	14.28
Charged during the year	17.22	17.22
Deletions on de-hiring premises	-	-
Up to March 31, 2022	31.50	31.50
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2022	26.25	26.26
Year ended March 31, 2021		
Gross carrying Value as at April 1, 2020		
Additions on adoption of Ind-AS 116 on April 1, 2019	223.26	223.26
Additions	11.03	11.03
Deletions on de-hiring premises	(174.54)	(174.54)
Gross carrying Value as at March 31, 2021	59.75	59.75
Accumulated depreciation and impairment as at April 01, 2020	51.50	51.50
Charged during the year	51.63	51.63
Deletions on de-hiring premises	(88.85)	(88.85)
Up to March 31, 2021	14.28	14.28
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2021	45.47	45.47

NOTES:

A As a Lessee:

- Adopted Ind AS 116 effective 1st April, 2019, using the modified retrospective method. The Group has applied the standard to its leases with the cumulative impact recognised on the date of initial application (1st April, 2019). According previous period information has not been restated
The incremental borrowing rate of 9% has been applied to lease liabilities recognised in the balance sheet at the date of initial application.
- The Group incurred ₹ 95.64 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 206.58 lakhs) for the year ended 31st March, 2022 towards expenses relating to short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. Interest on lease liabilities is ₹ 4.90 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 8.19 lakhs) for the year.

B The Company as a Lessor:

The Group has entered into various cancellable and non-cancellable operating lease agreements as a lessor for various premises ranging from 2 months to 60 months and may be renewed for further period based on mutual agreement of the parties. The lease rentals recognised as income in the statement of profit and loss during the year are included in Note 23 under the head 'Rental income from properties sublease'.

Disclosure for non-cancellable operating lease is as follows:

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Lease Income		
Lease rentals	690.09	682.33
Future minimum lease receivable		-
Not later than one year	420.32	696.74
Later than one year and not later than 5 Year	643.37	133.18
Later than five years	-	-

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8 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Gross carrying amount		
Opening gross carrying amount / Deemed cost	12,752.22	12,752.22
Additions	-	-
Reclassification from Buildings	-	-
Closing gross carrying amount	12,752.22	12,752.22
Accumulated depreciation		
Opening accumulated depreciation	2,093.36	1,883.27
Depreciation charge	210.06	210.09
Closing accumulated depreciation	2,303.42	2,093.36
Net carrying amount	10,448.80	10,658.86

i. Amounts recognised in profit or loss for investment properties

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year ended 31.03.2022	Year ended 31.03.2021
Rental income	670.59	645.23
Direct operating expenses from property that generated rental income	(83.16)	(71.62)
Direct operating expenses from property that did not generate rental income	(14.56)	(105.08)
Profit from investment properties before depreciation	572.87	468.53
Depreciation	210.06	210.09
Profit from investment properties	362.81	258.44

ii. Contractual obligations

There are no contractual obligations towards investment property

iii. Leasing arrangements

Certain investment properties are leased to tenants under long-term operating leases with rentals payable monthly.

Minimum lease payments receivable under non-cancellable operating leases of investment properties are as follows:

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Within one year	420.32	696.74
Later than one year but not later than 5 years	643.37	133.18
Later than 5 years	-	-

iv. Fair value

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Investment properties	12,350.96	12,610.84

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9 OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Trade Mark	Computer Software	Technical Know-how	Total
Year ended 31 March 2022				
Gross carrying value as at April 01, 2021	36.86	7,144.67	6.33	7,187.86
Additions	29.84	1,701.98	-	1,731.82
Exchange differences	-	167.28	-	167.28
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Gross carrying value as at March 31, 2022	66.70	9,013.93	6.33	9,086.96
Accumulated amortisations and impairment as at April 01, 2021	24.48	2,451.93	6.33	2,482.73
Amortisation charge during the year	4.10	89.82	-	93.92
Exchange differences	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Accumulated amortisations and impairment as at March 31, 2022	28.57	2,541.75	6.33	2,576.65
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2022	38.13	6,472.18	-	6,510.30
Year ended 31 March 2021				
Gross carrying value as at April 01, 2020	36.86	7,221.53	6.33	7,264.72
Additions	-	36.01	-	36.01
Exchange differences	-	(112.87)	-	(112.87)
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Gross carrying value as at March 31, 2021	36.86	7,144.67	6.33	7,187.86
Accumulated amortisations and impairment as at April 01, 2020	21.90	2,359.44	6.33	2,387.67
Amortisation charge during the year	2.58	92.49	-	95.07
Exchange differences	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Accumulated amortisations and impairment as at March 31, 2021	24.48	2,451.93	6.33	2,482.73
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2021	12.39	4,692.74	-	4,705.13

10 INVESTMENTS*

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Non Current		
In Equity Instruments (Quoted)	11.06	12.17
In Equity Instruments (Unquoted)	0.19	32.69
In Government And Trust Securities (Unquoted)	7.24	7.55
In Bonds (Quoted)	49,306.34	67,171.53
In mutual funds (Unquoted)	795.15	-
In Equity Instruments In an associate (Unquoted)		
Carrying Amount Investment In an associate	4,703.12	4,675.59
Gain on deemed disposal of Investments in an associates (Refer Note No 41 (a))	1,332.87	-
Share Of Profit / (Loss) In an associate	1,871.00	27.53
	7,906.99	4,703.12
TOTAL	58,026.97	71,927.07

NOTES

forming part of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Current		
In mutual funds (Unquoted)	10,555.90	10,752.76
In Bonds (Quoted)	10,125.77	1,503.58
In Equity instruments (Unquoted)	940.76	1,729.18
TOTAL	21,622.43	13,985.52
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	79,649.40	85,912.58

*Refer Note 41,42,45,46,47,54,and 55

11 LOANS

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Non - Current		
Unsecured, Considered Good		
Loans Related To NBFC Activities	-	25.00
Loans To Employees.	16.86	21.64
TOTAL	16.86	46.64
Current		
Unsecured, Considered Good		
Loans To Employees.	24.38	18.84
Loans Related To Nbfcc Activities	444.57	483.18
TOTAL	468.95	502.02
TOTAL LOAN	485.81	548.66

12 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS*

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Non-Current		
Interest Accrued On Bank Fixed Deposits	81.52	70.76
Other Bank Balances		
In Deposits Accounts	11,239.00	13,069.29
In Current Accounts	4,090.89	4,049.81
Deposit With Hon'ble Bombay High Court (Refer Note 50)	8,400.00	8,400.00
Security Deposits	114.60	106.62
TOTAL	23,926.01	25,696.48
Current		
Other Receivables	23,897.23	24,180.22
Interest Accrued On Bank Fixed Deposits	1,056.45	1,094.39
Interest Accrued On Investments	239.42	365.71
Unbilled Revenue	476.25	308.10
Rent Receivables	58.28	11.92
Receivable On Sale / Redemption Of Investments	11,750.09	1,231.81
Less : Expected credit loss	10,208.28	-
	1,541.81	1,231.81

NOTES

forming part of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Security Deposits	9.21	13.67
Contractually Reimbursable Expenses		
Considered Good	-	12.01
Considered Doubtful	52.61	162.62
Less: Allowance Doubtful For Loans And Advances	(52.61)	(162.62)
	-	12.01
	27,278.65	27,217.83
TOTAL OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS	51,204.66	52,914.31

*Refer Note 52,53,54,55 and 65

13 OTHER ASSETS

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Non-Current Assets		
Prepaid Expenses	90.41	86.77
Advance Income Tax (Net Of Provision)	10,268.33	10,947.46
Balances With Government Authorities	2,290.61	2,044.57
Advance For Lease	644.25	653.57
TOTAL	13,293.60	13,732.37
Current Assets		
Prepaid Expenses	1,191.17	1,320.55
Balances With Government Authorities	599.91	618.67
Advance Income Tax (Net Of Provision)	294.72	516.37
Capital Advances	3,000.00	3,000.00
Advance For Lease	12.37	15.42
Advance For Supply Of Goods And Services.		
Considered Good	2,096.80	3,084.06
Considered Doubtful	200.00	200.00
Less: Provision For Doubtful Advances	(200.00)	(200.00)
	2,096.80	3,084.06
TOTAL	7,194.97	8,555.07
TOTAL OTHER ASSETS	20,488.57	22,287.44

14 TRADE RECEIVABLES

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Current		
Unsecured		
Trade Receivable Considered Good	4,038.92	3,839.90
Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	2,116.95	2,315.84
Less: Allowance For Expected Credit Loss	(2,116.95)	(2,134.39)
	4,038.91	4,021.35
TOTAL TRADE RECEIVABLES	4,038.91	4,021.35

NOTES

forming part of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

Trade receivables ageing schedule for the year ended as on March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021:

PARTICULARS	Less than 6 Months	6 months to 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	514.64	32.33	-	-	3,491.94	4,038.91
	(321.22)	(26.74)	-	-	(3,491.94)	(3,839.90)
Undisputed Trade receivables – credit impaired	8.13	70.84	36.16	46.68	37.11	198.92
	(7.17)	(21.37)	(103.53)	(61.26)	(2,122.50)	(2,315.84)
Disputed Trade receivables – considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	1918.03	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	522.78	103.17	36.16	46.68	5,447.08	6,155.86
	(328.40)	(48.10)	(103.53)	(61.26)	(5,614.44)	(6,155.73)
Less: Allowance for credit loss	8.13	70.84	36.16	46.68	1,955.14	2,116.95
	(7.17)	(21.37)	(103.53)	(61.26)	(1,941.05)	(2,134.39)
Total Trade Receivables	514.64	32.33	-	-	3,491.94	4,038.91
	(321.22)	(26.74)	-	-	(3,673.39)	(4,021.35)

15 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Cash on hand	8.55	3.17
Bank Balances:		
In Current Accounts	1,360.76	1,739.25
In Deposit Accounts With Original Maturity Of Less Than 3 Months	21,811.56	14,639.81
In Earmarked Accounts		
In Current Accounts	20.59	71.94
TOTAL CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS	23,201.47	16,454.17

16 BANK BALANCES OTHER THAN (III) ABOVE

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
In Earmarked Accounts		
In Deposit Accounts With Original Maturity Of Less Than 3 Months	-	30.00
Unpaid Dividend Accounts	8.97	41.38
Other Bank Balances		
In Deposit Accounts with Original Maturity of More than 3 Months But Less than 12 Months	1,05,685.13	88,238.46
In Deposit Accounts with Original Maturity of More than 12 Months	3,666.78	17,668.12
TOTAL BANK BALANCES OTHER THAN (III) ABOVE	1,09,360.86	1,05,977.96

NOTES

forming part of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

17 EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

PARTICULARS	As at 31-03-2022		As at 31-03-2021	
	Number of shares	(₹ in lakhs)	Number of shares	(₹ in lakhs)
Authorised:				
Equity shares of ₹ 2/- each	15,00,00,000	3,000.00	15,00,00,000	3,000.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up:				
Equity shares of ₹ 2/- each	4,60,78,537	921.57	4,60,78,537	921.57

a. Reconciliation of Number of shares

PARTICULARS	As at 31-03-2022		As at 31-03-2021	
	Number of shares	(₹ in lakhs)	Number of shares	(₹ in lakhs)
Equity Shares				
Opening Balances	4,60,78,537	921.57	4,60,78,537	921.57
Changes during the period	-	-	-	-
Closing Balance	4,60,78,537	921.57	4,60,78,537	921.57

b. Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares:

The Parent company has only one class of shares referred to as equity shares having a par value of ₹ 2/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Parent company declares and pays dividend in Indian Rupees. The dividend recommended by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders at the ensuing annual general meeting, except in the case of interim dividend and appropriate judicial orders. In the event of liquidation of the Parent company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Parent company, after distribution of all preferential amounts in the proportion of equity shares held.

c. Details of equity shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% equity shares in the Company:

	As at 31-03-2022		As at 31-03-2021	
	Number of Equity Shares held	% Holding	Number of Equity Shares held	% Holding
La-fin Financial Services Private Limited	1,23,29,968	26.76	1,23,29,968	26.76
Jignesh P. Shah	65,36,728	14.19	65,36,728	14.19
Ravi Kanaiyalal Sheth	32,62,370	7.08	29,09,460	6.31

d. Details of equity shares held by promoters in the Company:

PARTICULARS	Number of Equity Shares held	% of total shares	% of Change during the year
La-Fin Financial Services Pvt Ltd	1,23,29,968	26.76	-
Jignesh P Shah *	65,36,728	14.19	-
Dewang Sunderraj Neralla	60,374	0.13	-
Rupal J Shah *	19,83,175	4.30	7.22
Mandar Neralla	1,364	0.00	-
Prakash B Shah	37,351	0.08	-
Manjay Prakash Shah	76,918	0.17	-
Manish P Shah**	-	-	(100.00)
Beena M Shah**	-	-	(100.00)
Nakshi M Shah**	-	-	(100.00)
TOTAL	2,10,25,878		

* includes shares held under multiple folios

** During the FY 2021-22, shares held by Mr. Manish shah, Mrs. Beena Shah & Ms. Nakshi shah were transferred to Mrs. Rupal Shah

NOTES

forming part of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

18 OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Non-Current		
Security Deposit	455.28	394.47
TOTAL	455.28	394.47
Current		
Unclaimed dividend *	8.97	41.38
Unpaid dividend (Refer Note 51)	6,911.78	5,990.21
Security deposits	51.16	-
Payable to employees and other contractual obligations	1,134.58	1,299.71
Advances from Members / Customer	6,468.92	6,507.22
Payables on purchase of fixed assets	7.91	-
Members Liabilities	4,007.11	4,007.11
Provision For CSR Related Expense	20.59	184.78
TOTAL	18,611.02	18,030.41
TOTAL OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	19,066.30	18,424.88

* No amount due and outstanding to be credited to investor Education and Protection Fund

19 PROVISIONS

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Non-Current		
Provision for employee benefits		
Compensated absences	712.01	636.38
Gratuity	107.13	201.94
TOTAL	819.14	838.32
Current		
Provision for employee benefits		
Compensated absences	453.17	318.64
Others	438.59	393.69
TOTAL	891.76	712.33
TOTAL PROVISION	1,710.90	1,550.65

20 TRADE PAYABLE

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Current		
Dues of micro and small enterprises	35.86	90.79
Dues to others	2,890.70	2,652.20
TOTAL TRADE PAYABLE	2,926.56	2,742.99

NOTES

forming part of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

Trade Payable ageing schedule for the year ended as on March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021:

PARTICULARS	Less than 6 Months	6 months to 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade payables – considered good	1,123.73	197.32	285.35	82.13	1,238.02	2,926.56
	(1,081.73)	(297.13)	(131.05)	(20.44)	(1,212.64)	(2,742.99)
Undisputed Trade payables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade payables – considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade payables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1,123.73	197.32	285.35	82.13	1,238.02	2,926.56
	(1,081.73)	(297.13)	(131.05)	(20.44)	(1,212.64)	(2,742.99)
Less: Allowance for credit loss	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Trade Payables	1,123.73	197.32	285.35	82.13	1,238.02	2,926.56
	(1,081.73)	(297.13)	(131.05)	(20.44)	(1,212.64)	(2,742.99)

Disclosures required under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006:

- An amount of ₹ 35.86 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 90.79 lakhs) and ₹ Nil lakhs (Previous Year ₹ Nil) was due and outstanding to suppliers as at the end of the accounting year on account of Principal and Interest respectively.
- No interest paid during the year.
- No interest is due and payable at the end of the year.
- No amount of interest accrued and unpaid at the end of the accounting year.

The above information regarding Micro and Small Enterprises has been determined to the extent replies to the Company's communication have been received from vendors/suppliers regarding their status under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

21 OTHER LIABILITIES

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Non-Current		
Other Payables:		
Income received in advance (Unearned revenue)	20.31	7.11
TOTAL	20.31	7.11
Current		
Other Payables:		
Income received in advance (Unearned revenue)	2,638.53	3,275.40
Statutory remittances	2,715.78	2,502.81
Advances from Members / Customer	-	16.46
Other Advances	2.78	166.58
TOTAL	5,357.09	5,961.25
TOTAL OTHER LIABILITIES	5,377.40	5,968.36

NOTES

forming part of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

22 REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Income from software products (IPR based license)	7,350.27	6,778.63
Income from software services (Project based)	8,514.52	8,972.51
Service charges	-	19.80
IT Infrastructure income	111.71	69.14
Other operating revenues		
Business support services	2.41	138.92
Income relating to NBFC activities	47.52	43.43
TOTAL REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS	16,026.43	16,022.43

Revenue disaggregation by geography is as follows:

(₹ in lakhs)

GEOGRAPHY	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
India	15,847.45	15,622.01
Others	178.98	400.42
	16,026.43	16,022.43

Geographical revenue is allocated based on the location of the customers

Changes in contract assets are as follows:

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Balance at the beginning of the year	308.10	396.12
Revenue recognised during the year	(12,720.61)	15,030.01
Invoices raised during the year	(16,403.58)	(15,118.03)
Balance at the end of the year	476.25	308.10

Changes in unearned and deferred revenue are as follows:

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Balance at the beginning of the year	3,282.50	2,389.10
Revenue recognised that was included in the unearned and deferred revenue at the beginning of the year	(2,984.45)	(1,969.78)
Increase due to invoicing during the year, excluding amounts recognised as revenue during the year	2,373.61	2,863.19
Balance at the end of the year	2,671.67	3,282.50

NOTES

forming part of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

23 OTHER INCOME

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Interest received on financial assets- Carried at amortised cost		
On bank deposits*	4,459.52	5,973.18
On Investments*	990.88	977.92
On income- tax refund	174.32	228.40
On Loans to employees*	4.11	9.05
On Others	41.67	252.27
	5,670.50	7,440.82
* Interest under effective interest method		
Dividend received on financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss	0.44	0.46
Gain / (Loss) on fair valuation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	513.82	760.61
Loss allowances / liabilities no longer required written back	77.56	14.70
Other non-operating income		
Rental income from properties [(Refer Note 33 (b))]	690.09	682.33
Exchange rate fluctuations (net)	4.44	51.86
Miscellaneous Income	3.22	186.88
TOTAL OTHER INCOME	6,960.07	9,137.66

24 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Salaries and wages	11,965.34	10,708.98
Contribution to provident fund and other funds (Refer Note 35)	494.94	466.70
Gratuity (Refer Note 35)	197.41	248.15
Staff welfare expenses	357.23	186.27
TOTAL EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE	13,014.92	11,610.10

25 FINANCE COSTS

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Interest expense on:		
Delayed payment of tax	39.94	40.08
Interest on lease rental assets	4.90	8.19
Others	2.46	4.28
TOTAL FINANCE COSTS	47.30	52.55

NOTES

forming part of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

26 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSE

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Depreciation of tangible assets	927.73	1,544.39
Depreciation of investment properties	210.06	210.07
Depreciation on lease property	17.22	51.63
Amortisation of intangible assets	93.90	95.07
TOTAL DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSE	1,248.90	1,901.16

27 OTHER EXPENSES

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Electricity	353.70	346.23
Rent including lease rentals	95.64	206.58
Repairs and maintenance	618.87	566.91
Security services charges	150.70	137.83
Office expenses	483.60	395.83
Insurance	19.06	21.66
Advertisement, Branding & Event Expenses	476.19	236.16
Travelling and conveyance	157.55	84.27
Communication expenses	341.53	248.19
Legal and professional charges (Refer No 33)	8,037.08	7,393.49
Software development expenses and license fees	1,046.78	887.18
Data feed expenses	822.65	850.00
Net loss on foreign currency transactions and translations	4.89	-
Loss on disposal / write off of fixed assets (net)	-	2.00
Expected credit loss on trade receivables	105.60	0.31
Bad trade receivables / advances written off	115.06	44.24
Less: Loss allowances made earlier	(93.96)	(17.58)
	21.10	26.66
CSR related Expenses	9.17	112.84
Miscellaneous expenses	1,930.74	1,258.63
TOTAL OTHER EXPENSES	14,674.86	12,774.77

28 EXCEPTIONAL ITEM

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Allowance for expected credit loss on Bonds / Debentures (Refer Note No 46)	(2,708.28)	(5,000.00)
Gain on deemed disposal of Investments in Associates (Refer Note No 41 (a))	1,332.87	-
TOTAL EXCEPTIONAL ITEM	(1,375.41)	(5,000.00)

NOTES

forming part of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

29 INCOME TAX & DEFERRED TAX

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
29.1 Income Tax recognised in Profit or loss:		
Current Tax		
In respect of the current year	243.89	313.45
In respect of earlier years	-	-
	243.89	313.45
Deferred Tax		
In respect of the current year		
Other items	(180.93)	(123.18)
TOTAL TAX EXPENSE RECOGNISED IN THE CURRENT YEAR RELATING TO CONTINUING OPERATIONS	62.95	190.27
29.2 Reconciliation of tax expense with the effective tax		
Profit before tax from continuing operations (a)	(7,374.89)	(6,178.49)
Income tax rate as applicable (b)	28.24%	28.24%
Calculated taxes based on above, without any adjustments for deductions [(a) x (b)]	(2,082.84)	(1,745.00)
Permanent tax differences due to:		
Effect of income that is exempt from taxation	(26.68)	(12.14)
Adjustments for income chargeable to tax at different rates	258.28	539.24
Effect of income chargeable to tax in different year as per tax provisions	55.68	32.61
Effect of provisions written back which are not taxable	-	-
Earlier years tax expense recognised / (reversed)	34.77	
Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	1,823.75	1,375.58
INCOME TAX EXPENSE RECOGNISED IN PROFIT OR LOSS (RELATING TO CONTINUING OPERATIONS)	62.95	190.27
29.3 Tax Losses & Tax credits		
(a) Tax losses		
Deferred tax asset not recognised :		
Unused tax losses (including capital gain losses)	9,083.61	3,818.22
Provision for subsidiaries	33,630.22	44,679.64
(b) Tax credits:		
Opening balance of MAT entitlement	8,621.15	8,989.33
Less: Utilised during the year	-	368.18
CLOSING MAT CREDIT BALANCE	8,621.15	8,621.15
29.4 Deferred tax liabilities / (assets)		
(a) The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to :		
Deferred income tax liabilities		
Property, plant and equipment	1,912.56	1,675.84
Gain / Loss on fair valuation of Financial Assets	0.40	22.73
TOTAL DEFERRED INCOME TAX LIABILITIES	1,912.96	1,698.57

NOTES

forming part of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Deferred income tax assets		
Loans and other receivables	915.20	908.71
Trade receivables	56.62	59.70
Provision for employees benefits	400.74	402.25
Right to use assets	0.50	1.20
Mat Credit	8,621.15	8,621.15
Tax losses	350.49	-
TOTAL DEFERRED INCOME TAX ASSETS	10,344.70	9,993.01
Deferred income tax liabilities/(assets) after set off	(8,431.74)	(8,294.44)
(b) Movement in deferred tax liabilities / (assets):		
Net deferred tax liabilities at the beginning	(8,294.44)	(8,202.65)
Charegd to profit or loss on account of:		
Property, plant and equipment	236.72	(6.89)
Fair valuation gain/(loss) on investments	(22.33)	21.53
Tax losses	(350.49)	-
Trade receivables	3.08	47.01
Right to use assets	0.70	-
Provision for employees benefits	(36.95)	(185.90)
Loans & other receivables	(6.49)	-
Recognised in Other Comprehensive Income:		
Employee benefit expenses	38.46	32.46
Net deferred tax liabilities/(assets) at the closing	(8,431.74)	(8,294.44)
29.5 Current tax liabilities / (assets)		
Current tax	(1,816.39)	(1,480.64)
TOTAL CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES / (ASSETS)	(1,816.39)	(1,480.64)

31 RATIO

The following are analytical ratios for the year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Numerator	Denominator	Year ended 31.03.2022	Year ended 31.03.2021	Variance	Reason for Variation
Current Ratio	Total Current Assets	Total Current Liabilities	7.01	6.49	8.07%	Not applicable
Return on Equity (ROE)	Net Profit as per P&L	Average Total Shareholder's Equity	(1.72%)	(2.04%)	(15.69%)	Not applicable
Net profit ratio	Net Profit as per P&L	Total Income as per P&L	(23.13%)	(25.16%)	(8.04%)	Not applicable
Return on capital employed (ROCE)	Earning before interest and taxes	Capital Employed	(2.37%)	(1.98%)	19.70%	The ratio is higher in CY due to increased expenses
Return on Investment(ROI)	Income generated from Investment	Time weighted average Investment	4.13%	5.64%	(26.64%)	Return on investment is lower in current year mainly due to reduction in bank deposit rates.

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PARTICULARS	Numerator	Denominator	Year ended 31.03.2022	Year ended 31.03.2021	Variance	Reason for Variation
Net capital turnover ratio	Revenue	Working Capital	0.10	0.11	(9.81%)	Not applicable
Debt – Equity Ratio	Total Debt (represents lease liabilities)	Shareholder's Equity	0.00	0.00	NA	Not applicable
Trade receivables turnover ratio	Revenue	Average Trade Receivable	3.69	3.98	(7.29%)	Not applicable
Trade payables turnover ratio	Purchases of services and other expenses	Average Trade Payables	1.89	1.55	21.94%	Not applicable
Debt service coverage ratio	Not applicable since Company has incurred losses in current and previous year					
Inventory turnover ratio	Not applicable as the Company has no inventory.					

31 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES & ASSETS AND COMMITMENTS (TO THE EXTENT NOT PROVIDED FOR):

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
(A) Contingent liabilities:		
1 Claims not acknowledged as debt		
(a) Income tax demands which are in appeal [(including adjustable against Securities Premium account ₹ 1,941.03 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 8,434.83 lakhs)] (refer note 67 (c) and 68 (b))	20,715.72	28,957.24
(b) MVAT, Service tax and excise dues contested by the Group. (refer note 67 (b))	1,758.40	1,551.63
(c) Sales tax demand of subsidiaries (refer note 68)	36,879.98	36,879.98
(d) Claim from buyers of shares in for third party claims (refer note 61 (ii) (d) and 67 (a))	186.12	144.00
(e) Refer Note 53,54,55 and 56 for the parent company and refer note 64,65,66,67,68 and 69 for NSEL and subsidiaries for pending writ petitions, public interest litigations, civil suits and First Information Report, impact of which is not ascertainable.		
Future cash outflows in respect of the above matters are determinable only on receipt of judgments / decisions pending at various forums / authorities.		
2 Corporate guarantees given by subsidiaries	3.90	3.90
(B) Capital and other commitments:		
1 Estimated amount of contracts to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net of advances)	1,390.19	2,952.02
2 Commitments relating to lease		
The Group has entered into various cancellable and non-cancellable operating lease agreements as a lessee for various premises ranging from 6 months to 60 months and may be renewed for further period based on mutual agreement of the parties.		
Future minimum lease payments		
Not later than one year	33.01	34.16
Later than one year and not later than five years	8.13	41.79
Later than five years	-	-
(C) Contingent Assets:		
1 Interest amount not recognised on the deposit with Hon'ble Bombay High Court (Refer Note 50)		

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32 EARNINGS PER SHARE IS CALCULATED AS FOLLOWS:

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
(a) Net Profit / (Loss) for the year (for basic and diluted EPS)	(5,317.34)	(6,344.44)
(b) Weighted average number of equity shares		
Basic	4,60,78,537	4,60,78,537
Diluted	4,60,78,537	4,60,78,537
(c) Basic earnings per share ₹	(11.54)	(13.77)
(d) Diluted earnings per share ₹	(11.54)	(13.77)
(e) Face value ₹ per share	2/-	2/-

33 LEGAL AND PROFESSIONAL CHARGES (REFER NOTE 27) INCLUDES PAYMENTS TO AUDITORS (EXCLUDING GST/ SERVICE TAX):

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
As auditors - statutory audit	62.38	61.61
For limited reviews	15.50	15.00
For taxation matters*	6.75	7.00
For other services*	6.91	6.44
Reimbursement of expenses	1.08	1.08
	92.62	91.12

*includes payment to group firm

34 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE**i Names of related parties and nature of relationship: (As per Ind-AS 24)****(a) Key Management Personnel (KMP)****Executive Directors:**

- 1 Mr. S. Rajendran : Managing director & CEO
- 2 Mr. Devendra Agrawal : Whole-time Director and Chief Financial Officer

Company Secretary:

- 1 Mr. Hariraj Chouhan

Non-executive Directors:

- 1 Mr. Venkat Chary (Retd. IAS)
- 2 Mr. A. Nagarajan (Retd. IAS) (upto September 22, 2021)
- 3 Justice Rajan Kochar (Retd.) (upto September 22, 2021)
- 4 Mr. Sunil Shah
- 5 Justice Deepak Verma (Retd.)
- 6 Ms. Chitkala Zutshi (Retd. IAS)
- 7 Mr. Suresh Salvi (Retd. IAS)
- 8 Mr. Kanekal Chandrasekhar
- 9 Mr. Devender Singh Rawat

Nominee Directors :**

- 1 Mrs. Malini Vijay Shankar
- 2 Mr. Satyananda Mishra
- 3 Mr. Parveen Kumar Gupta

** Nominee Directors appointed by Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide its order dated 16th March 2020, based on NCLAT order dated 12th March 2020. The Company has challenged the order dated 12th March 2020, before the Hon'ble Supreme Court for stay of the order passed by MCA. The Hon'ble Supreme Court vide its order dated 9th March 2022, has stayed NCLAT order and consequently MCA order dated 16th March 2020, remain stayed.

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(b) Individuals / Entity owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power that gives control or significant influence.

- 1 La-fin Financial Services Pvt. Limited (La-fin)
- 2 Mr. Jignesh Shah

(c) Associate

NTT Data Payment Services India Limited (formerly known as atom technologies limited (atom))

II Transactions with related parties

(a) Transactions with Key Managerial Personnel (KMP), relatives of KMP and Entity over which KMP and relative of KMP can exercise significant influence:

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year ended 31.03.2022	Year ended 31.03.2021
a) Key Managerial Personnel (Executive directors)		
Remuneration		
Short-term employee benefits	290.13	290.95
Post-employment benefits*	-	-
Other long-term benefits*	-	-
Share-based payments	-	-
* post employment benefits are actuarially determined on overall basis and hence not separately provided		
b) Key Management Personnel (Non-executive directors)		
Director Sitting Fees & commission	63.75	63.00
Consultancy Fees - Devendra Singh Rawat	21.60	21.60
Consultancy Fees - Sunil Shah	21.60	21.60

(b) Transactions with Individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power that gives control or significant influence, and relatives of any such individuals

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year ended 31.03.2022	Year ended 31.03.2021
Consultancy Fees*	297.50	272.50

* Amount paid to Mr. Jignesh Shah for providing strategic inputs in relation to ongoing legal matters and mentoring company's future vision.

(c) Transactions with Associate company.

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year ended 31.03.2022	Year ended 31.03.2021
1 Other Operating revenue		
Business Support Services	-	148.93
2 Rental income from operating leases	-	37.10
3 Recoveries charged by the company towards expenses	-	18.85
4 Trade Receivables as at end of year	-	10.03
5 Rent receivable	-	-
6 Other receivables as at end of year	-	0.85

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35 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

Defined contribution plans: Amount recognised as expenses towards contribution to provident fund, employees state insurance corporation and other funds are ₹ 341.57 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 335.68 lakhs)

Post employment defined benefit plans:

Gratuity Plan: The Company makes annual contributions to the Employee's Group Gratuity Assurance Scheme administered by the Life Insurance Corporation of India ('LIC'), a funded defined benefit plan for qualifying employees. The scheme provides for lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death while in employment or on termination of employment of an amount equivalent to fifteen days salary payable for each completed year of service or part thereof in excess of six months. Vesting occurs on completion of five years of service.

The following table sets out the status of the gratuity plan as required under Ind AS -19 :

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
I. Change in benefit obligation:		
Projected benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	2,544.69	2,465.51
Interest Cost	164.83	161.73
Current Service Cost	207.73	234.87
Benefits Paid	(206.99)	(160.98)
Actuarial loss / (gain) on obligations	(57.09)	(156.45)
Projected benefit obligation at the end of the year	2,653.17	2,544.69
II. Change in plan assets		
Fair Value of the plan asset at beginning of the year	1,921.39	1,799.84
Expected return on plan assets	124.80	120.14
Contributions	211.74	158.91
Benefits paid	(206.98)	(138.41)
Cost of plan amendment / Liability Transfer In	-	-
Actuarial gain on plan assets	19.03	(19.10)
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	2,069.99	1,921.39
Excess of obligation over plan assets	583.19	623.30
III. Gratuity expense for the year		
Current service cost	207.73	234.87
Interest cost	164.83	155.51
Expected return on plan assets	(124.80)	(113.92)
Net actuarial (gain) / loss recognized	(198.63)	(137.35)
TOTAL	49.13	139.10
IV. Actual return on plan assets	143.83	101.04
V. Category of Assets as at end of the year		
Insurer Managed Funds	2,069.99	1,921.39
Fund is managed by LIC of India as per IRDA guidelines, category wise composition of planned asset is not available	-	-
TOTAL	2,069.99	1,921.39
VI. Assumptions		
Discount rate	7.76%	7.76%
Salary escalation rate	7.50%	7.50%
Expected rate of return on plan assets	7.76%	7.76%

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VII. Experience adjustments	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Defined benefit obligation	2,653.17	2,544.69	2,465.51	2,064.00	1,869.36
Fair value of planned assets	2,069.99	1,921.39	1,799.84	1,582.19	1,511.76
Surplus / deficit	583.19	623.30	665.67	481.19	357.60
Experience adjustment on plan liabilities [(Gain)/ Loss]	(57.09)	(156.45)	201.73	4,504.00	(97.65)
Experience adjustment on plan assets [Gain/(Loss)]	19.03	(19.10)	(18.55)	(13.98)	(8.14)

Expected rate of return on plan assets is based on expectation of the average long term rate of return expected to prevail over the estimated term of the obligation on the type of the investments assumed to be held by LIC, since the fund is managed by LIC.

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, takes into account inflation, seniority, promotions and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

Expected contribution of ₹ 337.92 lakhs to the plan assets during financial year 2022-23

36 SEGMENT REPORTING

The Group has identified Business segments as its primary segment and Geographical segments as its secondary segment taking into account the nature of services, differing risks and returns, the organizational structure and the internal reporting system of the Group. Inter-company transfers are accounted for at market /negotiated prices in case of transactions of special nature for which suitable alternative sources do not exist.

Revenues and direct expenses in relation to segments are categorized based on items that are individually identifiable to that segment or those which can be reasonably allocated to the segment. Depreciation and other expenses which relate to the group as a whole and which cannot be reasonably allocated to any segment have been disclosed as unallocated expenses.

a) Primary segment: Business segments

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	STP Technologies / solutions	Others	Elimination	Total
External revenue	15,517.79	508.63	-	16,026.42
	(15,442.40)	(580.03)	-	(16,022.43)
Inter-segment revenue	168.60	1.20	169.80	-
	(142.61)	(1.20)	(143.81)	-
Net Sales / Income from operations	15,686.39	509.83	169.79	16,026.42
	(15,585.01)	(581.23)	(143.81)	(16,022.43)
Segment result	4,806.35	(2,650.33)	(64.50)	2,220.52
	(6,581.79)	(1,775.860)	(280.22)	(5,086.15)
Add: Unallocable income				1,289.58
				(1,696.85)
Less: Unallocable expenses				15,132.78
				(15,349.76)
Less: Finance costs				47.30
				(52.55)
Add: Interest Income				5,670.50
				(7,440.82)
Less: Exceptional Item				(1,375.41)
				(5,000.00)
Profit / (Loss) before tax				(7,374.89)
				(-6,178.49)
Less: Provision for taxation (including taxes in respect of earlier years and tax effect on exceptional item)				62.96
				(190.27)
Profit / (Loss) after tax before share of results of associates and minority interest				(7,437.85)
				(6,368.76)

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Notes:

1. Due to diversified nature of business, significant portion of assets are interchangeably used between segments and the management believes that its segregation will not be meaningful.
2. The reportable segments are described as follows :
 - a) STP Technologies/solutions segment represents straight through processing solutions and includes an integrated mix of various products, projects and services incidental thereto. Exchange Based segment represents trading platform for multi asset class like commodity, equity, equity derivatives and forex based derivatives etc.
 - b) The businesses, which are not reportable segments during the year, have been grouped under the "Others" segment. This mainly comprises of various services towards trading, procurement, process management, risk consultancy activities, Shared Business Support Services, IT Infrastructure Sharing, NBFC related activities, internet telecommunication services and Training, Certification and Franchise Fees.
3. Previous year figures are given in brackets and are regrouped to confirm to current year's classification and segment loss is indicated by '-ve sign.

b) Secondary Segment: Geographical segments:

The Group has two geographical segments viz, within India and outside India. Significant portion of segment operational assets are in India. Revenue from geographical segments based on domicile of the customers is outlined below:

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year ended 31.03.2022	Year ended 31.03.2021
Net Revenue / Income from Operations		
Within India	15,847.45	15,622.01
Outside India	178.98	400.42
	16,026.43	16,022.43

- 37 The aggregate amount of revenue expenditure incurred during the year on Research and Development and shown in the respective heads of the account is ₹ 1294.77 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 1560.12 lakhs).

38 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments by category

The carrying value and fair value of financial instruments by categories as at March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 as follows:

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Amortised Cost / Cost	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Fair Value / Carrying Value
As at 31.03.2022				
Financial Assets :				
Investments				
In Equity Instruments of Others	-	-	8,858.99	8,858.99
In Government And Trust Securities In Bonds	-	-	7.24	7.24
In Bonds	59,432.11	-	-	58,649.27
In Mutual Funds	-	-	10,555.90	10,555.90
Cash and cash equivalents	23,201.47	-	-	23,201.47
Bank balances other than (iii) above	109,360.86	-	-	109,360.86
Trade receivables	4,038.91	-	-	4,038.91
Loans	485.81	-	-	485.81
Other financial assets	51,204.66			51,204.66
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS	247,723.82		19,422.14	266,363.13
Financial liabilities				
Trade payables	2,926.56	-	-	2,926.56
Other financial liabilities	19,066.30	-	-	19,066.30
TOTAL FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	21,992.86	-	-	21,992.86

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(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Amortised Cost / Cost	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Fair Value / Carrying Value
As at 31.03.2021				
Financial Assets :				
Investments				
In Equity Instruments of Others	-	-	6,477.16	6,477.16
In Government And Trust Securities	-	-	7.55	7.55
In Bonds	68,675.11	-	-	69,011.29
In Mutual Funds	-		10,752.76	10,752.76
Cash and cash equivalents	16,454.17	-	-	16,454.17
Bank balances other than (iii) above	105,977.96	-	-	105,977.96
Trade receivables	4,021.35	-	-	4,021.35
Loans	548.66	-	-	548.66
Other financial assets	52,914.31	-	-	52,914.31
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS	248,591.55	-	17,237.48	266,165.21
Financial liabilities				
Trade payables	2,742.99	-	-	2,742.99
Other financial liabilities	18,474.47	-	-	18,474.47
TOTAL FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	21,217.46	-	-	21,217.46

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole. The fair value hierarchy is described as under:

- Level 1 hierarchy includes methods and input that use active quoted prices depending upon type of instrument. Management has used closing prices and values of closing NAV's as applicable in case of financial instruments covered under this level.
- Under level 2 the fair value of the financial instruments that are not traded in any active market are determined using appropriate valuation techniques with the use of observable market data without relying much on the estimates that are entity specific. The inputs under this level are always observable.
- In case of level 3 if one or more of the significant inputs are not derived on the basis of observable market data then fair value estimations derived with such inputs are included in level 3.
- The Company follows a policy to recognise transfers between the levels only at the end of reporting period and accordingly there are no transfers between levels during the year.

The information based on the above levels is tabulated here below:

Fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Fair value measurement at end of the reporting period/year using		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
As at 31.03.2022			
Assets at fair Value :			
In mutual funds	10,555.90	-	-
In equity instruments of others	-	-	8,858.99
In government and trust securities	-	-	7.24
Liabilities at fair Value :	-	-	-

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PARTICULARS	Fair value measurement at end of the reporting period/year using		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
As at 31.03.2021			
Assets at fair Value:			
In mutual funds	10,752.76	-	-
In equity instruments of others	-	-	6,477.16
In government and trust securities	-	-	7.55
Liabilities at fair Value:	-	-	-

Fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed:

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Fair Value amount	Fair Value		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
As at 31.03.2022				
In Bonds	58,649.27	-	-	58,649.27
As at 31.03.2021				
In Bonds	69,011.29	-	-	69,011.29

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurement is as follows:

(₹ in lakhs)

	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
In equity instruments of other than Associate		
Balance at the beginning of the year	1774.04	945.38
Purchase/ reclassified during the period	-	805.72
Gain on Fair Valuation of Financial Assets	-	22.94
Impairment during the year	(7.72)	-
Sale/ Settlement during the year	(814.32)	-
Balance at the end of the year	952.00	1774.04
In government and trust securities:		
Balance at the beginning of the year	7.55	9.08
Purchase during the period	-	-
Impairment during the year	-	-
Sale/ Settlement during the year	(0.31)	(1.53)
Balance at the end of the year	7.24	7.55

Calculation of fair values:

The fair values of Investments in mutual funds are based on Net Asset Values (NAV) published by fund houses and uploaded on Association of Mutual Funds of India (AMFI)'s website. The unlisted equity shares are fair valued on the basis of latest available financial statements of the companies. The securities which are listed but not frequently traded are fair valued based on the estimated rate as per prevailing market condition as on reporting date as received from market intermediary. Trust securities are fair valued based on latest available Net Asset Value report from the trustee company.

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Income, expenses, gains of losses on financial instruments:

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year ended 31.03.2022	Year ended 31.03.2021
Financial assets carried at amortised cost		
Interest income	990.88	977.92
Loss allowance on trade receivable no longer required, written back	77.56	14.70
Impairment of financial assets at amortised cost	(2,708.28)	(5,000.00)
Bad trade receivable / advances written off	21.10	26.66
Loss on reclassification of financial assets from amortised cost to fair value included in Other Comprehensive Income	0.01	-
Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss		
Dividend	0.44	0.46
Gain / (loss) on fair valuation	513.82	760.61
Financial liabilities carried at amortised cost		
Interest expenses	47.30	52.55
Net loss on foreign currency translations	4.89	-

39 RISK MANAGEMENT

Credit risk management

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers and investment securities.

Trade receivables

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. Credit risk is managed through credit approvals of customers to which the Group grants credit terms in the normal course of business and their past transactions. Impairment losses in respect of trade receivables are assessed at party level on each reporting date. The Group establishes an expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on historical trends.

Financial instruments and bank balances:

The Group limits its exposure to credit risk by generally investing in securities with a good credit rating. The credit rating is being reviewed by the Group periodically. Balances with banks are subject to low credit risks due to good credit ratings assigned to these bank.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. Typically the Company ensures that it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational expenses, servicing of financial obligations.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities as at March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021:

As at 31.03.2022	(₹ in lakhs)
Period (in days)	Trade Payables
Upto 180 days	1,123.73
181 – 365 days	197.32
More than 365 days	1,605.51
As at 31.03.2021	(₹ in lakhs)
Period (in days)	Trade Payables
Upto 180 days	922.24
181 – 365 days	119.31
More than 365 days	1,701.44

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Foreign Currency risk

The Group's exchange risk arises primarily from its foreign currency borrowings, and balances in overseas bank accounts (in U.S. dollars). The exchange rate between the Indian rupee and US dollars has changed substantially in recent periods and may continue to fluctuate in the future.

As at March 31, 2022, the net unhedged exposure to the Group on holding financial assets (trade receivable and capital advances) and liabilities (trade payables and capital creditors) other than in their functional currency amounted to rupees ₹ NIL payable (March 31, 2021 ₹ NIL).

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates was related primarily to the Group's debt obligations with floating interest rates. To mitigate the interest rate risk, the Group had entered into interest rate swap contracts for covering partial borrowing to fixed rate of interest from floating rate. Group investments in bank deposits are normally for one year fixed rate interest and hence subject to repricing risk on maturity.

Price Risk

The Group is mainly exposed to the price risk due to its investment in debt mutual funds. The price risk arises due to uncertainties about the future market values of these investments.

The Group has laid policies and guidelines which it adheres to in order to minimise price risk arising from investments in debt mutual funds.

- 40 The Group has considered internal and external sources of information up to the date signing of these financial statement in evaluating the possible effects that may results from the pandemic relating to COVID-19 on the carrying amounts of trade and unbilled receivable, contract assets and contract cost and intangible assets and certain investment. The Group has applied prudence in arriving at the estimate and assumptions and performed sensitivity analysis on the assumptions used. The Group continue to closely monitor any material changes to future economic condition and is confident about the recoverability of these assets.
- 41 (a) During the year, Associate company NTT Data Payment Services India Limited (formerly known as atom technologies limited (atom), has issued additional share capital at premium on account of which holding in an Associate of the Parent Company is reduced from 36.28% to 29.15% resulting of profit of ₹ 1,332.87 lakhs, which are included under exceptional items as Gain on deemed disposal of Investments in Associates.
- (b) During the year, TPIL a subsidiary of Parent Company, has issued additional share capital at premium on account of which holding in an TPIL is reduced from 100% to 77.51%, resulting in transfer of proportionate retained earnings to Non-controlling Interest is shown in Statement on Change in Equity.
- 42 During the Previous year, three of the subsidiaries viz. IBS, CMSL, Riskraft has initiated voluntary liquidation of under the section 59 of The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code 2016. The financial statements of these subsidiary companies are consolidated on a line-by-line basis till December 31, 2020. The investment in these subsidiaries had been reclassified from Investment in equity instrument of subsidiaries to Equity Instruments of Others carried at fair value through Profit and loss account under current investment and any gain / loss on fair valuation on reporting date is charged to statement of profit and loss. During the year amount of ₹ 814.32 lakhs are received towards interim payment to shareholders.
- 43 The Group has a total MAT credit entitlement of ₹ 8,621.15 lakhs as at March 31, 2022. The management of the Group is confident that the Group will be able to utilize unexpired MAT entitlement in future projected years.
- 44 The Details of corporate social responsibility as prescribed under section 135 of Companies Act 2013 are as follows:

(₹ in lakhs)			
Sr. No.	PARTICULARS	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
I	Amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	4.73	112.84
II	Amount spent during the year		
	i) Construction / acquisition of any assets	-	-
	ii) For the purpose of the other than (i) above	9.17	112.84
III	Shortfall at the end of the year	Nil	Nil
IV	Total previous year shortfall	Nil	Nil
V	Reason for shortfall	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

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- VI Nature of CSR activities includes promoting education, including special education and employment enhancing vocation skills, rural development.
- VII Above includes ₹20.59 lakhs of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) expense related to ongoing projects as at March 31, 2022 (March 31, 2021: ₹ 184.78 lakhs). The same was transferred to special account designated as "Unspent Corporate social Responsibility Account for the Financial Year 21-22" of the Company within 30 days from end of Financial Year.
45. The parent Company has investments of ₹ 20,000 Lakhs (face value) in Secured Non-Convertible Debentures issued by IL&FS Transportation Networks Ltd (ITNL) (subsidiary of Infrastructure Leasing & Finance Ltd – IL&FS) which were rated "A" by the rating agencies and secured by way of charge on certain assets of ITNL. In earlier years, ITNL has defaulted in payment of interest and rating agencies have revised the credit ratings to the lowest category 'D' i.e. default. National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai (NCLT) has superseded the board of IL&FS and appointed Govt. nominees. Resolution process has been initiated under Companies Act under the supervision of National Company Law Appellate Tribunal (NCLAT), in addition to various investigations and legal proceedings. The Company has filed its claim and also taken various measures including filing legal cases against specified parties at appropriate forum. The outcomes of legal matters are pending. Since these matters are pending at various stage of adjudication and considering the uncertainties, the parent Company is unable to quantify the impact of these investments. The Parent Company has impaired the investment for the expected credit loss by ₹ 7,500 lakhs till 31.03 2021. The Parent Company has filed civil suit before Hon'ble Bombay High Court against the Promoter, directors, KMP of ITNL & others for compensation.
46. The parent Company has investments of ₹ 20,000 Lakhs (face value) Secured Redeemable, Non- Convertible Debentures of Dewan Housing Finance Corporation Ltd (DHFL) which were rated AAA by the rating agencies and secured by way of floating charge on receivables. In earlier year, after default by DHFL, RBI filed corporate insolvency resolution process (CIRP) against DHFL in NCLT, Mumbai and also appointed Administrator. The Parent Company has filed its claim and also taken various legal measures against specified parties at appropriate forum. The Committee of Creditors (CoC) of DHFL proceeded to implement the resolution plan as approved by Hon. NCLT. As per "distribution mechanism amongst Creditors of DHFL" approved in 18th COC meeting, the Parent Company has received payout of ₹ 4,395.28 lakhs and 6.75% Non convertible Debentures of Piramal Capital & Housing Finance Ltd amounting to ₹ 5,287.82 lakhs during the previous quarters. Without prejudice to its rights, the Parent Company has made additional provision of ₹ 2,708.28 lakhs against the same during the previous quarter and continue to pursue legal remedies available to recover its dues. The Parent Company had filed Interim Application before NCLT Mumbai with a prayer that recoveries of avoidance application filed by DHFL Administrator, shall be the sole benefit of the creditor of DHFL. The said Interim Application was rejected by the NCLT Mumbai vide order dated June 07, 2021. However, in appeal challenging the said order, the Hon'ble NCLAT vide its Judgment dated January 27, 2022, allowed the Parent Company Appeal and further directed that Resolution Plan be sent back to the CoC for reconsideration on this aspect. Piramal Capital & Housing Finance Ltd and CoC filed appeal before the Hon'ble Supreme Court against the NCLAT Order, wherein Hon'ble Supreme Court stayed the said NCLAT order.
47. The Parent Company has investments in 9% Yes Bank Perpetual Additional Tier I (AT-1) Bonds amounting to ₹ 30,000 Lakhs (face value) which was rated AA by the rating agencies. On March 6, 2020, the Central Government announced draft scheme of reconstruction of Yes Bank Ltd. (YBL), which inter alia included proposal for complete written down of AT-1 Bonds permanently. On March 13, 2020, the government notified the final scheme as YES Bank Reconstruction Scheme 2020. ("Final Reconstruction Scheme"). The Final Reconstruction Scheme had excluded the writing off AT-1 bonds and it carried clause that all contracts, deeds, bonds, etc., shall be effective to the extent and in the same manner, as was applicable before such commencement. However, on March 14, 2020, Yes Bank through Administrator informed the stock exchanges that the Perpetual Subordinated Basel III Compliant Additional Tier I Bonds issued by the Yes Bank for an amount of ₹ 8,415 crores need to be fully written down permanently and stand extinguished with immediate effect. Trustees of the issue and the parent Company have taken legal recourse to this action of the Yes bank. In the opinion of the parent Company, action of the Administrator of the Yes bank in writing down the bond is illegal and hopeful that the amount will be recovered fully once the matter is legally decided in appropriate courts.
48. The Subsidiary Company viz. NSEL carry out the activities of procurement and/or processing of commodities on behalf of principal. The risk and rewards to the companies are operational, executional and incidental to the activities of procurement. During the current year and previous year no activities were carried out on behalf of principal by NSEL.
49. The writ petition filed by the Parent Company challenging the legality and propriety of the Forward Markets Commission's ('FMC') order on the Company inter alia declaring "not a fit & proper person" is pending for hearing before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court. Solely based on FMC order, SEBI and CERC declared the Parent Company as not a fit and proper person to hold shares in recognized stock exchanges and power exchanges respectively. The Parent Company has filed civil appeals before Hon'ble Supreme Court challenging the CERC order, same is pending for hearing before the Hon'ble Supreme Court.

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50. The Parent Company has challenged EOW letter dated February 28, 2015 before Hon'ble Bombay High Court wherein Hon'ble Bombay High Court by its order dated June 12, 2015 granted a stay to EOW letter dated February 28, 2015 on the condition that the Parent Company shall deposit ₹ 8400.00 lakhs from the sale proceeds of IEX within four weeks from completion of sale of IEX. Accordingly, the Parent Company has deposited ₹ 8400.00 lakhs with the Registrar, Criminal Appellate Side, High Court, Bombay. The aforesaid writ petition was disposed of in view of Hon'ble Bombay High Court judgment dated August 08, 2019 holding that NSEL is not financial establishment.
51. Hon'ble Bombay High Court passed an ad interim order inter alia restraining the Parent Company from distributing any dividend or depositing the same in the dividend distribution account in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 (to be read as Companies Act, 2013) pending the final hearing and disposal of the Notice of Motion. This Notice of Motion was filed in one of the suits relating to NSEL counterparty defaults. In compliance to the said order, the Parent Company has not distributed the final dividend for the financial year 2014-15 @ ₹ 5/- per share amounting to ₹ 2,303.93 lakhs, to the shareholders pursuant to the directions of the Hon'ble Bombay High Court and hence is not in default in compliance with the statutory provisions under the Companies Act, 2013. Further, the shareholders of the Parent Company have approved final dividend for year 2016-17, 2017-18, 2018-19, 2019-20 and 2020-21 @ ₹ 2/- per share for each year, aggregating to ₹ 4,607.85 lakhs, subject to appropriate judicial order which is also pending for distribution to the shareholders due to aforesaid restrictions. All the Notice of Motions and the Contempt Petitions filed against the Parent Company have been tagged together and pending for hearing. The Parent Company has complied with Sec 123 of Companies Act 2013 to the extent applicable.
52. The Union of India, through the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA"), has filed the Company Petition before the Company Law Board, inter-alia seeking removal and supersession of the Board of Directors of the Parent Company. The NCLT has as interim arrangement with consent formed a committee for certain matters. In Appeal, NCLT dismissed the prayer of MCA for removal and supersession of the entire Board of the Parent Company and ordered MCA to nominate three directors on the board of the Parent Company. The NCLAT was pleased to uphold the NCLT Order. The Parent Company has filed civil appeal before Hon'ble Supreme Court challenging the orders passed by NCLAT & NCLT wherein in interim Hon'ble Supreme Court granted stay on appointment of director on the Parent Company, the said is pending for hearing.
- 53 a) Post July-2013, civil suits have been filed against the Parent Company in relation to the counter party payment default occurred on the exchange platform of NSEL, wherein the Parent Company has been made a party. In these proceedings certain reliefs have been claimed against the Parent Company, inter-alia, on the ground that the Parent Company is the holding company of NSEL. These matters are pending before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court for adjudication. The Parent Company has denied all the claims and contentions in its reply. There is no privity of contract between the Parent Company and the Plaintiffs therein. The management is of the view that the parties who have filed the Civil Suits would not be able to sustain any claim against the Parent Company. These matters are pending for hearing before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court.
- b) First Information Reports (FIRs) have been registered against various parties, including the Parent company, with the Economic Offences Wing, Mumbai (EOW) and Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI) in connection with the counter party payment default on NSEL trading platform. After investigation, EOW, Mumbai has presently filed various charge-sheets in the matter. The Parent company has been named in the charge sheet filed in December 2018. CBI has filed charge-sheets including against the Company for alleged loss caused to PEC Ltd. & MMTC Ltd. on NSEL platform and the case is pending for trial before respective Trial Courts.
- c) The CBI - EOW, has registered an FIR alleging conspiracy between the private persons and SEBI official for granting renewal of stock exchange license to MCX Stock Exchange Ltd. by SEBI. Also, CBI-EOW, has registered FIR alleging that certain officials of FMC, SEBI and other for giving illegal benefits to Multi Commodity Exchange of India Ltd. (MCX) and allowing MCX trading as commodity exchange. The investigation in both cases is pending.
- d) The SFIO has filed complaint with the Hon'ble Sessions Court under various sections of IPC and Companies Act 2013 against several persons/entities including the Parent Company. The Parent Company has challenged the issuance of process order before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court and the proceedings in the matter has been stayed by the Hon'ble High Court. The matter is pending for hearing before Hon'ble Bombay High Court.
54. The Parent Company had filed the Writ Petitions before the Bombay High Court challenging inter alia, the provisions of the MPID Act are violative of the Constitution and the validity of various notifications and corrigendum attaching the assets of the Parent Company under the provisions of the MPID Act. The Hon'ble Bombay High Court pleased to quash and set aside the said impugned Notifications. The State of Maharashtra and NIAG have challenged the said Judgement before Hon'ble Supreme Court. Hon'ble Supreme Court has set aside the High Court order and held that all the notifications issued under MPID Act are valid.

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55. The Enforcement Directorate('ED') has attached certain assets of the Parent Company under the provisions of the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002(PMLA). The three Provisional Attachments Orders had been confirmed by the Adjudicating Authority. The Hon'ble Appellate Tribunal quashed the provisional attachment orders and imposed conditions with regard to the Parent Company. The Parent Company has filed the appeal before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court for the limited purpose for challenging the conditions put by the Hon'ble Appellate Tribunal. The Hon'ble Court was pleased to admit the appeal and clarified that the later part of the impugned order shall not govern the Parent Company. ED has also filed cross appeal, which is tagged with the Parent Company's appeal. The matters are pending for hearing. Meanwhile, ED filed a prosecution complaint before the Spl. PMLA Court, Mumbai against the Parent Company and the same is pending for trial.
56. Modulus Financial Engineering filed a copyright infringement suit against the Parent Company claiming that the Parent Company had breached the license granted by Modulus to the Parent Company in the use of its ODIN software. The Parent Company has denied all these claims in its reply and written statement. The Notice of Motion seeking interim relief against the Parent Company has been disposed of by a consent order. The suit is pending for final hearing and disposal.

Various updates and relevant notes relating to NSEL and its subsidiary companies: (Note No 57 to 73)

57 SETTLEMENT GUARANTEE FUND

- (i) SGF-MC balance as at March 31, 2022

NSEL has a separate Settlement Guarantee Fund, which is created out of Members' Contribution (SGF-MC) in respect of the activities carried out on the spot trading in various contracts on Exchange. The members are required to contribute to the fund in the form of security deposit and interest free margin money in the form of cash and non-cash, which forms part of the SGF-MC. The margin money was refundable, subject to adjustments, if any and exposure of members. The cash margin money forming part of SGF-MC was ₹ 3,746.09 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 3,746.09 lakhs) (included in other current liabilities). NSEL had also collected non cash portion of the SGF-MC comprising of collaterals such as bank guarantees, securities and fixed deposits receipts received from the members and the same was refunded to the members. Balance was such non cash margin with NSEL as at March 31,2022 was amounting to ₹ Nil (Previous year ₹ Nil).

The composition of SGF-MC as on March 31, 2022 was as under.

	(₹ in lakhs)	
	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
INITIAL MARGIN		
Cash Margin	3,746.09	3,746.09
Non-Cash Margin - FDR	-	-
Non-Cash Margin - Bank Guarantee	-	-
TOTAL	3,746.09	3,746.09

It's a Practice in India among the Stock and Commodity Exchanges that SGF-MC consists of aforesaid two components viz. cash and non-cash, collected from the members as security deposit and margin money. Cash Component shall form part of liabilities in Balance Sheet. Non-cash component is disclosed by way of "Notes to Accounts."

- (ii) The SGF-MC currently shows a net outstanding amount of ₹ 3,746.09 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 3,746.09 lakhs) which is pertaining to the existing non-defaulting clearing Members. While the exchange has taken many legal, regulatory and commercial measures against the defaulters, it is not clear how much money would be eventually recovered and by when, as the entire process is sub-judice. In case the Exchange fails to secure the balance money or there is undue delay in recovery then the exchange would as per the bye laws call for the balance amount as may be considered appropriate to be recovered from all the non-defaulting clearing members as per its bye law number 12.9.2 and 12.10 besides other applicable bye laws for settlement of claims. However, this decision would be taken post the adjudication of pending legal cases wherein this subject matter is being adjudicated or at an appropriate time when considered suitable by NSEL.

58 IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSET

In case of NSEL, it had utilized its own funds to the extent of ₹ 24,356.95 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 24,372.92 lakhs) (in fulfilling settlement obligation of its Members. These amounts are receivable from the Defaulting Members and therefore the amounts are appearing under "Other Financial Assets as "other receivable".

NSEL is perusing recovery from defaulting members. NSEL has secured decrees /Orders/ Arbitration Award worth ₹ 3,534.46 Crores (Previous year ₹ 3,365.00 Crores) and has initiated execution proceedings against the Defaulting members to recover Decretal amounts and further expects to recover full money from defaulting members. NSEL is hopeful that it will recover full amount. Accordingly, provision for impairment of Financial Asset related to above receivables is not made.

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59 MATTERS PERTAINING TO SETTLEMENT DEFAULT AND RECOVERIES IN CASE OF NSEL:

- a) The entire liability of ₹ 5,600 crores and the money trail has already been established by almost all the investigating agencies including Economic Offences Wing, Mumbai, Serious Fraud Investigation Office, and the Enforcement Directorate to the Defaulters Members.
- b) Further, the applicability of MPID on the Parent Company and NSEL was challenged by the Parent Company. The Hon'ble High Court of Bombay vide Order pronounced on August 22, 2019 was pleased to declare that NSEL is not a financial establishment under the MPID Act. The said order dated August 22, 2019 is challenged by the State of Maharashtra before the Apex Court. The Hon'ble Supreme Court has set aside the order of the Bombay High Court.
- c) Further, the Enforcement Directorate ("ED") commenced investigation under the Prevention of Money laundering Act, 2002 ("PMLA") by registering ECIR no. 14/MZO/2013 on October 14, 2013. After a comprehensive investigation of about one and half years, the ED filed a prosecution complaint dated March 30, 2015 before the Ld. PMLA Court, Mumbai, arraying 68 individuals and entities as accused. The said prosecution complaint covers 14 Defaulters and provides detailed money trail against them and their associated persons/entities. Thereafter, ED filed Four supplementary complaints in the years 2016 2018 and 2020. The Learned Special PMLA Court has taken cognizance of the complaints and the matter is pending before the Special PMLA Court. ED has traced money trail to the 14 defaulter members and have also attached their assets.
- d) CBI has in MMTC and PEC matter already filed two charge sheets in Special CBI Court, Mumbai which are registered as special CBI case no. 62 of 2016 and 34 of 2017 and matter is pending before the Special CBI Court. Further on 26th February 2021, additional documents were file in special CBI case CBI case no. 62 of 2016 and both matters are pending before the Special CBI Court for draft charges.
- e) NSEL has filed two Miscellaneous Applications before Principal Judge, City Civil and Session Court, Mumbai seeking transfer of all MPID and PMLA Complaints from Court No. 25 (Designated Court for NSEL MPID and ED matters) to Court No. 51 (Designated Court for CBI matters). In the above Said MA's CBI, ED, and EOW have filed their replies and the matter is kept for hearing on 09 May 2022, the same is adjourned to June 2022.
- f) Investigation by Serious Fraud Investigation Office, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Govt. of India, Regional Office, Mumbai ("SFIO") has been completed and SFIO filed its report dated August 31, 2018 to the Ministry of Corporate Affairs. Further, SFIO has filed complaint with the Sessions Court, Mumbai and has simultaneously initiated proceedings against defaulting members before NCLT in respective jurisdictions. NSEL has filed an application before the Hon'ble High Court of Bombay under Section 482 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Cr. P.C.) assailing the order dated July 29, 2019 passed by the learned Additional Judge, Sessions Court in the Complaint filed by the SFIO. The Hon'ble High Court of Bombay vide order dated January 15, 2020 was pleased to stay the impugned order dated July 29, 2019. Criminal Application No. 94 of 2020 is pending for final adjudication before Bombay High Court.
- g) The amounts which is due to the non-defaulting brokers are recoverable from the defaulting brokers and NSEL is making every effort to recover the monies. Since NSEL provided only the platform for purchase and sell of commodities to the willing buyers and sellers, the amount due from the defaulting members is not shown as assets and amount due to non-defaulting brokers is not shown as liabilities. During the last year & current year, there has been certain amount recovered from the Defaulting brokers by the Competent Authority appointed under MPID. Out of the sums recovered, certain amount has been remitted to the non-defaulting brokers last year. In the Current year the process was stalled by small trader having claim amount less than ₹ 10 lakhs. The Hon'ble High Court of Bombay vide Order dated March 08, 2021 has ruled out that the Competent Authority must distribute on priority to claimants whose outstanding is between ₹ 2 lakhs to ₹ 10 lakhs so that the small claimants are paid off all their dues. One Mr. Ketan Shah and NSEL Investors Action Group (NIAG) challenged the same before the Supreme Court however, the Apex Court dismissed the Appeal. In light of the Order of the Hon'ble Bombay High Court, around 6,000 investors between ₹ 2 lakhs to ₹ 10 lakhs are completely paid.

60 MATTERS IN CASE OF IBMA

- a) While NSEL had completed the settlement to other ITCM's and TCM's (Trading Cum Clearing Members) for settlement period up to July 30, 2013, certain amount was due to IBMA pertaining to settlement obligation up to such period. Such funds were receivable for onward payment to IBMA constituent members and clients. In the absence of the release of the amounts in the aforesaid settlement the IBMA had released such payments, in favor of its constituents out of funds available at its disposal. The outstanding settlement obligation receivable as on the balance sheet date is presented on net basis after reducing amount payable to the constituent members and clients along with other credits in the trading member and client ledger. Accordingly, an amount of ₹ 1,876.44 lakhs is shown under "Other assets" in the balance sheet.
- b) As on July 31, 2013 ₹ 1,17,009.86 lakhs was the settlement payout receivable by IBMA from NSEL on account of trades executed by its affiliated members and clients that were part of the revised settlement plan. This figure has been arrived at on the basis of information received from NSEL. IBMA has relied on such information. Up to May 16, 2015, NSEL has completed 65 weekly payouts and has released ₹ 11,036.90 lakhs towards the obligation of IBMA's affiliated members and clients. Payout after November 20, 2013 has been made by NSEL directly to constituent members and clients of IBMA. The amount receivable by affiliated members and clients were not fully received from NSEL as per the revised

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settlement plan. On the basis of the legal opinion received by IBMA, and as IBMA acted as the member broker, IBMA may not have any liability on net basis towards such unsettled obligation to its members and clients. In view thereof, no provision for the same is made in the books of accounts of the IBMA.

- c) An amount of ₹ 3,128.43 lakhs pertaining to VAT on unsettled trades on NSEL exchange platform is outstanding as on balance sheet date. This amount is receivable from the defaulting members on NSEL exchange platform and is in turn payable to the constituent members and clients of the IBMA as part of outstanding settlement obligation.
- d) Out of the recoveries made from defaulting members of Exchange, Competent Authority (CA) have disbursed some amounts to members and clients. IBMA had sought the details of disbursement however, no details has been received from CA of such recoveries and disbursement to members. In absence of details of such recoveries and disbursement with the IBMA, IBMA has not updated its records.
- e) Sahara Q Shop Unique Products Range Ltd. was registered as a client with IBMA to trade on NSEL Exchange platform. As per the revised settlement plan, IBMA had to receive obligation from NSEL on account of the trades executed by the client. However, SEBI vide letter dated March 11, 2014, had directed NSEL to retain payouts to Sahara group companies and hold the same in a deposit account with any public sector bank until further instructions. Accordingly, payouts up to the balance sheet date, amounting to ₹ 921.48 lakhs pertaining to the client have been deposited into fixed deposits by NSEL and equivalent amount is reduced from the exchange's obligation to IBMA.

On May 10, 2016, SEBI informed to NSEL vide their letter No SEBI/OW/13565/2016 DATED 10TH May 2016 that based on Supreme Court Order requested to transfer the deposit lying in the name of Sahara company to SEBI in the SEBI Sahara Account. Accordingly, money has been transferred on 29th June 2016.

- f) Court cases initiated by IBMA:

- a) IBMA had entered into an agreement with M/s SNP Design Pvt. Ltd. (hereinafter referred as "SNP") to carry out commodity derivative transactions for and on behalf of SNP for a period of one year on March 01, 2012 duly renewed on March 01, 2013. Trades were executed by the Company on behalf of SNP till July 31, 2013 and a sum of ₹ 7,747.18 lakhs along with interest is due and recoverable from SNP as per the terms and conditions of the agreement. SNP has disputed the entire amount payable to IBMA.

Board of Directors of IBMA had approved to initiate action to proceed on the matter legally. Accordingly, IBMA has filed a Civil Suit Commercial Suit 30 of 2015 before the Hon'ble High Court of Bombay against (i) SNP Designs Pvt. Ltd. (ii) Mr. Anjani Sinha (iii) Mrs. Shalini Sinha (iv) Mr. Prajwal Kumar Badwe and (v) Mr. Shashank Raj for an amount of ₹ 10,022.29 lakhs. IBMA has made an Interim Application No. 1565 of 2021 dated 06 January 2022 to summon Mr. Rajeev Kejriwal (Ex-employee of IBMA). Matter came up before the Bombay High Court on 06 January 2022, where the Hon'ble court was pleased to issue witness summons to Mr. Rajiv Kejriwal returnable on 24 February 2022. IBMA has filed affidavit of documents and Affidavit of Evidence of Mr. Anand Daksha (WTD & CEO), Mr. Shreekant Javalgekar and Mr. Saji Cherian. Mr. Rajiv Kejriwal has also filed Affidavit of Evidence on and deposition of Mr. Rajiv Kejriwal is completed on 24 February 2022. Def No. 2 & 3 i.e. Mr. Anjani Sinha & Mrs. Shalini Sinha had filed Interim Application for a) deleting their name from array of parties, b) dismissing the suit and c) to seek opportunity to cross examination of witness of IBMA to the limited extent of questioning the veracity of averment in Plaint. Vide order dated 21 April 2022, prayer clause (c) to permit cross examination of the plaintiffs' witness to the limited extent of questioning the veracity of the averments of the plaint was allowed. Further Court directed IBMA to provide all pleadings and document copies to the applicants Advocates within one week and to provide Inspection of all documents within two weeks from date of order. Next date of hearing for directions is 06 June 2022.

- b) IBMA had entered into a procurement agreement with Harley Carmbel Pvt. Ltd. (hereinafter referred as "Harley") for buying spices and other commodities in the state of Kerala on 25th November 2011 read with the addendum to the agreement dated 01st December 2011. As per the terms of agreement, IBMA bought commodities on behalf of Harley as per the terms of agreement however, Harley failed to make full payment of its obligations amounting to ₹ 293.58 lakhs. IBMA had sent legal notice to the party but the party denied owing any amount to IBMA.

IBMA had initiated an Arbitration proceeding against Harley before sole Arbitrator Mr. Minoo Siodia. The Learned sole Arbitrator was pleased to pass an Award in favour of IBMA to the tune of ₹ 234.84 lakhs. on 27 November 2019. Vide said Award dated 27 November 2019 Award has been passed in favour of IBMA to the tune of ₹ 234.84 lakhs along with interest at 12% p.a. from date of award till payment or realization. Pursuant to the above Award, IBMA has filed Execution Petition before the Alappuzha Court (Kerala). Warrants of attachment are executed and next date of hearing is 18 May 2022 for issue R.66 (proclamation of sales) notice.

- g) Court cases pending against IBMA: -

- a) M/s Shri Khemisati Exims Pvt. Ltd has filed commercial suit no. 167 of 2016 before the Hon'ble High Court of Bombay against various parties including IBMA on 13th August 2016. IBMA has received summons to answer plaint. This suit is to recover an amount of ₹ 380.44 lakhs with interest thereon @ 18% per annum. IBMA has filed its Written Statement on record and the Suit is pending before High Court.
- b) Mr. Ketan Shah has filed commercial suit no. 70 of 2017 before the Hon'ble High Court of Bombay against various parties including IBMA on 16th August 2016. This suit is to recover an amount of ₹ 2,267.14 lakhs with interest thereon @ 18% per annum. Written statement dated September 4, 2017 filed by the Company was taken on record. The Suit is pending before High Court.

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- c) M/s LOIL Continental Foods Ltd and others have filed Civil Suit no. 145 of 2016 in the Court of Civil Judge (Senior Division), Khamano, District Fatehpur Sahib, Punjab against the Company to seek refund of ₹ 845.39 lakhs ₹ 791.80 lakhs and ₹ 388.31 lakhs respectively from the Company. Vide order dated 23 August 2021, Suit was disposed off before Khamanun Court on the ground of Jurisdiction.
- d) Special PMLA case 21 of 2018 Directorate of Enforcement V/s IBMA and Anr. filed before Designated PMLA Court, Mumbai. This complaint has been filed by Directorate of Enforcement U/s 3 and 4 of Prevention of Money Laundering Act, against IBMA and others. Matter is kept on 07.06.2022 for appearance.
- e) Competent Authority V/S IBMA (MA 1400 of 2018): - Competent Authority has filed Misc. Application against IBMA praying therein to make attachment absolute of the banks account mentioned in the notification dated October 19, 2018 issued under the MPID Act. However, meanwhile Hon'ble Bombay High Court vide its Judgement dated 22 August 2019 passed in WP 1181 of 2018 declared that NSEL is not a Financial Establishment. Therefore, IBMA being subsidiary of NSEL has filed an application for dismissal of said application in view of the above judgement. The MPID Court has kept the proceedings in abeyance till outcome of decision of SLP filed by Government of Maharashtra against the order passed by the Bombay High Court in Writ Petition No. 1181 of 2018. The said SLP was disposed off vide order dated 22 April 2022. Next date of hearing is 22 June 2022.
- f) In case of IBMA, Union of India (SFIO) v/s IBMA : SFIO has filed the Company petition No. CP 465 of 2019 u/s 271(1) (e) read with section 271 (C) of Companies Act 2013 for winding up of IBMA. An Additional affidavit has been filed by IBMA seeking maintainability of the present Winding up Petition in view of the order passed by the BHC in Criminal Application No. 94 of 2020. Matter is now kept on 28 June 2022 for hearing.
- g) In case of IBMA, EOW has filed the 4th chargesheet in the MPID Court u/s. 3 Maharashtra Protection of Interest of Depositors in Financial Establishment Act 1999 against IBMA & Ors which is numbered as MPID Special Case 05 of 2019. The MPID Court was pleased to take the cognizance and issued process. Matter is kept on 07 June 2022 for appearance.
- h) In case of IBMA, Company Petition No. 19 of 2019: The SFIO has filed complaint before City Sessions Court, Mumbai under the various provisions of Companies Act and IPC. The City Sessions Court was pleased to take cognizance of the complaint and issued process against IBMA on 29.07.2019. The matter is kept on 21 July 2022 for appearance.

61 OTHER MATTERS**i. In case of NSEL:**

- a) An inspection of the Company under Section 209A of the Companies Act, 1956 was carried out. Pursuant to such inspection, the Company received certain notices of non-compliances with certain provision of the Companies Act, 1956 from the Ministry of Corporate Affairs. The Company replied to all such notices and had filed applications for compounding of all compoundable violations as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. Further, prosecution has been initiated by the Registrar of Companies in few matters out of which 3 are disposed of and others pending before Metropolitan Magistrate, Girgaon Court, Mumbai. The Company has taken suitable steps to avoid such non compliances.
- b) NSEL has been served with notices / letters / summons from various statutory authorities / regulators / government departments and some purported aggrieved parties. NSEL is party to many proceedings filed by / or against NSEL which are pending before different forums. NSEL has always responded and co-operated with the agencies and various forums and replied promptly clarifying its stand all the times. The management of NSEL, does not foresee that the parties who have filed Civil Suits against the NSEL will be able to sustain any claim against the NSEL.
- c) Proceeding before NCLT, Chennai: Company Petition No. 1 of 2015 was filed by Union of India against FTIL (presently known as 63 Moons Technologies Limited -63MTL) & Ors. for taking action under Section 397/398 of the Companies act 1956 against 63 MTL, its Board of Directors and NSEL to supersede the Board of Directors of the Parent Company with Government Nominee Directors in public interest.
The NCLT, Chennai Tribunal has vide order dated June 04, 2018 disposed off the Petition filed by UOI. Subsequently, UOI, the Parent Company and Directors of the Parent Company filed separate appeals challenging the order dated June 04, 2018 before National Company Appellate Tribunal, New Delhi bearing Appeal Nos. 192, 186,187,188,189 & 190 of 2018 respectively. In the said appeal Appellate Tribunal has disposed off the appeal vide order dated 12th March 2020.
- d) The Hon'ble High Court of Bombay had under representative Suit No. 173 of 2014 vide order dated September 02, 2014, formed a committee constituting of three members headed by Mr. Justice V.C. Daga (Retd.) and 2 experts in finance and law, to act as Commissioner and Receiver under the supervision of the Hon'ble High Court to recover and monetize the assets of the Defaulters. Company is fully cooperating with HCC in the recovery proceedings. HCC has crystallised the liabilities of thirteen (13) defaulter members.

Further HCC had called for claims in prescribed form from the trading members / trading clients who have outstanding receivables for the trades executed on the exchange platform. Basis the claims received by HCC, it filed Report No. 1 of 2017 before the High Court of Bombay. The Hon'ble High Court vide its order dated 07 February, 2018 requested HCC to scrutinize the genuineness, correctness and entitlement of the claims and submit its report before the Hon'ble

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High Court of Bombay. HCC has filed its Report No. 41 and 44 of 2018 before the Hon'ble High Court and the matter is pending for direction.

- e) Suit filed by L.J. Tanna Shares and Securities Pvt. Ltd. and two others ("LJ Tanna") against the Parent Company, NSEL and others for recovery of ₹ 170 Crores approximately along with 16% per annum respectively.

In said suit the Hon'ble High Court vide order dated October 06, 2015 continued the injunction order dated October 07, 2013 and December 20, 2013 in Writ Petition No.289 of 2014 against NSEL. Apart from the aforesaid injunction, there is further restraint on the company vide order dated December 12, 2018 in utilising funds except with the permission of the Hon'ble Court. The Company has been from time to time approaching Hon'ble Court for approval and seeking necessary legal course in cases where the payments are not approved. The Hon'ble High Court of Bombay vide its various orders allowed working methodology for vendor payment and legal fees payment and other payments of NSEL from the funds infused thorough equity from the Parent Company.

ii. In case of IBMA:

- a) Company has put all efforts to recover the trade debts and other receivables. The likelihood of recoverability of such receivables has been impacted due to the abrupt closure of the business, loss of credibility of the Company and several other factors. The company has made full provision against such receivables. Total provision till 31st March 2022 for such doubtful trade receivable is ₹ 751.82 lakhs and for other receivables is ₹ 7,667.48 lakhs.
- b) As an ITCM the company had received margin money from its constituent trading members and clients. The outstanding margin amount as on the balance sheet date was ₹ 244.28 lakhs and is shown under the head "Other Financial Liabilities". Out of the aforesaid amount the company had given cash margin of ₹ 25.00 lakhs to NSEL and same is shown under "Other Current assets" in the balance sheet.
- c) The Company has already disposed of its inventory. Hence no closing stock at the year end .
- d) M/s Karvy Comtrade Ltd., has informed vide letter dated March 30, 2017 that interest and penalty debited by MCX on account of shortage of Margin and cross deals by IBMA. The said amount is in turn debited to our account without our knowledge / consent. IBMA have not accounted/accepted the said debit amount of ₹ 42.11 lakhs. IBMA denied the said charges.

62 STEPS TAKEN BY THE NSEL- FOR RECOVERY:

- a) As reported by members that there were large number of small clients of the members who had to receive money from the defaulting members. NSEL had requested its Parent Company to provide for a bridge loan, to pay the dues to such small clients on priority without admission of liability of the Company. Accordingly, the Parent Company, purely as a goodwill gesture, without admitting any liability and without prejudice, granted, a bridge loan amounting to ₹ 17,939.80 lakhs to the NSEL, repayable to the Parent Company. Out of such loan, NSEL, without prejudice, paid to small clients of the members in full whose dues were less than or up to ₹ 2.00 lakhs and 50% of the amount to those, whose dues were between ₹ 2.00 lakhs and ₹ 10.00 lakhs. The distribution was executed under supervision and guidance of FMC. The Company has a right to recompense from the proceeds of recovery of the defaulted members. The loan carries interest at applicable bank rate. Further, pursuant to the Order dated 08 March 2021 passed by the Hon'ble High Court of Bombay, the Competent Authority has paid 6,000 investors between ₹ 2 lakhs to ₹ 10 lakhs are completely out of the monies recovered from the defaulter members.
- b) Company has taken various steps to recover monies from the defaulting members / other debtors and following developments have taken place till March 2022: The Company has obtained decrees against 16 defaulters and has secured an amount of ₹ 3,534.46 crores approximately. Further, amount of ₹ 760 Crores.

The table showing the Decree and Award obtained by NSEL is given herein below.

(₹ in crores)

Sr. No.	Defaulter	Total of Decree/ Order of Court and Arbitration award
1	MOHAN INDIA PVT LTD	922.00
2	TAVISHI ENTERPRISES	
3	ARK IMPORTS PVT LTD	719.37
4	P D AGROPROCESSORS PVT. LTD	633.67
5	YATHURI ASSOCIATES	399.39
6	LOTUS REFINERIES PVT LTD	252.47
7	JUGGERNAUT PROJECTS LTD.	145.00
8	AASTHA MINMET INDIA PVT LTD	88.07
9	SWASTIK OVERSEAS CORPORATION	91.19

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		(₹ in crores)
Sr. No.	Defaulter	Total of Decree/ Order of Court and Arbitration award
10	WHITE WATER FOODS PVT LTD	84.82
11	NCS SUGARS LIMITED	58.85
12	SPIN COT TEXTILES PVT LTD	36.63
13	MSR FOOD PROCESSING	8.82
14	SHREE RADHEY TRADING CO	32.77
15	NAMDHARI FOOD INT. PVT LTD	51.02
16	NAMDHARI RICE & GENERAL MILLS	10.39
TOTAL		3,534.46

- c) NSEL has initiated the execution proceedings against the Defaulters where the decree has been obtained. Company has also taken out Garnishee notices against persons where there has been money trail from the defaulter members of NSEL. The Execution Petition along with Garnishee notices against the Defaulting members and beneficiaries thereof are pending before respective Courts having territorial jurisdiction. In order to centralize all these Execution at one place i.e. Mumbai. NSEL has filed Writ Petition (Civil) No. 995 of 2019 before the Supreme Court of India. The Hon'ble Supreme Court of India vide Order dated 04 May 2022 was pleased to constitute a High Powered Committee to execute the recovery from NSEL defaulters.
- d) NSEL has filed 47 complaints which are pending against 13 defaulter members in the Metropolitan Magistrate Courts in Mumbai under Section 138 of the Negotiable instruments Act, 1881 for dishonor of their cheques amounting to ₹ 2,979.92 crores. In 18 matters the defaulters have filed criminal revision challenging the issue process order passed by the Metropolitan Magistrate Courts. Other matters are pending before Metropolitan Magistrate Courts in Mumbai.
- e) Insolvency Resolution proceedings under The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 had been initiated against various defaulting members such as Namdhari Food International Pvt. Ltd., Metkore Alloys Ltd., and various sister concerns of the defaulter members such as Dunar Foods Ltd., Sri Vasavi Industries Ltd., Lakshmi Energy etc. by their respective Financial Creditors. NSEL is taking all steps to secure its claims. Due to unsuccessful resolution plan, Namdhari and Metkore has gone into liquidation now and the Claim of NSEL is accepted by the Liquidator. In case of Sri Vasavi Industries. NSEL filed its claim with the IRP for ₹ 63 Crore. Claim was admitted by the IRP. Resolution plan was approved and as per resolution plan NSEL received ₹ 15.97 lakhs from the successful Resolution Applicant through IRP under the provisions of IBC. NSEL has filed proceedings to claim the remaining amounts from the Directors of Sri Vasavi before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court.
- f) Furthermore, in case of Dunar Foods Ltd. sister concern of PD Agro and (Defendant No. 4 in the recovery Suit filed against PD Agro, below are the facts of the case:
- PD Agro processors Pvt. Ltd. (P D Agro), member of the Exchange platform of NSEL defaulted in the pay-in obligation for the trades executed on the Exchange platform and was declared as a defaulter on the Exchange platform for the default to the tune of ₹ 673.85 Crore.
 - NSEL pursued the recovery suit Commercial Suit No. 11 of 2014 against PD Agro and its sister concerns and promoters and directors before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court and successfully obtained a decree of ₹ 633 crores from the Hon'ble Bombay High Court against PD Agro, the main defaulting member of NSEL. The said decree is already under execution before District Court, Karnal.
 - We are also pursuing decrees against the other Defendants in the Commercial Suit No. 11 of 2014 and seeking them to be made jointly and severally liable with PD Agro.
 - Since, Corporate Insolvency Resolution proceedings (CIRP) were initiated against Dunar foods (defendant No. 4 in the Recovery Suit), a sister concern of PD Agro, we immediately filed our Claim with the Insolvency Resolution Professional ("IRP") of Dunar Foods in the category of "Other Creditor" as per the definition under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (IBC).
 - However, the IRP rejected our Claim primarily on the ground that there exists no privity of contract between NSEL and Dunar Foods.
 - NSEL filed Miscellaneous Application No. 603 of 2018 in Company Petition No. 1138 (MB)/2017 before NCLT, Mumbai against the decision of IRP of Dunar Foods.
 - NCLT Mumbai, dismissed our application vide order dated March 6, 2019 in Miscellaneous Application No. 603 of 2018 filed by Appellant under Section 60(5) of the IBC wherein the Hon'ble NCLT upheld the decision of the IRP to not include the NSEL's claim as other creditor.

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- viii. The Appellant filed appeal against the order dated March 6, 2019 passed by NCLT, Mumbai was challenged before NCLAT with delay of 46 days and the same was dismissed by NCLAT on limitation without hearing us on merits on 05.07.2019.
- ix. Thereafter NSEL challenged the Order of NCLAT dated 05 July 2019 before the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India which was dismissed on 14 September 2021 on the grounds of Limitation.
- x. Simultaneously we have challenged the Resolution Plan which was approved by NCLT, Mumbai before NCLAT and the same is pending for hearing.

It is very relevant to appreciate that the NSEL is pursuing execution of decree against PD Agro and is pursuing recovering from all other Defendants (sister concerns, Directors and Promoters except Dunar Foods) under Commercial Suit No. 11 of 2014 before Bombay High Court. Therefore, it is wrong statement of the writer that NSEL lost ₹ 633 Crore.

Further, NSEL could file Claim only as Other Creditor in the CIRP Proceedings of Dunar Foods and in the water fall mechanism for distribution of money NSEL claim would always be considered after Financial Creditor and Operational Creditor. The Resolution Plan which was approved by NCLT, Mumbai was only ₹ 87.10 Crore. NSEL would have recovered negligible amounts in the CIRP proceedings of Dunar Foods. Knowing this fact, NSEL still pursued the claim with all sincerity and vigour.

- g) NSEL has also initiated Arbitration proceedings against 2 debtors for recovery, the details of which are as under:

Sr. No.	Parties	Amount (₹ Lakhs)	Remarks
1.	NSEL Vs. Harley Carmbel India Pvt Ltd	664.16	Learned Arbitrator by award dated November 28, 2019 has allowed award of ₹ 611.12 lakhs in favour of NSEL. NSEL has filed Execution Petition before Sub, judge, Alappuzha District, Kerala and the attachment warrants of assets are executed and report is filed in the Court Matter is pending for sale proclamation.
2.	NSEL Vs. Ayush Sales Pvt Ltd	2,567.72	Learned Arbitrator by Award dated 04.07.2018 allowed our entire arbitration claim of ₹ 25.68 crores along with interest @ 21 % from 01-09-2016 till award and future interest @ 12 % on principle sum of ₹ 13.89 crores from the date of Award till payment & realization. The Ld. Arbitrator also awarded cost of ₹ 0.12 crores to be paid by Ayush Sales to us. NSEL filed execution petition in District and Session Court, Alipore and the court has granted interim injunction on the assets of Ayush.
3.	NSEL vs. NAFED	10,284.57	As against the Award, your company has received amount of ₹ 6,516.25 lakhs from NAFED and another amount ₹ 3214.94 lakhs was deposited by NAFED as per order of the Hon'ble Delhi Court dated 28th May, 2018 & 11th Jul 2018 in the Delhi High Court Registry.

- 63 SFIO has filed winding up petition against the subsidiary company Indian Bullion Market Associations Ltd. ("IBMA") before the NCLT, Mumbai. IBMA has filed interim reply for the same and the matter is pending before NCLT, Mumbai. Stay has been given by Hon'ble Bombay High Court on observations made by SFIO.

- 64 As per the assessment of the Management of NSEL, necessary disclosures arising from the irregularities as stated above have been made in the financial statements of NSEL & IBMA. Since matters relating to several of the irregularities are sub-judice and the various investigations are ongoing, any further adjustments/disclosures, if required, be made in the financial statements of the NSEL & IBMA as and when the outcome of the above uncertainties is known and the consequential adjustments/disclosures are identified. However following risks are still not fully covered.

Risk of adverse outcome of investigation/enquiry by law enforcement agencies

Several agencies such as the Economic Offence Wing (EOW), Mumbai Police, Enforcement Directorate (ED), SFIO (Serious Fraud Investigation Office), CBI etc. have filed charge sheets / complaints and the respective learned courts have taken cognizance of the complaints and matter are sub-judice before various forums including the Hon'ble Mumbai High Court.

- 65 NSEL has created Fixed Deposit from money received from members in Escrow Account. The fund is invested in Bank FDs as per order of Competent Authority/High Court. The interests on such FDs were credited to Escrow Account. NSEL does not take interest income in its books. The TDS amount deducted by Bank has been claimed by the NSEL and as and when refund of TDS will be received, it will be transferred to Escrow Account.

- 66 NSEL's most of the Bank Accounts and Mutual fund investments have been freezed by the State of Maharashtra under MPID and therefore NSEL is not able to use the funds lying with it. The applicability of MPID on the Parent Company and NSEL was challenged by the Parent Company. The Hon'ble High Court of Bombay vide Order pronounced on August 22, 2019 was

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pleased to declare that NSEL is not a financial establishment under the MPID Act. The said order dated August 22, 2019 is challenged by the State of Maharashtra before the Hon'ble Supreme Court. The Hon'ble Supreme Court has set aside the order of the Bombay High Court.

67 IN CASE OF NSEL:

- a) Director, FIU-India had issued a Show Cause Notice alleging that NSEL is 'deemed intermediary' and therefore a 'reporting entity' under PMLA and hence was required to comply with the provisions of the Act. NSEL reiterated the position along with the exemption granted under section 27 of Forward Contracts (Regulation) Act. NSEL also stated in its replies that the term 'deemed intermediary' is not mentioned and is arbitrary. However, Director-FIU has passed an Order on 04.11.2015, imposing a total penalty of ₹ 1.44 Crores on NSEL for not getting registered as a reporting entity and allegedly not furnishing reports and consequently not appointing Principal Officer as prescribed under the Prevention of Money-Laundering Act (PMLA). NSEL has filed an appeal under Section 26 of PMLA challenging the above Order.

The Company filed an appeal No. FPA-PMLA-1168/DLI/2015 under the PMLA challenging the above Order dated 04.11.2015. The Appellate Tribunal, PMLA at New Delhi vide its Order dated 27.06.2017 disposed of the Appeal by modifying the part of the order in relation to the maximum penalty and reduced the penalty from ₹ 1 lakhs for each failure to ₹ 0.15 lakhs for each failure. NSEL as per interim order dated 31.08.2016 of Appellate Tribunal had deposited an amount of ₹ 25 lakhs with the Director, FIU-India. The Tribunal further ordered that after deducting the penalty as per the aforesaid order, remaining amount be refunded to NSEL.

Thereafter FIU-India had filed Criminal Appeal No. 885 of 2017 in the Hon'ble Delhi High Court challenging the Judgment dated 27.06.2017 passed by the Appellate Tribunal, PMLA, New Delhi and the Hon'ble Delhi High Court was pleased to return the appeal to be presented in the Competent jurisdiction as per Section 42 of the PMLA. FIU-India has filed Criminal Appeal No. 1268 of 2019 in the Hon'ble High Court of Bombay and the matter is pending admission.

NSEL has also filed Criminal Appeal no. 1019 of 2019 before the Hon'ble High Court of Bombay under sec 42 of PMLA Act against the order passed by Appellate Tribunal, at New Delhi wherein the NSEL is held to be in non-compliance with certain reporting obligations as defined under sec 2(1)(n) under PMLA Act and the matter is pending admission.

Since amount of penalty is not determinable at this stage. Appeal by FIU and Company is pending before Hon'ble Bombay High Court and the Company is confident of getting favorable order in its favour. Hence Company has not made any provision in the books of account and shown as contingent liability.

- b) NSEL has received summon dated 4 April, 2016 from the Superintendent (Anti-evasion) Service Tax-V, Mumbai calling upon the company to submit certain documents/ records which is looked by NSEL and necessary representation is being processed. The Officer of the Commissioner of Service Tax issued demand notice of ₹ 1,322.51 lakhs for contravening the provisions of the Finance Act, 1994 for the period 2010-11 (Oct-March) to 2014-15 and have made liable for penalty u/s 78A of the Finance Act, 1994. The Company had filed its reply for the same on 18 May 2016. Date of hearing was fixed on 18 December 2018 but same has been postponed as per the communication received from the department on 11 December 2018. NSEL submitted its Written Submissions. Matter was heard on 20 May 2019 and 12 March, 2020 and NSEL filed its further submission on 22 June 2020 and 23 June 2020. Thereafter, the Office of the Commissioner of Central GST and Central Excise, Thane Rural has issued an Order dated 30 March 2021 on 16 April 2021. The Office of the Commissioner has made demand of ₹ 1,322.51 lakhs under Section 73(1) of the Finance Act, 1994 and interest as per Section 75 of the Finance Act, 1994. The Office of the Commissioner has imposed penalty of ₹ 0.10 lakhs under Section 77 and ₹ 1,322.51 lakhs under section 78 of the Finance Act, 1994. Company has filed appeal to against the said Order issued on 30 June 2021. The appeal shall be heard by the Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (SAT) in due course. Till now no date has been assigned.
- c) Income Tax liabilities/compliances:
- The Income Tax Department had carried out a special audit of the NSEL under section 142 (2A) of the Income Tax Act 1961 for AY 2011-12. Subsequent to our submissions in reply to the special audit report and hearings the assessing officer has passed an order for AY 2011-12 and made addition of ₹ 894.77 lakhs resulted in reduction in carried forward losses under the Income Tax Act hence there is no liability on the Company. Apart from this interest under section 234A, 234B, 234C, and 234D is also levied. Penalty proceedings under section 271 (1)(c) is also initiated which cannot be quantified at this stage hence not disclosed under contingent liability. The company has requested for stay of levying, in view of appeal being pending before first appellate authorities. The Company being aggrieved and adversely affected by such order and had filed an appeal on 28th November 2014 before Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals), Mumbai.
 - The Income Tax Department had completed assessment NSEL under section 143 (3) of the Income Tax Act 1961 for AY 2012-13 to AY 2014-15 and made additions as mentioned below which has resulted in reduction in carried forward losses under the Income Tax Act hence there is no liability on the Company. Apart from this interest under section 234A, 234B, 234C, and 234D is also levied. Penalty proceedings under section 271 (1)(c) is also initiated which cannot be quantified at this stage hence not disclosed under contingent liability. The company has requested for stay of levying, in view of appeal being pending before first appellate authorities. The Company being aggrieved and adversely affected by such order and had filed an appeal on 9th April 2015 before Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals), Mumbai.

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- iii. In case of AY 2015-16, NSEL had filed rectification for claiming loss of ₹ 5,152.97 lakhs to be carry forward to next Financial year as per computation of income as against loss claimed in Income tax return of ₹ 4,974.96 lakhs. NSEL had claimed refund of ₹ 164.94 lakhs. However as per the tax calculation sheet, credit for ₹ 141.99 lakhs was only given and request for rectification was made to give balance of credit. The refund due to NSEL was adjusted against outstanding demands of earlier years by the I. T. Department and in effect no refund was actually received by NSEL.
- iv. In case of AY 2017-18, NSEL had filed request for rectification u/s 154 of Income Tax Act, 1961 for claiming loss of ₹ 1,829.21 lakhs to be allowed to be carry forward to next Financial year as per computation of income as against loss claimed in Income tax return of ₹ 2,294.59 lakhs. NSEL had claimed refund of ₹ 55.16 lakhs. However as per the tax calculation sheet, credit for ₹ 5.72 lakhs was only given and request for rectification was made to give balance of credit of prepaid taxes. The refund due to NSEL was adjusted against outstanding demands of earlier years by the I. T. Department and in effect no refund was actually received by NSEL.
- v. The completed assessment for AY 2015-16 was reopened u/s. 147 r.w.s. 148 and the same was completed by making an addition of ₹ 242.91 lakhs mainly on account of interest earned on fixed deposits which were brought out of funds received on account of settlement dues of members and the accrual of such income did not belong to the company but to the members of the exchange, by overriding title of income. The company has filed an appeal against such order after the date of balance sheet.
- vi. Income tax appeals u/s. 250 of the Act, for the periods from AY 2011-12 to 2014-15 and AY 17-18 is under progress at various levels. Appeal for AY 2011-12 is also taken up u/s. 147 r.w.s. 143(3) of the Income Tax Act, 1961. There are certain additions made by the department. Additions which have been made by department are not justifiable. Matters are pending before the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) for hearing. Hearing is going for all the above assessment years and matters are partly heard.

A.Y.	Additions as per order (₹ in lakhs)	Date of next hearing
2011-12 (u/s 143 (3))	894.77	Notice for hearing fixed on 22.02.2021, Adjournment taken, request for physical hearing filed. Another notice for hearing on 22.03.2021, Adjournment taken, request for physical hearing filed. Another notice for hearing on 22.07.2021, Adjournment taken, request for physical hearing filed.
2011-12 (U/s. 147)	30.55	
2012-13	341.93	
2013-14	1,400.64	
2014-15	292.38	
2017-18	4.64	Appeal filed on 22.04.2022, pending for hearing
2015-16 (U/s. 147)	242.91	

68 IN CASE OF IBMA SALES TAX AND INCOME TAX LIABILITIES/COMPLIANCES:**a. Sales Tax:****I. Where IBMA has acted as an agent for members/clients:**

IBMA had obtained sales tax registrations in seventeen states in India. IBMA had acted as an agent for few of selling and buying members on NSEL exchange platform in respective states as "dealer". Such transactions were carried out for principals (member/clients) by IBMA. Some of the state sales tax authorities are in advances stage or have completed assessments of such transactions. In some cases, input tax credits (ITC) on purchases have been denied on account of following reasons:

- i. Non- payment of Sales Tax (VAT/CST) by selling party.
- ii. Non-filing of sales tax (VAT /CST) returns by selling party.
- iii. Non-matching of sales tax amount with the Sales Tax returns filed by selling party.
- iv. Lack of confirmation of sales tax payment by selling party etc.

As a fall out of above, demands have been raised against IBMA by several state government sales tax authorities. All such demands are contested at various forums. In all such cases, IBMA has taken steps to ensure that ITC on purchases are not denied and credits are promptly given to IBMA.

In cases where the selling dealer has collected tax, but not deposited to state treasury, IBMA has requested administration to recover from the selling dealer/ not to hold IBMA responsible for the same. In cases where confirmation of proof of payment by selling party is concerned, IBMA is using its resources to seek the same and furnish before the authorities.

As per the legal advice received by IBMA, such liabilities, if any, which arises for acting as an agent, primarily pertains to the principal for whom IBMA had acted as an agent. The liability of IBMA qua such demands shall be to the sales tax registering authorities shall be total, if IBMA is held responsible to make such payments, ultimately. In all such

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cases, at present IBMA has treated such liabilities as contingent liabilities in its books of accounts, pending arriving at final liability on assessment and pending recovery of such amounts from principals.

II. Where IBMA has carried out own trading activities:

In case of denial of input tax credit (ITC) on all transactions where purchases were made by IBMA, on its account, such liabilities on sales tax account is considered as "contingent liabilities" till assessment is completed. In case of demands, which are disputed and where the liability of payment of tax is not on IBMA, the same is disclosed for as contingent liability.

The summary of such demands and their treatment in the books of accounts of the company are as under.

(₹ in lakhs)

PARTICULARS	For trades as an agent for members	For proprietary trades
	Disputed and disclosed as contingent	Disputed and disclosed as contingent
Gujarat VAT		
F.Y. 10-11	66.79	
F.Y. 11-12	12.75	
F.Y. 13-14	7.59	
F.Y. 11-12 CST	5.86	
F.Y. 13-14 CST	159.43	
Andhra Pradesh VAT		
F.Y. 13-14 (Penalty & Interest)	9.31	
Rajasthan VAT		
F.Y. 09-10		2.84
F.Y. 11-12		309.56
F.Y. 12-13		4.65
F.Y. 13-14		29.40
F.Y. 14-15		13.49
F.Y. 15-16		0.01
F.Y. 16-17		0.05
Rajasthan CST		
F.Y. 12-13		6.89
F.Y. 13-14		2.16
F.Y. 15-16		0.14
Punjab VAT		
F.Y. 12-13	16,562.59	
F.Y. 13-14	11,670.70	
Maharashtra VAT		
F.Y. 10-11		1.57
F.Y. 13-14	767.61	
Haryana VAT		
F.Y. 12-13	146.63	
F.Y. 13-14	5,872.31	
Uttar Pradesh VAT		
F.Y. 10-11	9.11	
F.Y. 11-12	158.66	49.87
F.Y. 12-13	943.33	66.67
TOTAL	36,392.68	487.30

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III. Interest on admitted liability

IBMA had admitted liability of VAT of earlier years in various states against which interest and penalty of ₹ 1,247.24 lakhs on delayed payment of has already been provided in books of accounts till FY 2017-18. IBMA has not provided any interest and penalty during the year on said liability as IBMA expects waiver of interest and penalty under VAT departments' amnesty scheme coming in to effect time to time in various states. However, IBMA has disclosed liability of interest for the current year as Contingent liability.

b. Income tax Appeal and demand status: -

Income tax assessment and outstanding demands for A.Y. 2010-11 to A.Y. 2014-15:

Income tax assessment/appeal for period from AY 2008-09 is under progress at various levels. There are certain demands raised by the department. Additions have been made by department which are not justified and in certain cases appeal effect is not given or there are errors in orders which are not rectified. Company has filed objections and appeal to such additions, errors and demands. Matter is pending under various forum for hearing.

Year wise break up demand and forum where the same is pending is given below.

Sr. No.	Assessment year	Demand (₹ in lakhs)	Forum where same is pending
1	2011-12	150.31	Income tax Appellate Tribunal
2	2012-13	1,197.52	Income tax Appellate Tribunal
3	2013-14	675.03	Income tax Appellate Tribunal
4	2014-15	193.82	-

In all the years under appeal. CIT(A) has given very little relief against addition made by assessing officer. IBMA is hopeful that all additions will be deleted, and it will get sizeable relief. Against above demands, IBMA has paid ₹ 20 lakhs during the year under protest.

69 During the year 2013-14 NSEL had appointed National Bulk Handling Corporation Ltd. (NBHC) as agent for disposal of commodities on behalf of Company. An amount of ₹ 4,275.00 lakhs is outstanding against the advances received by Company from NBHC and disclosed under "Other Financial Liabilities".

70. Out of the recoveries made from defaulting members, Competent Authority (CA) have disbursed some amounts to non-defaulting members last year. NSEL has not received details from CA of such recoveries and disbursement to members. In absence of details of such recoveries and disbursement with NSEL, NSEL has not updated its Exchange books. In the Current year the process was stalled by small trader having claim amount less than ₹ 10 lakhs. The Hon'ble High Court of Bombay vide Order dated 08 March 2021 has ruled out that the Competent Authority must distribute on priority to claimants whose outstanding is between ₹ 2 lakhs to ₹ 10 lakhs so that the small claimants are paid off all their dues. One Mr. Ketan Shah and NSEL Investors Action Group (NIAG) challenged the same before the Supreme Court however, the Apex Court dismissed the Appeal.

71. The NSEL has total MAT credit entitlement of Nil (Previous Year ₹ 221.65 lakhs) as at 31st March 2022. As per Income Tax Act, 1961 the NSEL has reversed MAT credit of ₹ 221.65 lakhs and treated as a Tax expense for the current year.

72. Till 31st March 2021, while preparing Consolidated Financial Statement the NSEL, NSEL was absorbing the loss accountable to Non-Controlling Interest which was not in line with the Ind-AS 110 (Consolidated Financial Statement). The Management has rectified the same on a cumulative basis upto 31st March 2022 and accordingly the previous year figures are restated in order to make it comparable with current year. The Management has introduced a new line item on the face of Balance Sheet as Non-Controlling Interest.

73. In case of FAIDA and WAGCL, Company has received notice from Serious Fraud Investigation Office (SFIO) calling for information. Both the companies have provided required information.

74. To Company did not have any transactions with companies struck off under Section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or Section 560 of Companies Act, 1956 during the financial year.

75. No transactions to report against the following disclosure requirements as notified by MCA pursuant to amended Schedule III.

- (a) Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency
- (b) Benami Property held under Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder
- (c) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies
- (d) Relating to borrowed funds:
 - i. Willful defaulter
 - ii. Utilisation of borrowed funds & share premium
 - iii. Borrowings obtained on the basis of security of current assets
 - iv. Discrepancy in utilisation of borrowings
 - v. Current maturity of long-term borrowings

76. Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification/disclosure.

For and on behalf of the Board

Venkat R Chary

Chairman

DIN: 00273036

S. Rajendran

Managing Director & CEO

DIN: 02686150

Hariraj Chouhan

Company Secretary

Devendra Agrawal

Whole-time Director and CFO

DIN: 03579332

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 27, 2022



63 moons technologies limited

Regd. Office: Shakti Tower - II, 4th Floor, Premises J, 766, Anna Salai, Chennai - 600 002.

Corp. Office: FT Tower, CTS No. 256 & 257, Suren Road, Chakala, Andheri (East), Mumbai - 400 093.

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